N-Partner

How to
Configure
MS Exchange Message Tracking Logs

V020

2025/09/18

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Contents

Preface

This document describes how N-Reporter users can configure MS exchange message tracking logs using the open-source tool NXLog.

NXLog converts MS exchange message tracking logs into syslog format and forwards them to N-Reporter for normalization, auditing, and analysis.

This document applies to MS Exchange Server 2007, 2010, 2013, 2016 and 2019.

References

Message Tracking Logs in Exchange Server:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/exchange/mail-flow/transport-logs/message-tracking?view=exchserver-2019

Mailbox Audit Logging in Exchange Server:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/exchange/policy-and-compliance/mailbox-audit-logging/mailbox-audit-logging?view=exchserver-2019

Audit Policy Recommendations:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows-server/identity/ad-ds/plan/security-best-practices/audit-policy-recommendations

W3C Logging:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/win32/http/w3c-logging

Note: This document is provided solely as a reference for configuring log output. It is recommended that you contact the device or software vendor for assistance with the appropriate log export methods.

1. NXLog

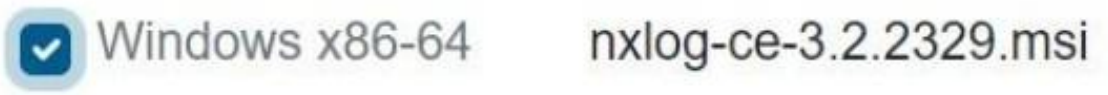
1.1 NXLog Installation

(1) Download NXLog CE (Community Edition)

Please go to: https://nxlog.co/products/nxlog-community-edition/download

Download the latest version of nxlog-ce-x.x.xxxx.msi.

Example Here: **nxlog-ce-3.2.2329.msi**

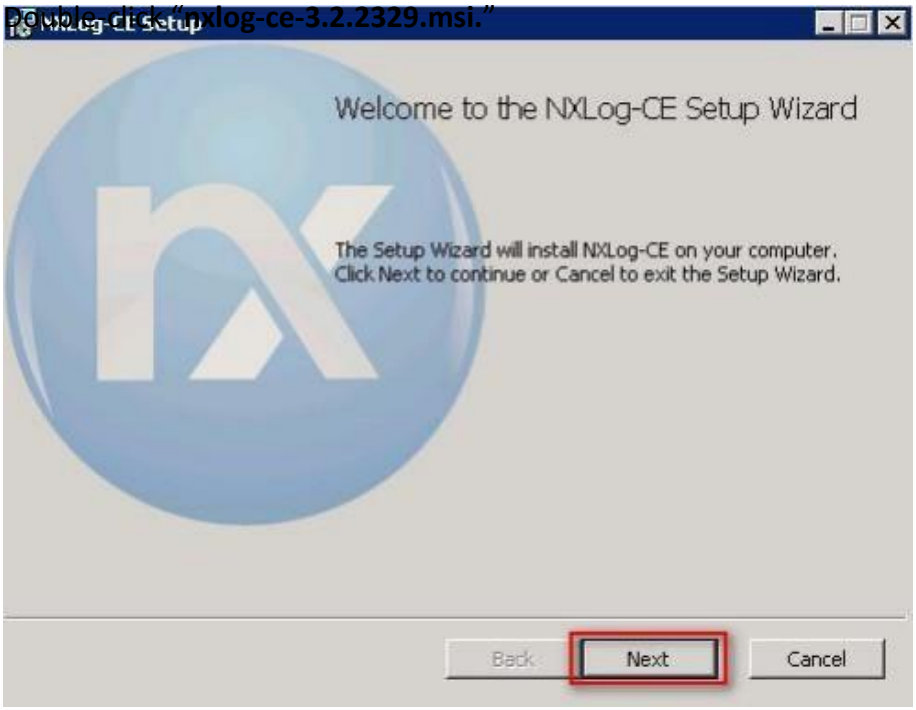


Note: If you require the 32-bit version of NXLog, please contact our support team.

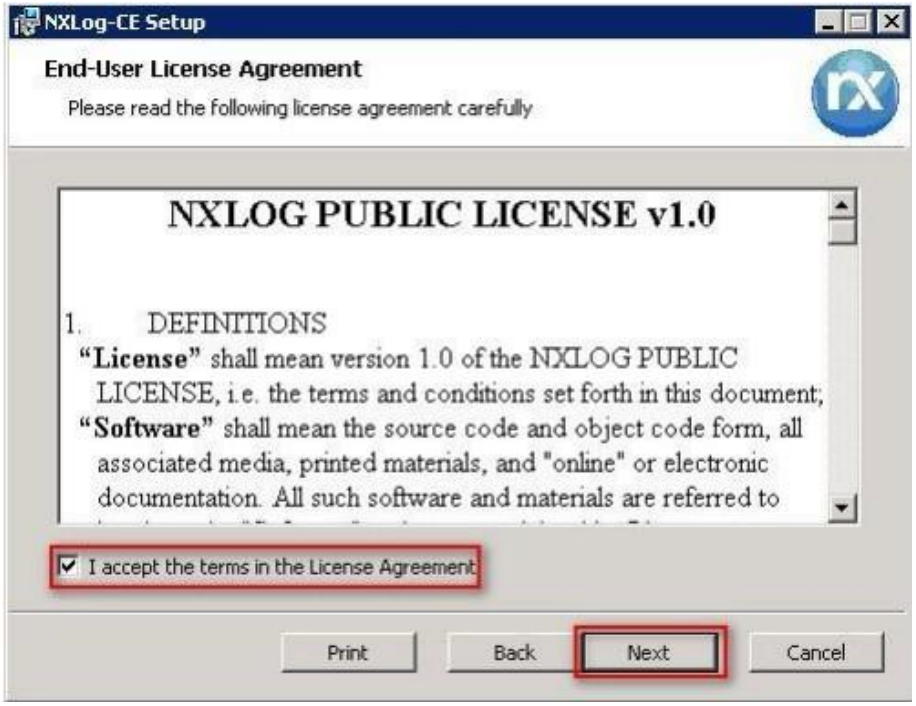
(2) Install NXLog

<2.1> For Windows Server **2008** or later:

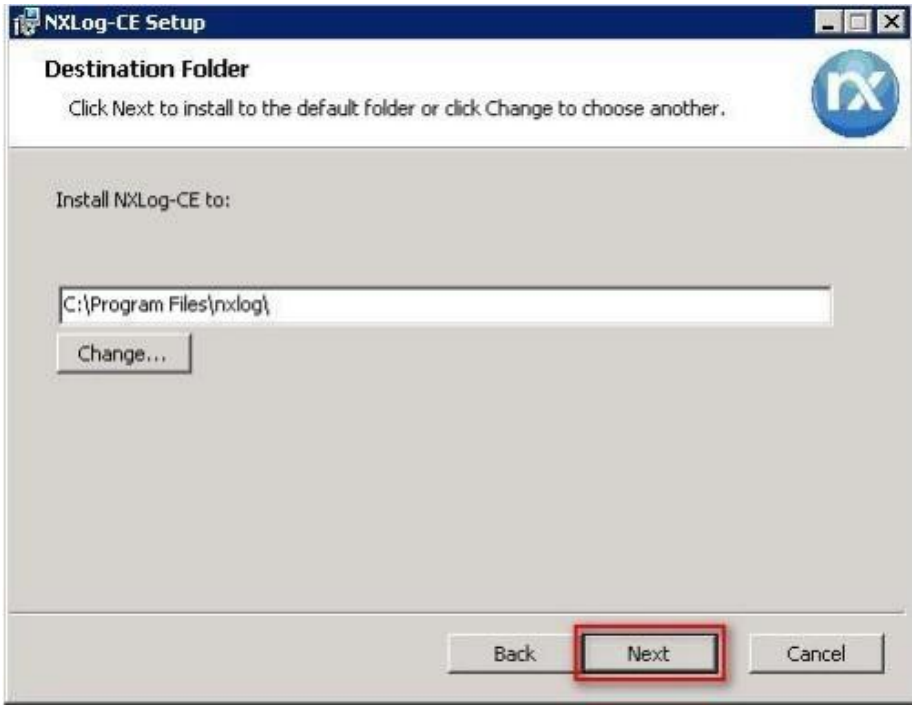
Double-click "**nxlog-ce-3.2.2329.msi.**"



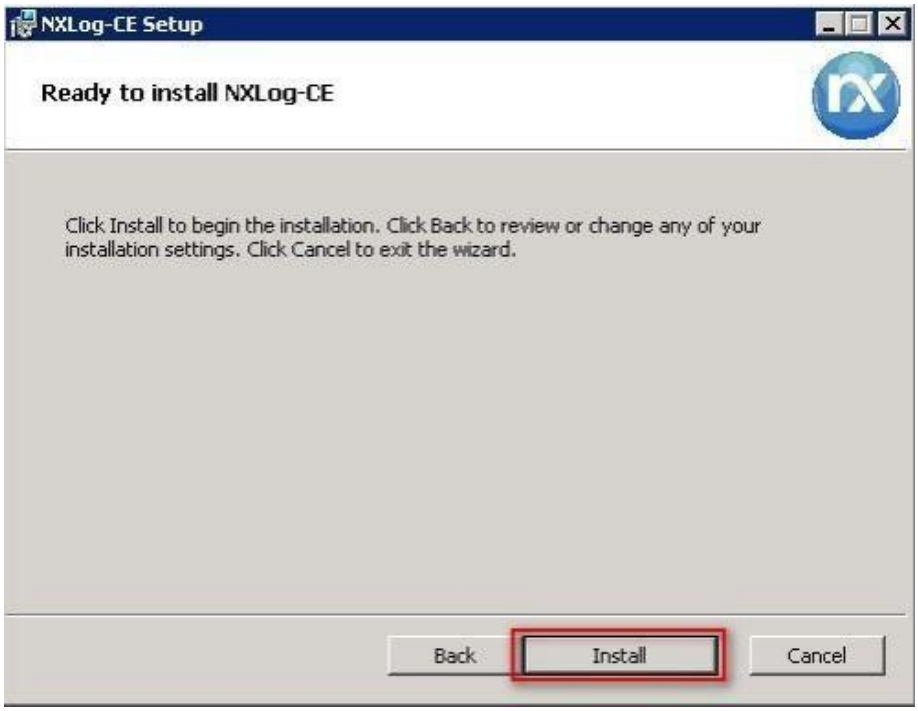
(3) Select “I accept the terms in the License Agreement,” then click “Next.”



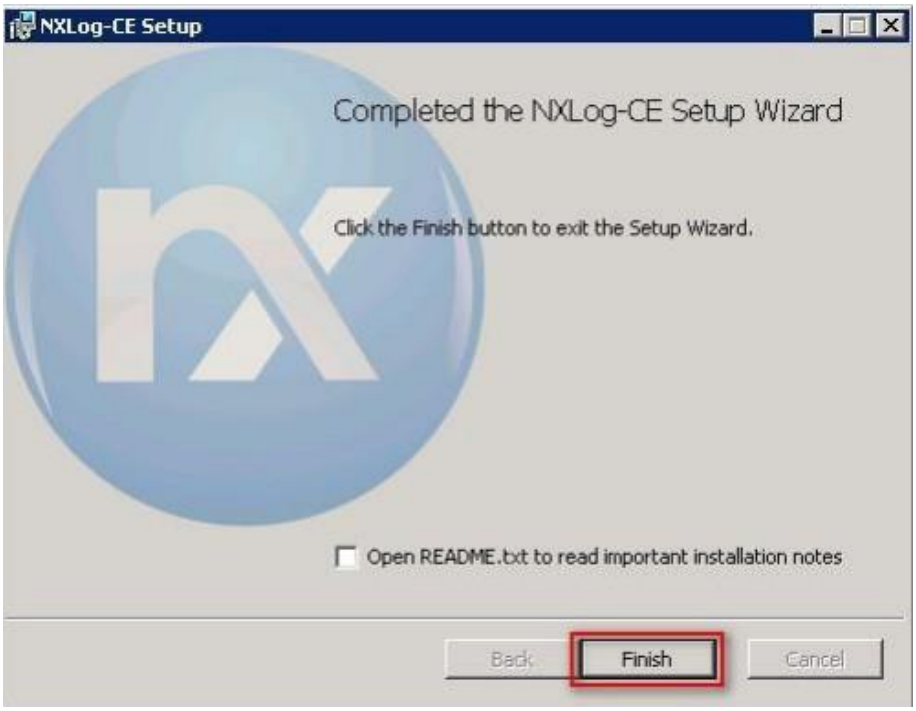
(4) Click “Next.” (The default installation path is (C:\Program Files\nxlog\).



(5) Click “Install.”

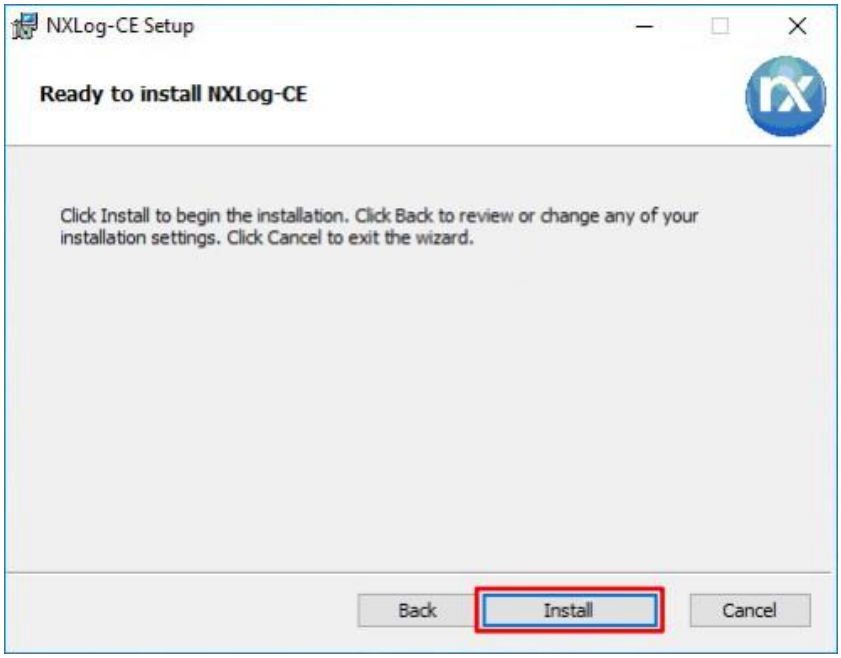


(6) Click “Finish.”



<2.2> For Windows Server **2003**:

Download File: **nxlog-ce-3.2.2329.msi.** → Select “Install” and proceed until the installation completes. → Click “Finish” to exit.



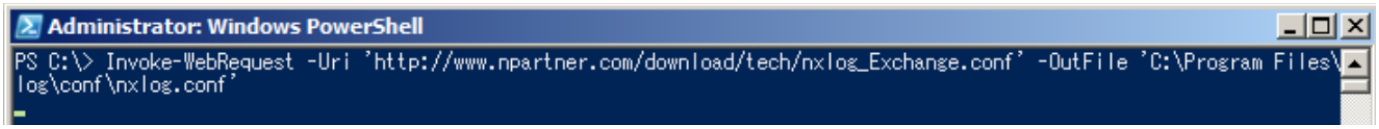
1.2 Download NXLog Configuration File

(1) Open “Command Prompt.”

(2) Download the “NXLog Windows 2003 File” and overwrite the existing NXLog configuration file in the Windows system.

Download link: https://www.npartner.com/download/tech/nxlog_Exchange.conf

```
PS C:\> Invoke-WebRequest -Uri'http://www.npartner.com/download/tech/nxlog_Exchange.conf' -
OutFile 'C:\Program Files\nxlog\conf\nxlog.conf'
```



Note: The example above is for a 64-bit operating system. For a 32-bit operating system, replace the highlighted text with: 'C:**\ Program Files (x86)**\nxlog\conf\nxlog.conf'

1.3 NXLog Configuration

```
## Please set the ROOT to the folder your nxlog was installed into, otherwise it will not start.

define NCloud 192.168.8.4

define MailLog C:\Program Files\Microsoft\Exchange Server\V15\TransportRoles\Logs\MessageTracking

define IISLog C:\inetpub\logs\LogFiles

define ROOT C:\Program Files\nxlog

define CERTDIR %ROOT%\cert

define CONFDIR %ROOT%\conf

define LOGDIR    %ROOT%\data

define LOGFILE %LOGDIR%\nxlog.log

LogFile    %LOGFILE%


Moduledir %ROOT%\modules

CacheDir    %ROOT%\data

Pidfile      %ROOT%\data\nxlog.pid

SpoolDir    %ROOT%\data


## Load the modules needed by the outputs

<Extension syslog>

    Module xm_syslog

</Extension>


## For Exchange Message Tracking log file use the following:

<Input in_maillog>

    Module im_file

    File '%MailLog%\MSGTRK*.LOG'

    ReadFromLast TRUE

    SavePos TRUE

</Input>


<Output out_maillog>

    Module om_udp

    Host %NCloud%

    Port 514

    Exec $SyslogFacilityValue = 2;
```

```
    Exec $SourceName = 'Exchange';
    Exec to_syslog_bsd();
</Output>

<Route maillog>
    Path in_maillog => out_maillog
</Route>

## For Windows Event log use the following:
<Input in_eventlog>
    Module im_msvistalog
    ReadFromLast TRUE
    SavePos TRUE
    Query    <QueryList> \
                <Query Id="0"> \
                    <Select Path="Security">*[System[(EventID=4624 or EventID=4625 or EventID=4626 or EventID=4627 or
EventID=4634 or EventID=4646 or EventID=4647 or EventID=4648 or EventID=4649 or EventID=4672 or EventID=4675)]]</Select> \
                    <Select Path="Security">*[System[(EventID=4778 or EventID=4779 or EventID=4800 or EventID=4801 or
EventID=4802 or EventID=4803 or EventID=4964 or EventID=4976 or EventID=5378 or EventID=5632 or EventID=5633)]]</Select> \
                    <Select Path="Security">*[System[(EventID=4768 or EventID=4769 or EventID=4770 or EventID=4771 or
EventID=4772 or EventID=4773 or EventID=4774 or EventID=4775 or EventID=4776 or EventID=4777 or EventID=4820)]]</Select> \
                    <Select Path="Security">*[System[(EventID=4720 or EventID=4722 or EventID=4723 or EventID=4724 or
EventID=4725 or EventID=4726 or EventID=4727 or EventID=4731 or EventID=4732 or EventID=4733 or EventID=4734)]]</Select> \
                    <Select Path="Security">*[System[(EventID=4735 or EventID=4738 or EventID=4739 or EventID=4740 or
EventID=4749 or EventID=4750 or EventID=4751 or EventID=4752 or EventID=4753 or EventID=4764 or EventID=4765)]]</Select> \
                    <Select Path="Security">*[System[(EventID=4766 or EventID=4767 or EventID=4780 or EventID=4781 or
EventID=4782 or EventID=4793 or EventID=4794 or EventID=4797 or EventID=4798 or EventID=4799 or EventID=5376 or
EventID=5377)]]</Select> \
                    <Select Path="Security">*[System[(EventID=4608 or EventID=4610 or EventID=4611 or EventID=4612 or
EventID=4614 or EventID=4615 or EventID=4616 or EventID=4618 or EventID=4621 or EventID=4622 or EventID=4697)]]</Select> \
                    <Select Path="Security">*[System[(EventID=5024 or EventID=5025 or EventID=5027 or EventID=5028 or
EventID=5029 or EventID=5030 or EventID=5032 or EventID=5033 or EventID=5034 or EventID=5035 or EventID=5037)]]</Select> \
                    <Select Path="Security">*[System[(EventID=5038 or EventID=5056 or EventID=5058 or EventID=5059 or
EventID=5061 or EventID=5890 or EventID=6281 or EventID=6400 or EventID=6401 or EventID=6402 or EventID=6403)]]</Select> \
                    <Select Path="Security">*[System[(EventID=6404 or EventID=6405 or EventID=6406 or EventID=6407 or
EventID=6408 or EventID=6409 or EventID=6410)]]</Select> \
```

```
                    </Query> \
                </QueryList>
</Input>

<Output out_eventlog>
    Module om_udp
    Host %NCloud%
    Port 514
    Exec $SyslogFacilityValue = 17;
    Exec $Message = string($SourceName) + ": " + string($EventID) + ": " + $Message;
    Exec if ($EventType == 'ERROR' or $EventType == 'AUDIT_FAILURE') { $SyslogSeverityValue = 3; } \
                else if ($EventType == 'WARNING')    { $SyslogSeverityValue = 4; } \
                else if ($EventType == 'INFO' or $EventType == 'AUDIT_SUCCESS')    { $SyslogSeverityValue = 5; }
    Exec to_syslog_bsd();
</Output>

<Route eventlog>
    Path in_eventlog => out_eventlog
</Route>

## For Microsoft IIS(Internet Information Server) log file use the following:
<Input in_iislog>
    Module im_file
    File '%IISLog%\u_ex*.log'
    ReadFromLast TRUE
    Recursive TRUE
    SavePos TRUE
</Input>

<Output out_iislog>
    Module om_udp
    Host %NCloud%
    Port 514
    Exec $SyslogFacilityValue = 22;
    Exec $raw_event = "IIS [info]: " + $raw_event ;
    Exec to_syslog_bsd();
```

```
</Output>


<Route iislog>
    Path in_iislog => out_iislog
</Route>
```

Enter the N-Cloud system IP address in the blue text section.

```
define NCloud 192.168.8.4
```

This example is based on a 64-bit operating system.

For a 32-bit operating system, use the following setting instead:

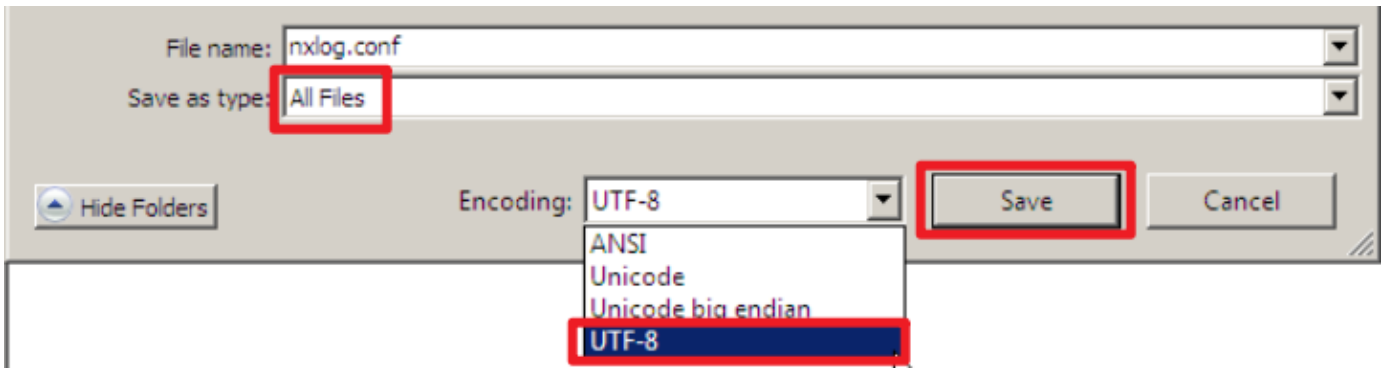
```
define ROOT C:\Program Files (x86)\nxlog
```

Enter the exchange message tracking log paths in blue text section:

```
define MailLog C:\Program Files\Microsoft\Exchange Server\V15\TransportRoles\Logs\MessageTracking
```

Enter the IIS (W3C) log paths in blue text section:

```
define IISpath C:\inetpub\logs\LogFiles
```



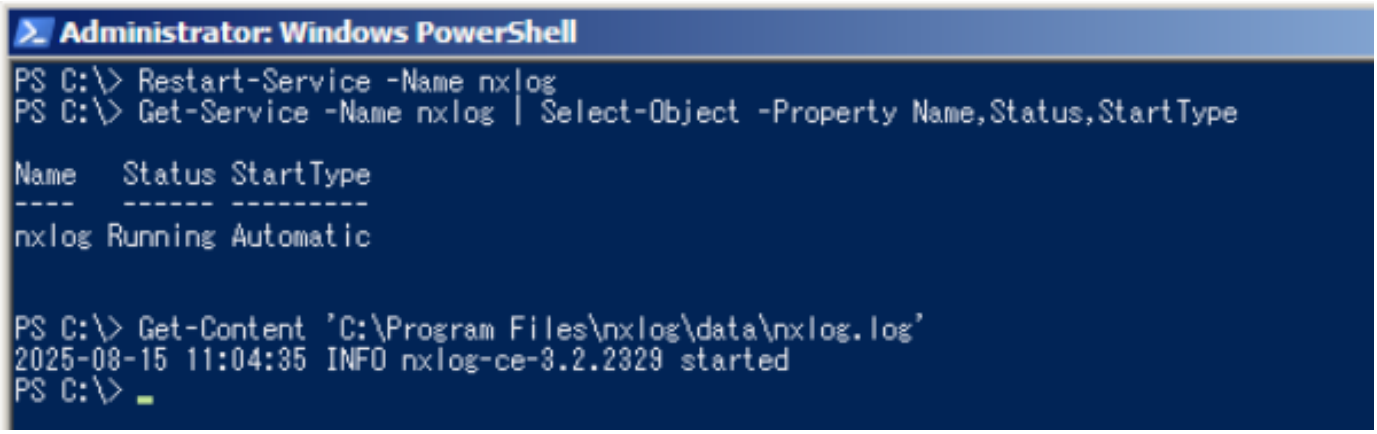
Note: After modifying the configuration file, save it as a new file to overwrite the original. For Save as type, select “All Files (*.*)”. For Encoding, select UTF-8 to avoid encoding errors that could prevent the service from starting.

1.4 Starting the NXLog Service

(1) Open “Windows Powershell.”

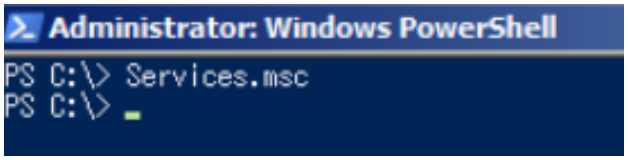
(2) Restart the NXLog service, verify that it is running, and ensure there are no error messages:

```
PS C:\> Restart-Service -Name nxlog
PS C:\> Get-Service -Name nxlog | Select-Object -Property Name,Status,StartType
PS C:\> Get-Content 'C:\ Program Files\ nxlog\data\nxlog.log'
```

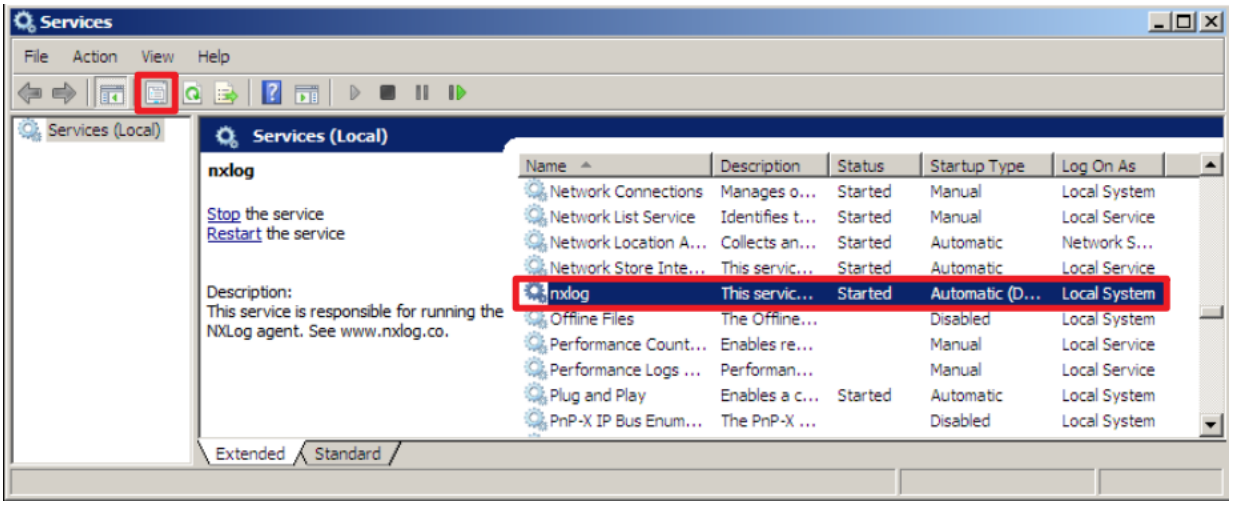


(3) Enter the command below to open the **Services** console:

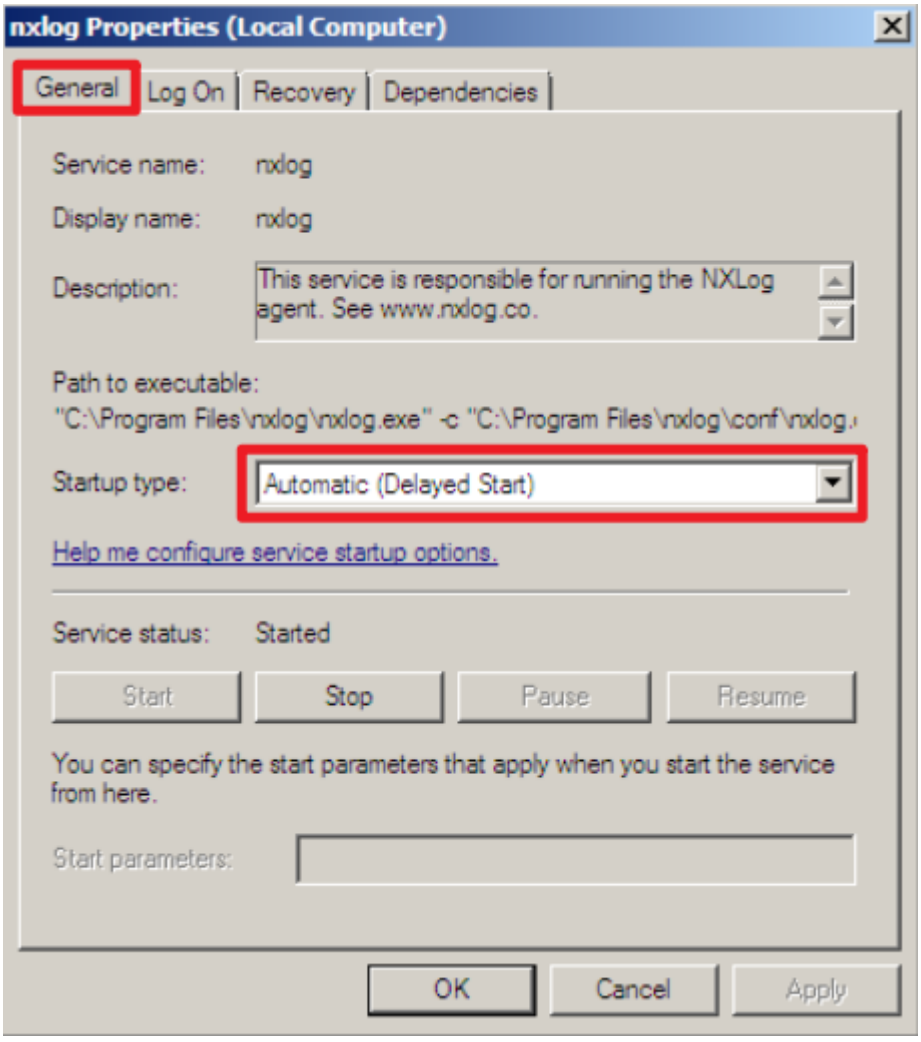
```
PS C:\> Services.msc
```



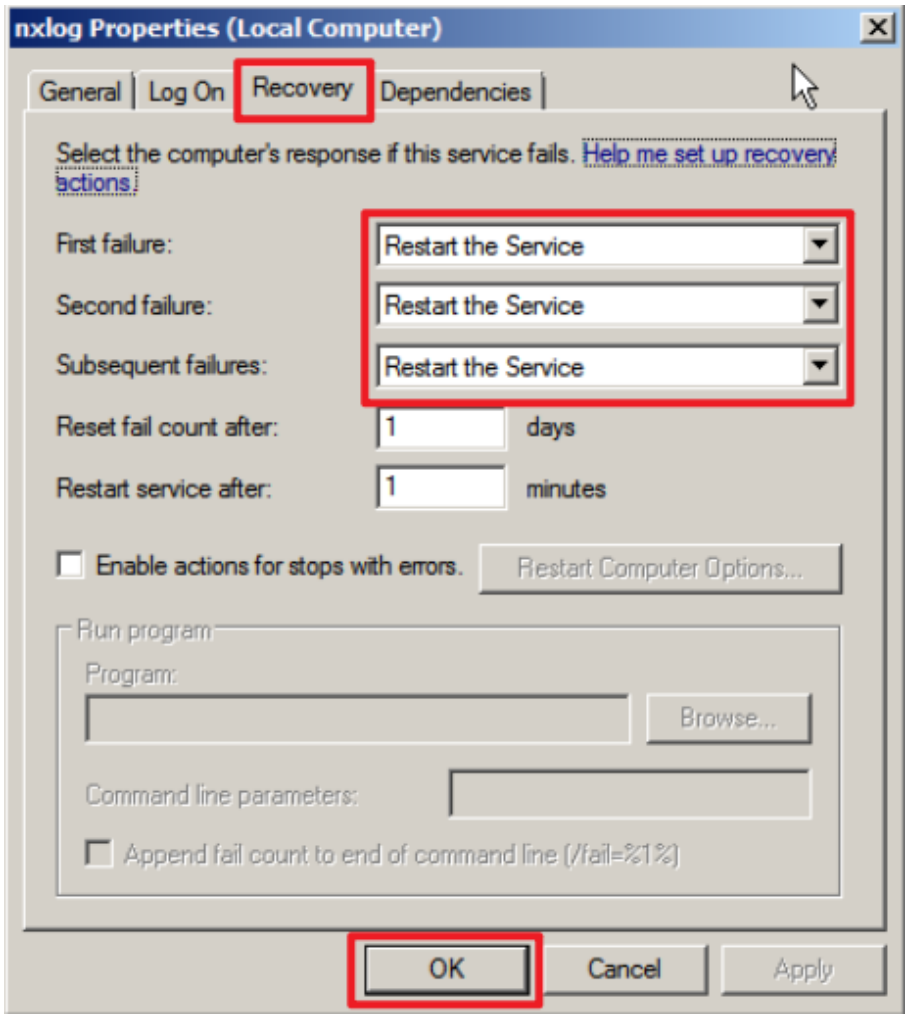
(4) Open the NXLog service properties: select “NXLog” →Click  “Properties.”



(5) On the General tab, verify that Startup type is set to Automatic (Delayed Start).



(6) On the Recovery tab, verify that First failure, Second failure, and Subsequent failures are all set to "Restart the Service", then click "OK."



2. Exchange 2007

The Example here: Exchange 2007 installed on a Windows 2003 server.

You can configure message tracking logs using either the Exchange Management Console or the Exchange Management Shell.

2.1 Exchange MessageTracking Log

To modify nxlog.conf:

Note: Please refer to 1.3 NXLog Configuration File.

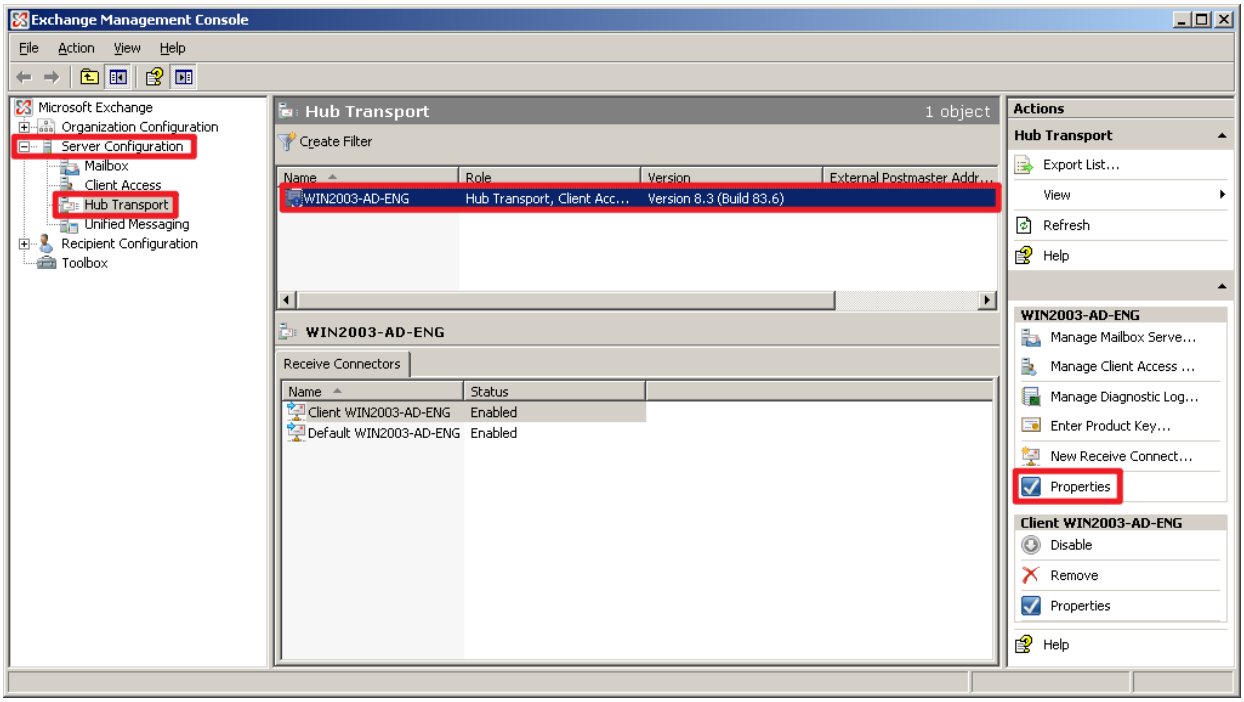
Edit the blue text section to specify the message tracking log folder:

```
define MailLog C:\Program Files\Microsoft\Exchange Server\TransportRoles\Logs\MessageTracking
```

2.1.1 Exchange Management Console

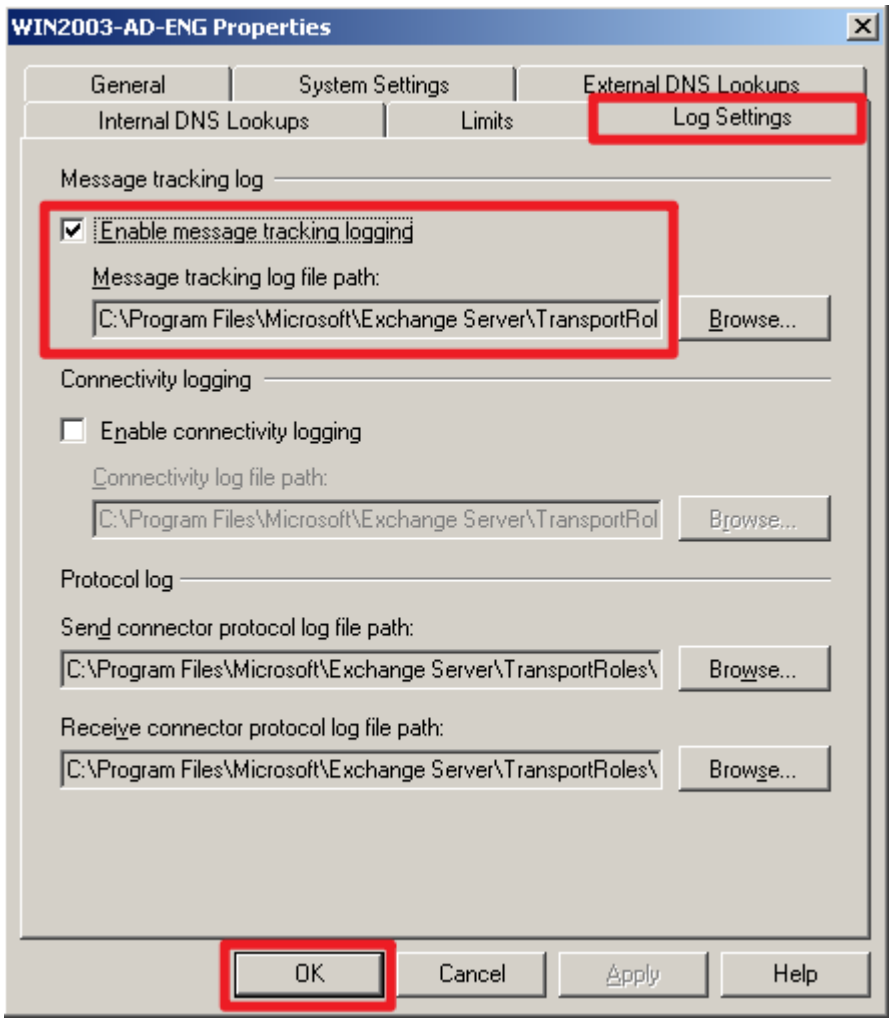
(1) Open “Exchange Management Console.”

(2) Expand “Server Configuration” → select “Hub Transport” → select “Exchange Server (WIN2003)” → select “Properties.”



(3) Go to the Log Settings tab → verify that Enable message tracking log is checked and the message tracking log path is set to:

C:\Program Files\Microsoft\Exchange Server\TransportRoles\Logs\MessageTracking

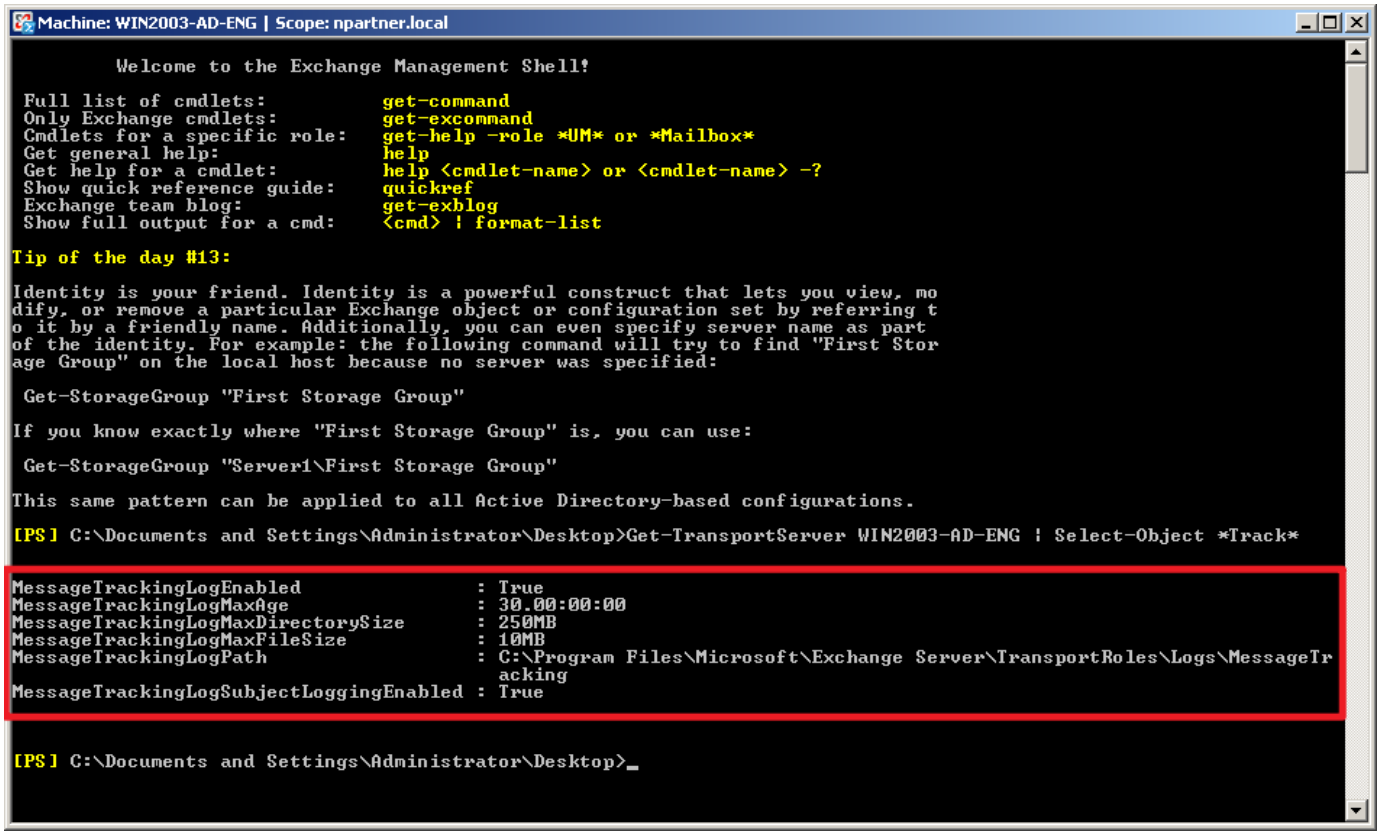


2.1.2 Exchange Management Shell

(1) Open” Exchange Management Shell.”

(2) Verify that **Message tracking log** is enabled and check the message tracking log path:
[C:\Program Files\Microsoft\Exchange Server\TransportRoles\Logs\MessageTracking]

```
[PS] C:\> Get-TransportServer Win2003 | Select-Object *Track*
```

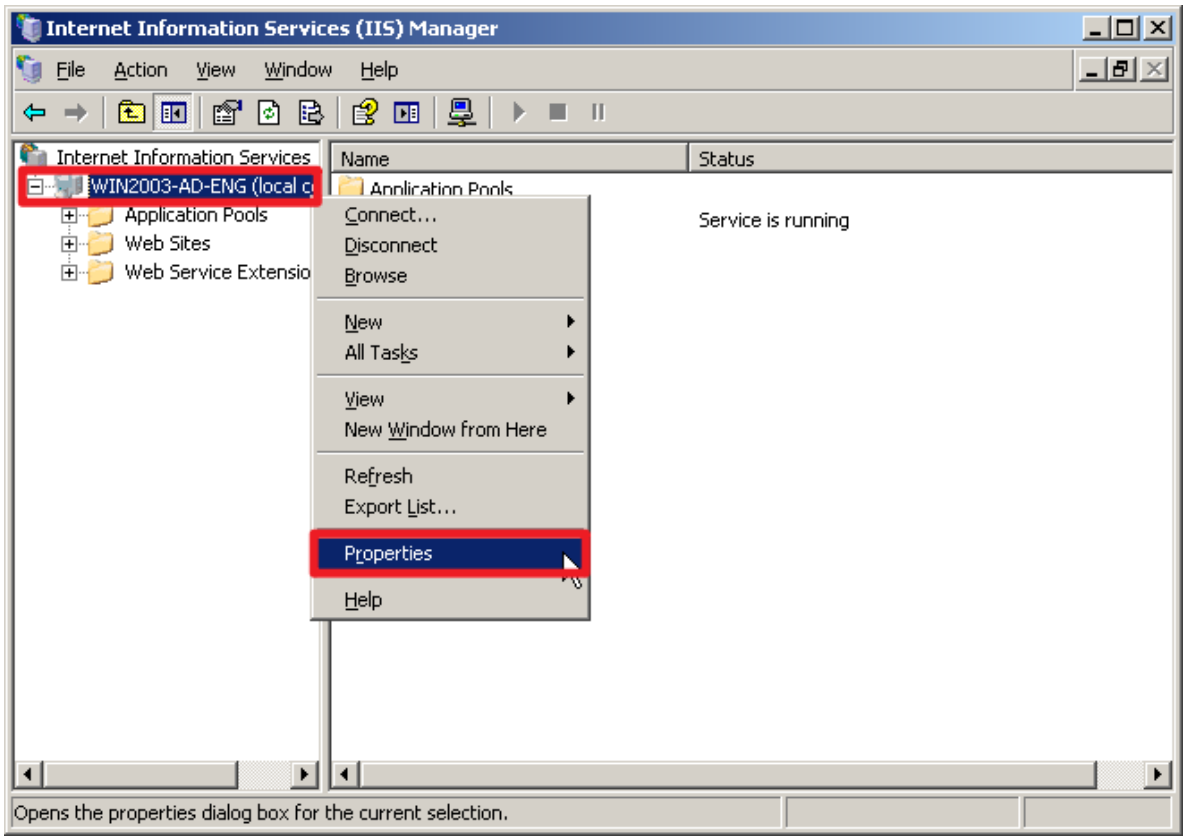


Replace the red text section with the name of your Exchange server

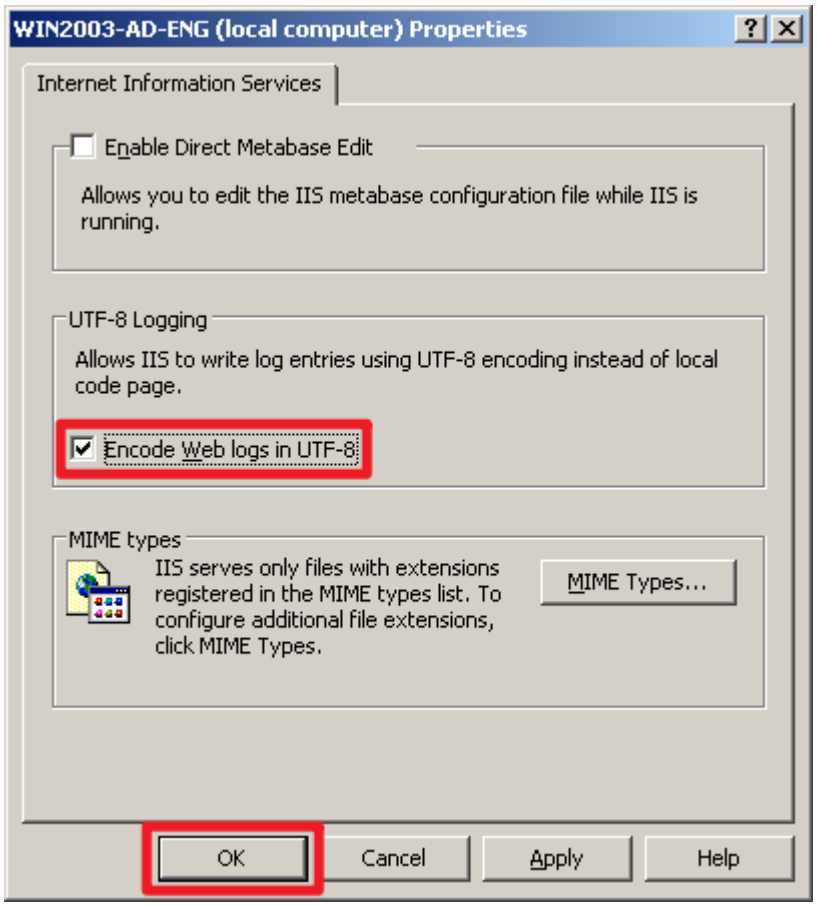
2.2 IIS Log

(1) Open Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager.

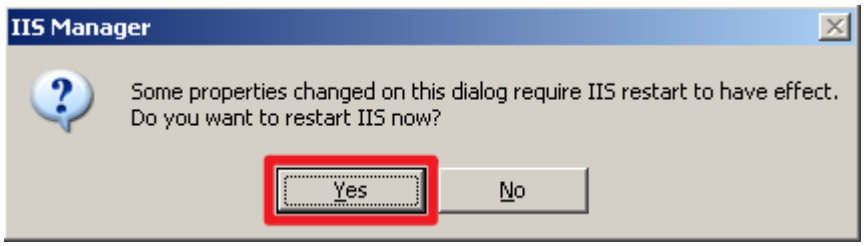
(2) Right-click on the “IIS server”(the example here is WIN2003-AD-ENG) → select “Properties.”



(3) Check Encode Web site logs in “UTF-8” → click “OK.”



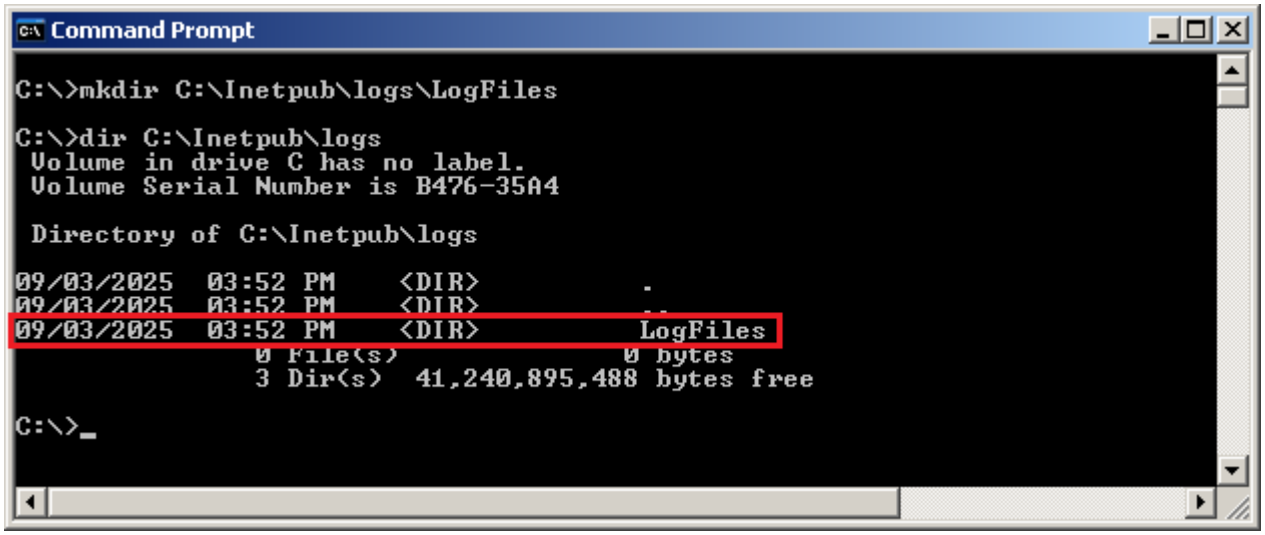
(4) Click “OK” again to restart the IIS service.



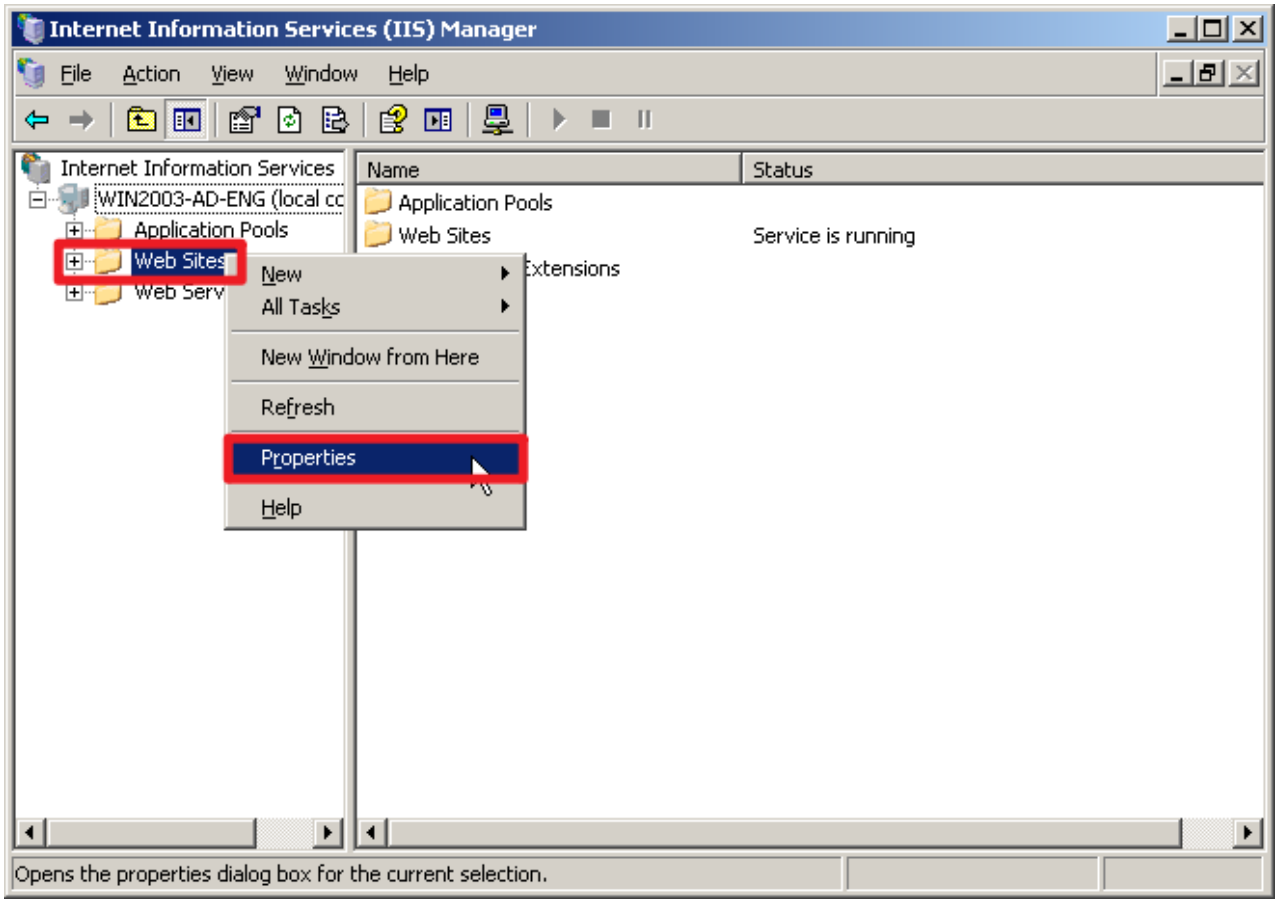
(5) Open “Command Prompt.”

(6) Create and verify the IIS LogFiles directory:

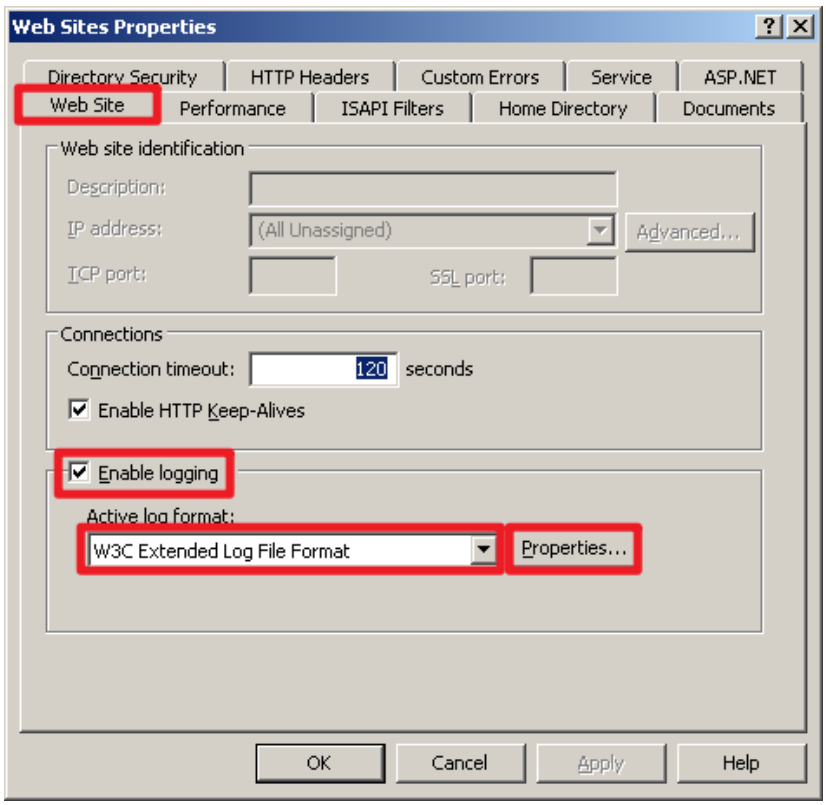
```
C:\> mkdir C:\Inetpub\logs\LogFiles
C:\> dir C:\Inetpub\logs
```



(7) Right-click on “Web Sites” → select “Properties.”

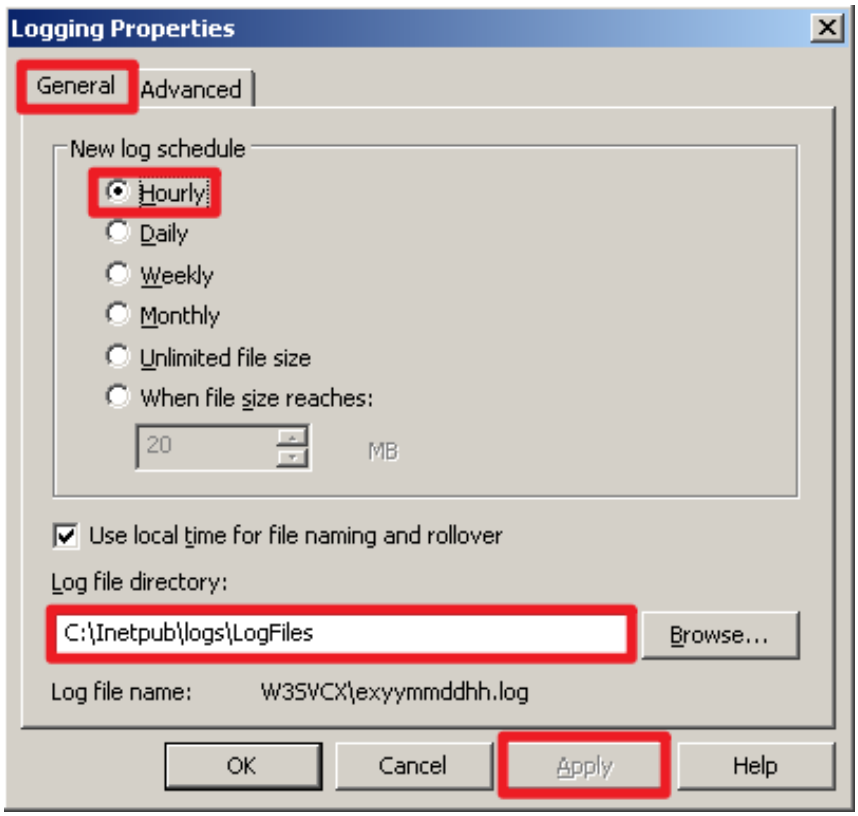


(8) In the Web Site tab: check “Enable logging” → select “W3C Extended Log File Format” as the active log format → click “Properties.”



(9) In the General tab:

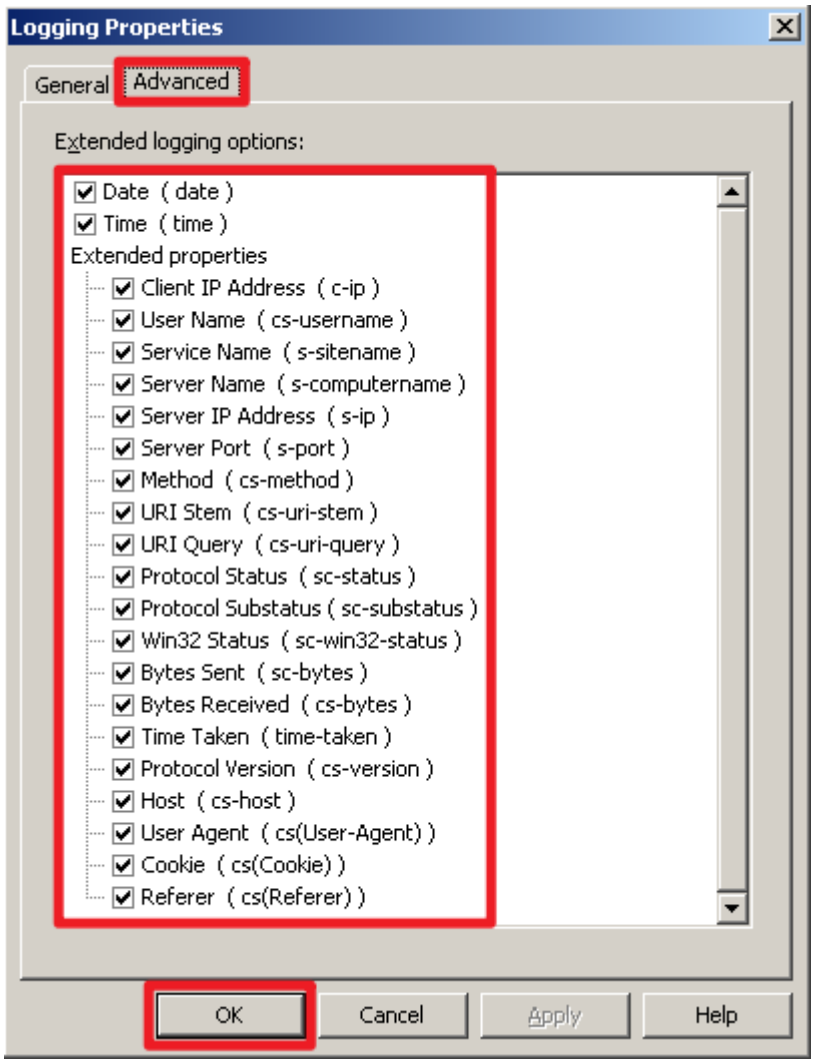
Set log schedule to “Hourly” → check “Use local time” for file naming and rollover→ enter the log file directory: C:\Inetpub\logs\LogFiles→ click “Apply.”



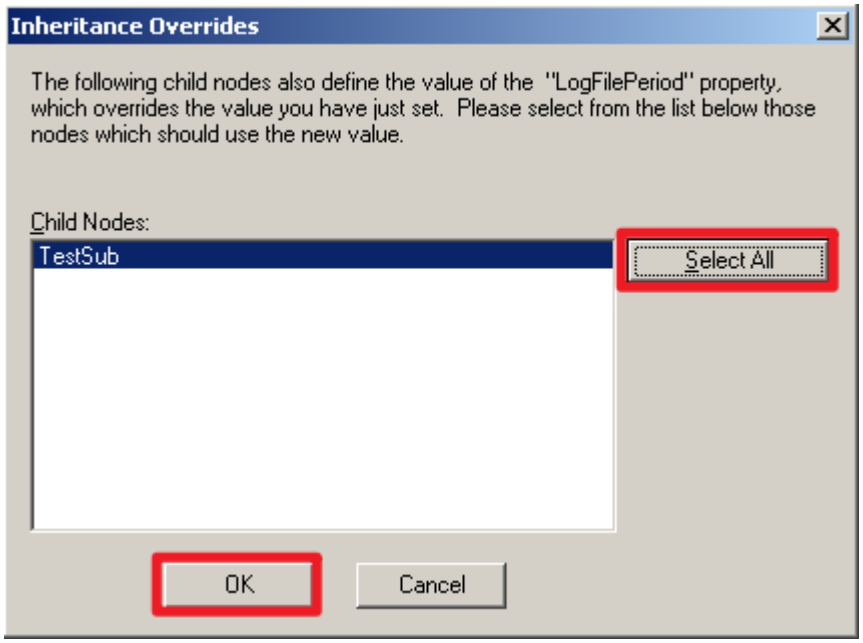
(10) In the **Extended Properties** tab:

Select Date (date), Time (time), Client IP Address (c-ip), User Name (cs-username), Service Name (s-sitename), Server Name (s-computername), Server IP Address (s-ip), Server Port (s-port), Method (cs-method), URI Stem (cs-uri-stem), URI Query (cs-uri-query), Protocol Status (sc-status), Protocol Substatus (sc-substatus), Win32 Status (sc-win32-status), Bytes Sent (sc-bytes), Bytes Received (cs-bytes), Time Taken (time-taken), Protocol Version (cs-version), Host (cs-host), User Agent (cs(User-Agent)), Cookie (cs(Cookie)), Referrer (cs(Referer))

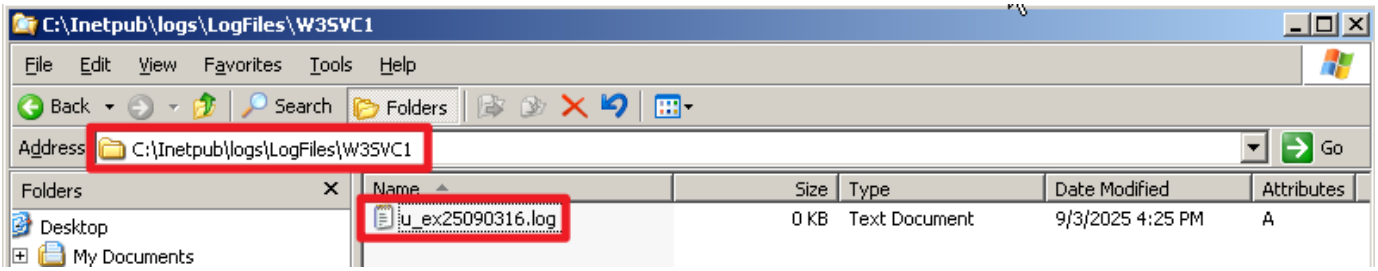
→ Click “OK.”



(11) Click “Select All” to apply to all Web sites → click “OK.”



(12) Verify IIS log files are created in the directory: C:\Inetpub\logs\LogFiles\W3SVC1



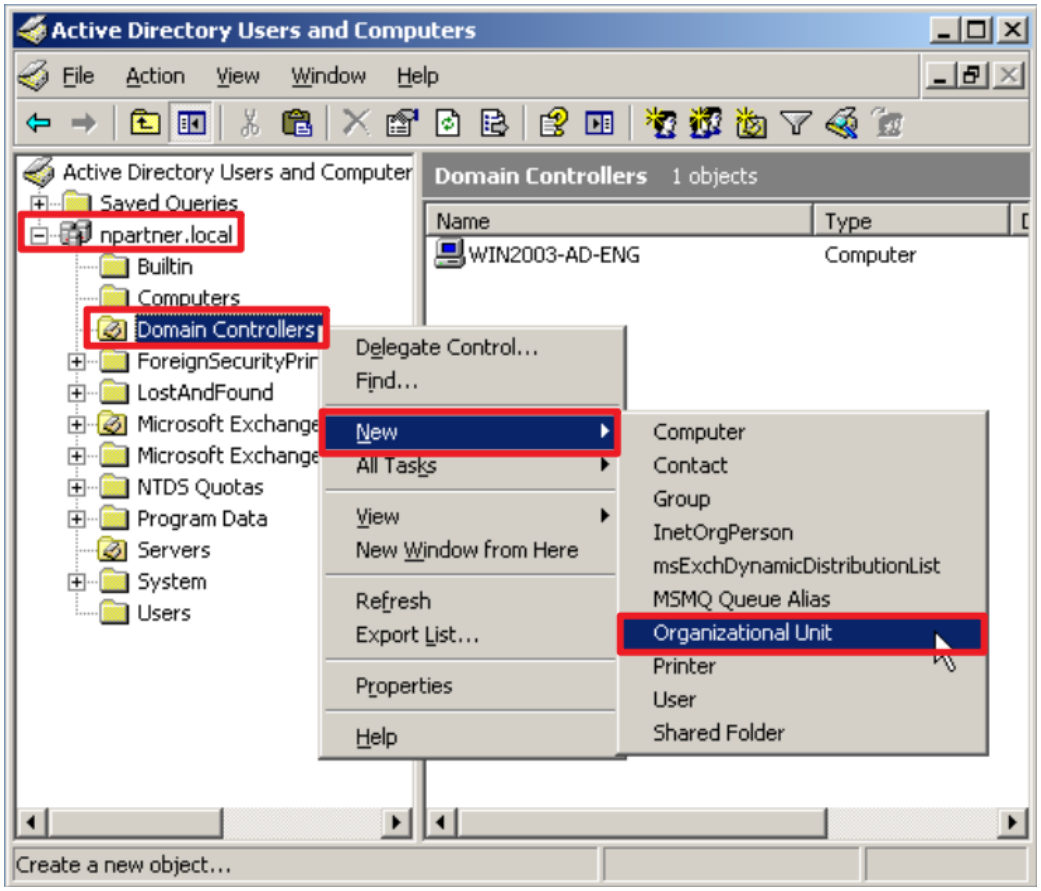
2.3 Event Log

2.3.1 Organizational Unit (OU) Configuration

(1) Click “Active Directory Users and Computers.”

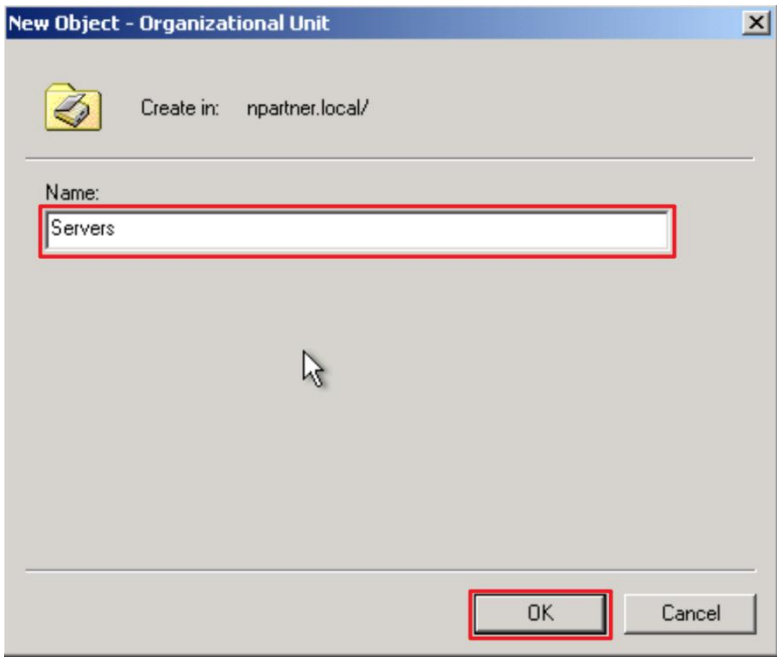
(2) Add an Organizational Unit

Right-click on “Domain Controllers, select “New,” and click “Organizational Unit.”



(3) Enter your Organizational Unit name: (in this example, it is “Servers”)

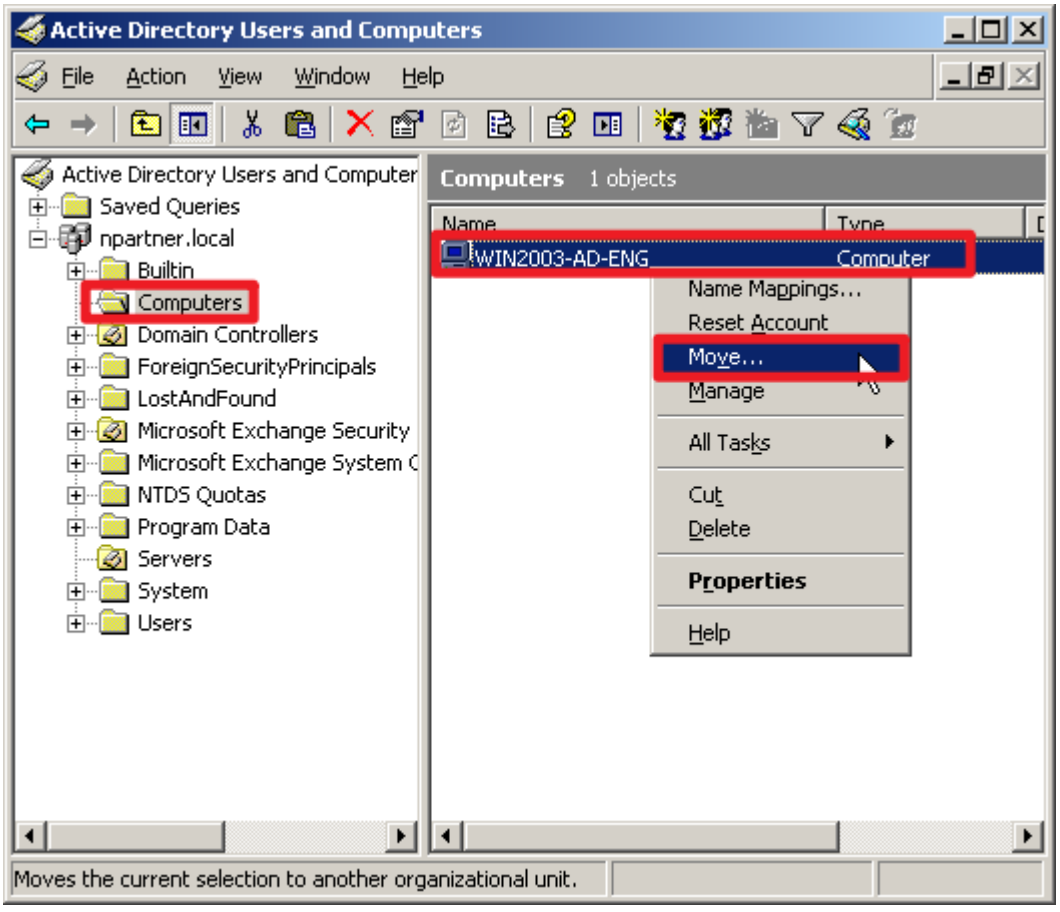
Note: Please create the organizational unit name according to the actual environment. → click “OK.”



(4) Move the Server to your New Organizational Unit:

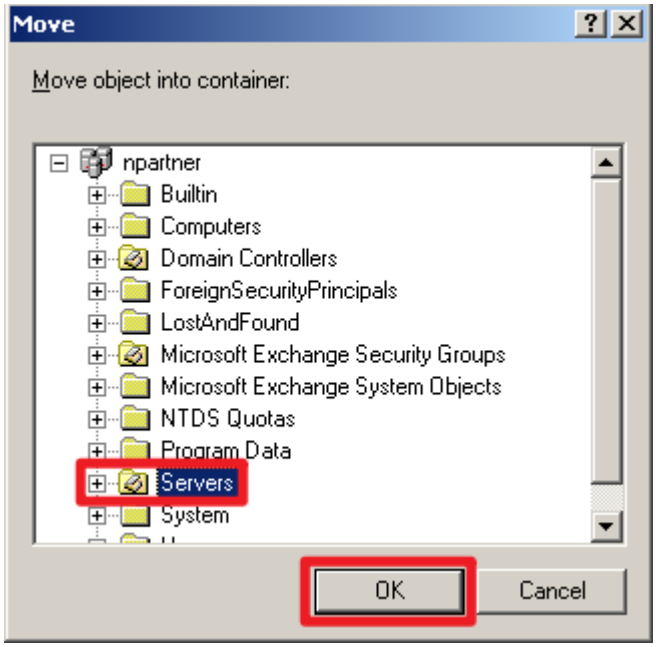
Select “Computers” → right-click on the “WIN2003-AD-ENG” server.

Note: Please select the Windows AD server according to the actual environment. → click “Move.”



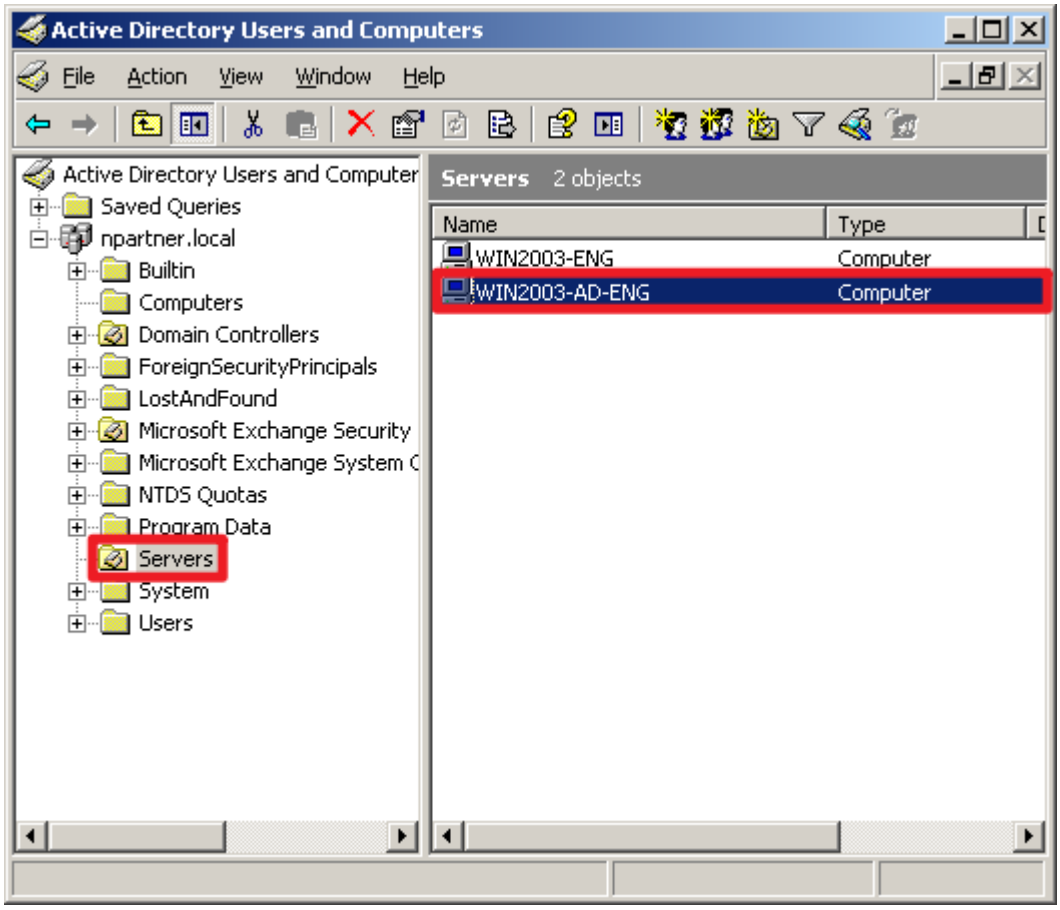
(5) Select your Organizational Unit:

Select your organizational unit (in this example, it is “Servers”) → click “OK.”



(6) Verify the Server Has Been Moved to your New Organizational Unit:

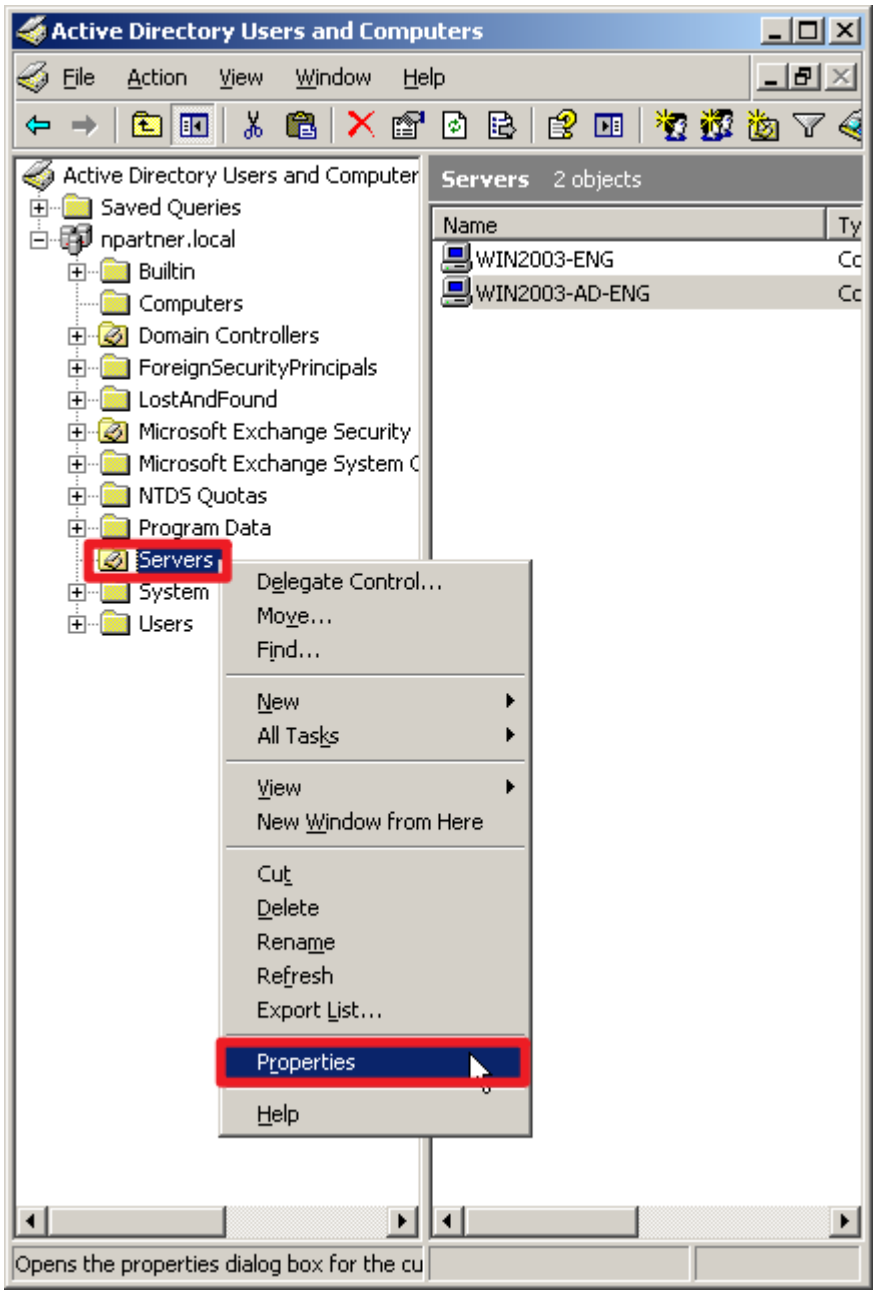
Expand “Domain Controllers” and select your OU folder (in this example, it is “Servers”) and confirm that the “WIN2003-AD-ENG” server has been moved.



2.3.2 Group Policy Settings

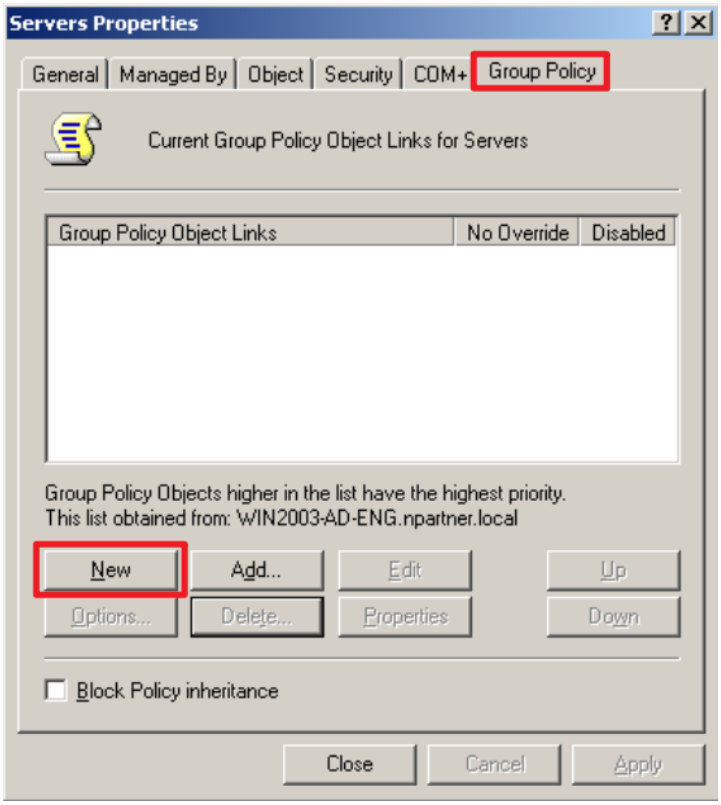
(1) Click “Active Directory Users and Computers.”

(2) In the “Servers” organizational unit (OU), right-click and select “Properties.”



(3) Enter the Group Policy Object (GPO) name

On the “Group Policy” page → click “New.”

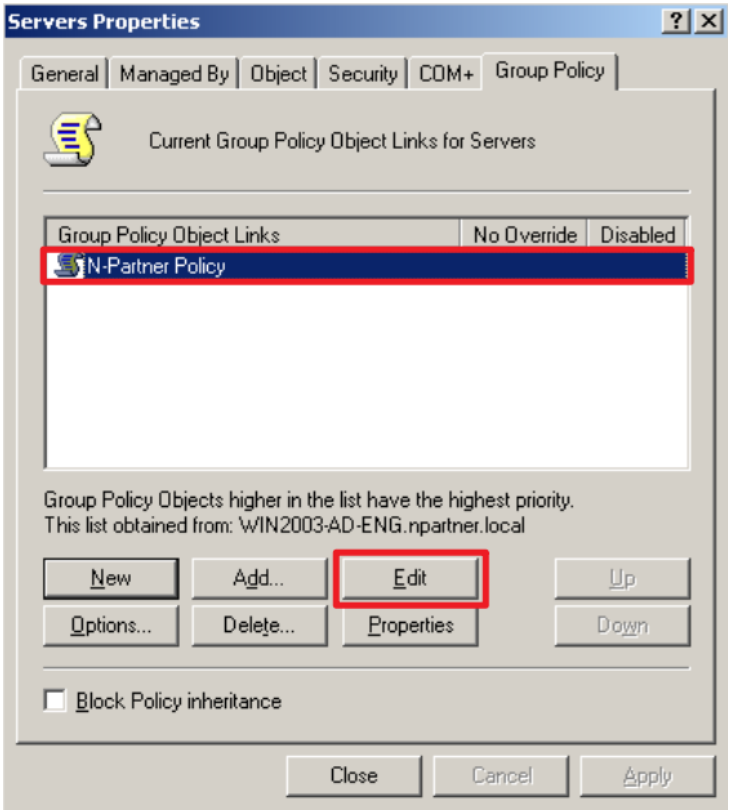


(4) Edit your Group Policy Object

In your group policy object, (in this example, it is “N-Partner Policy”)

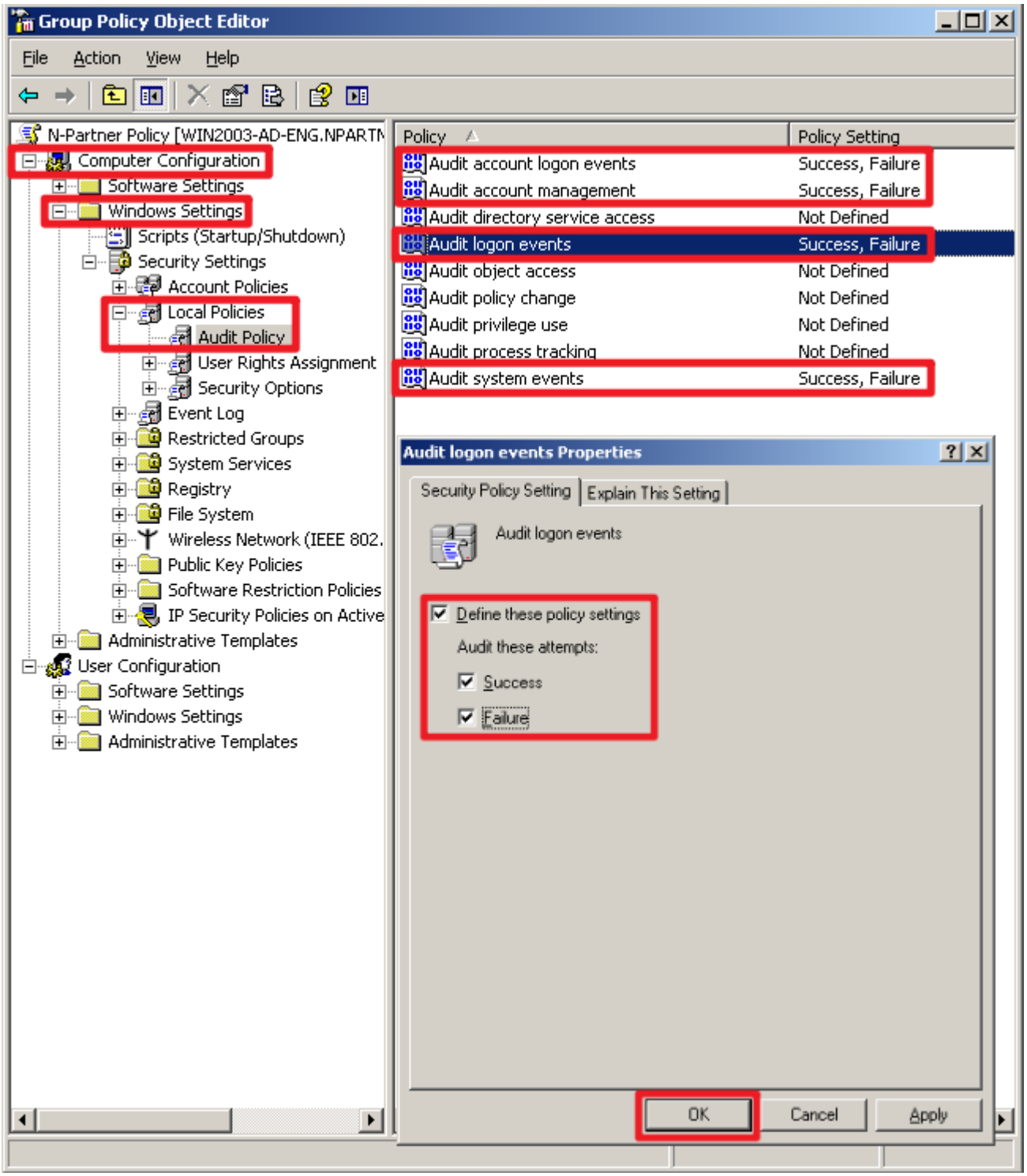
Note: Please create the GPO name according to the actual environment.

→ select “Edit.”



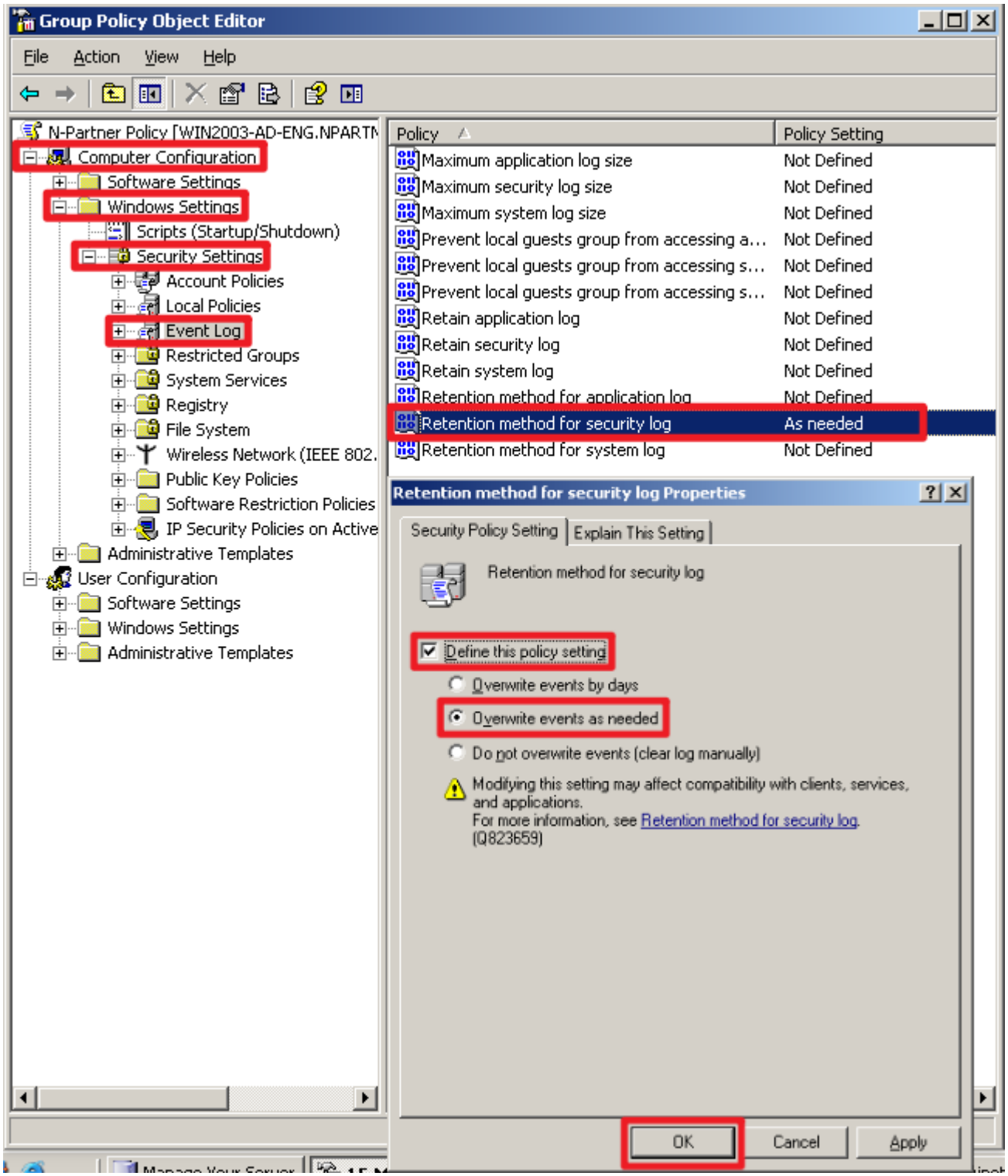
(5) Local Group Policies: Audit Policy

Expand folder “Computer Configuration” → “Windows Settings” → “Security Settings” → “Local Policies” → “Audit Policy.” And click on “Audit account logon events,” “Audit account management,” “Audit logon events,” and “Audit system events” → check “Define these policy settings”: Success, Failure. → click “OK.”



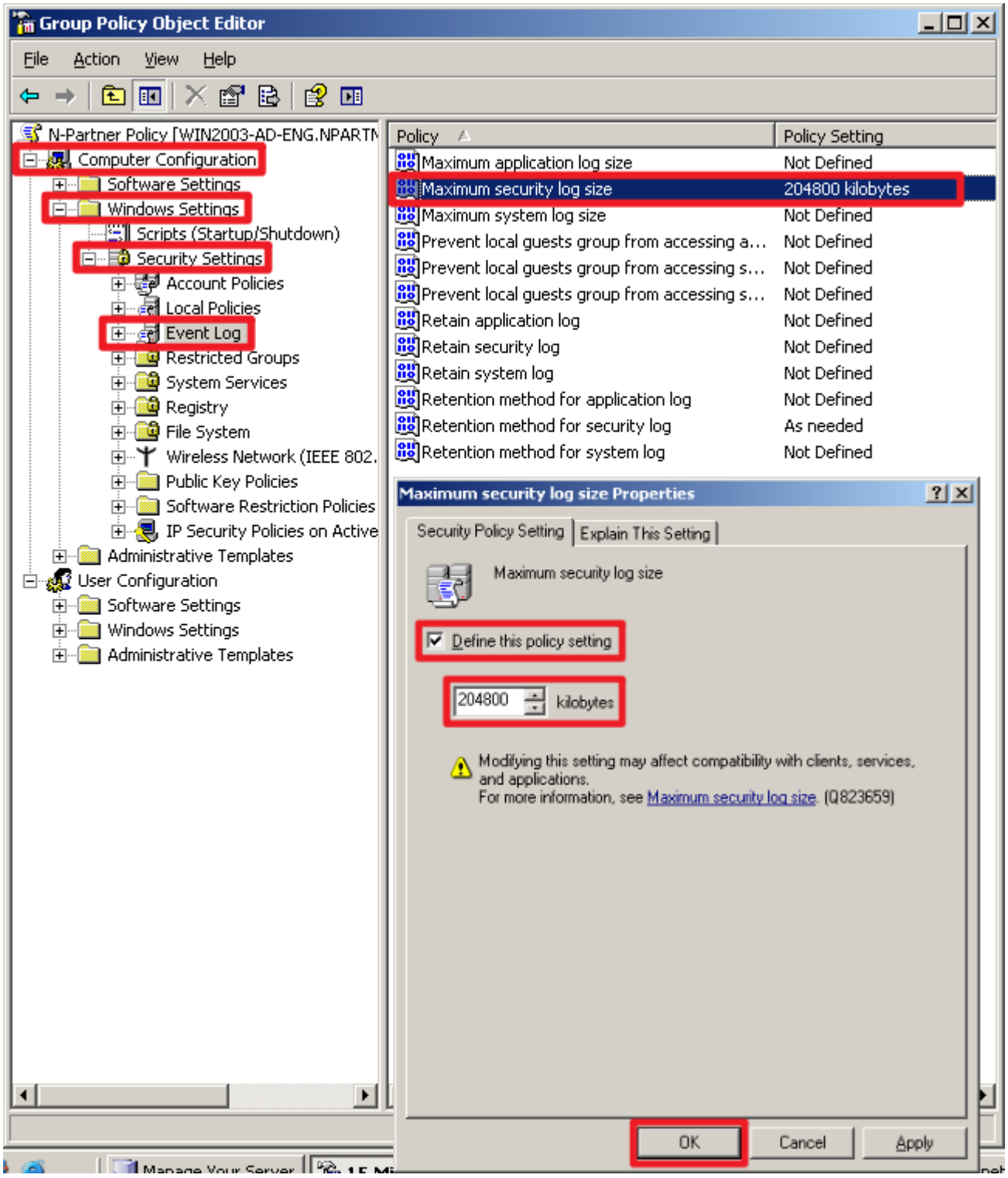
(6) Event Log: Security Log Retention Method

Expand “Computer Configuration” → “Windows Settings” → “Security Settings” → “Event Log” → select “Retention method for security log” → check “Define this policy setting” → select “Overwrite events as needed” → click “OK.”



(7) Event Logs: Maximum Size of Security Log

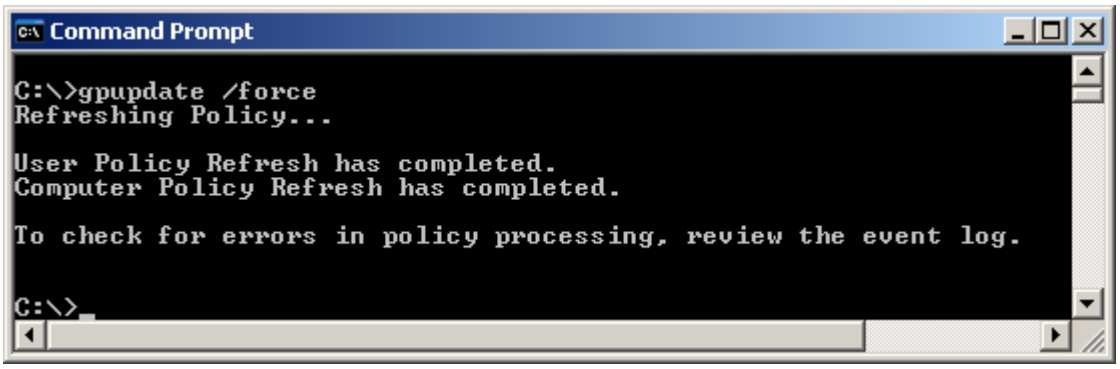
Expand folder “Computer Configuration” → “Windows Settings” → “Security Settings” → “Event Log” → and click on “Maximum security log size” → Check “Define this policy setting” → enter 204800 KB Note: Please adjust the number based on the actual environment. → click “OK.”



(8) On the Exchange server, open “Command Prompt.”

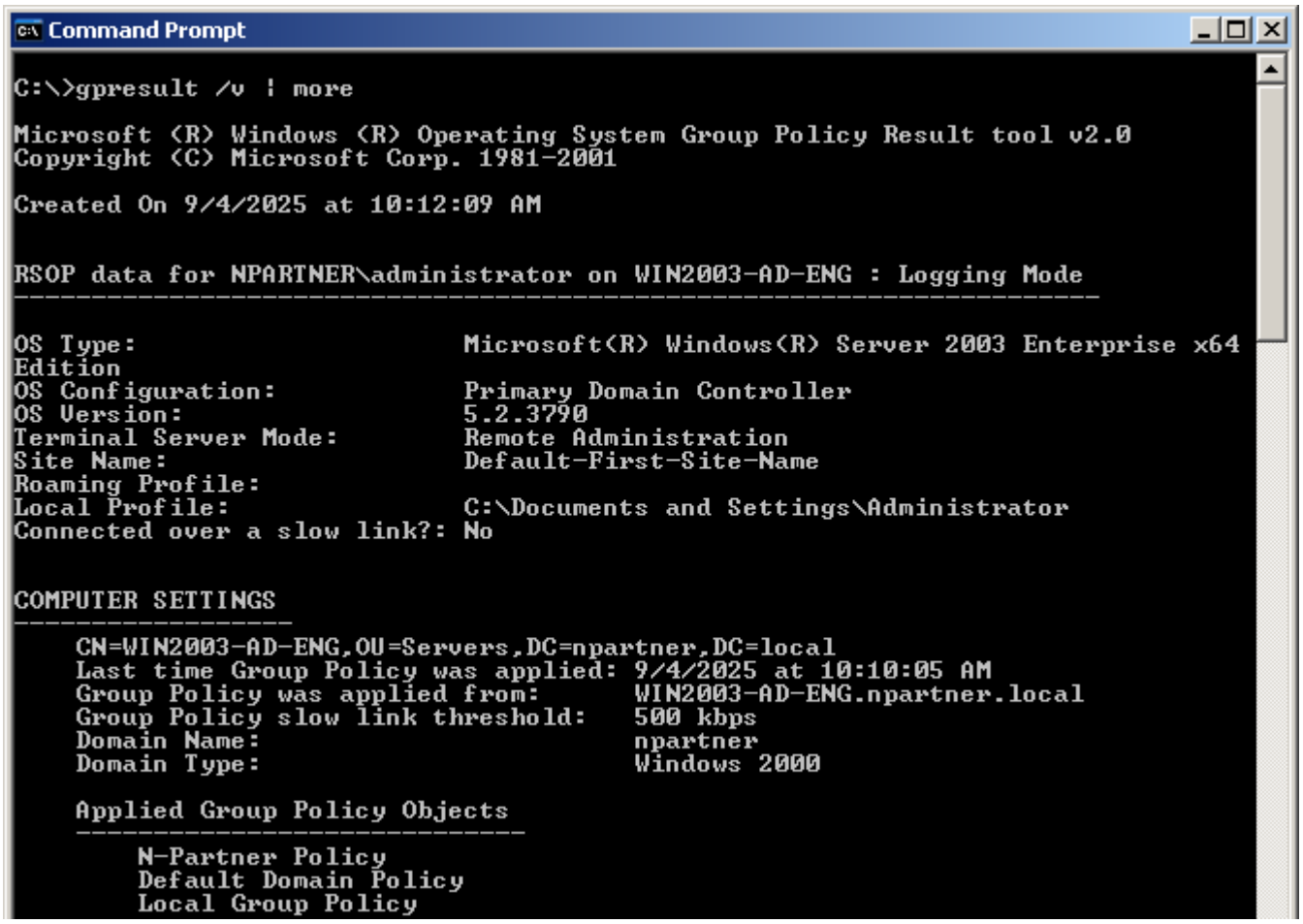
(9) Enter the command below to refresh group policy.

```
C:\> gpupdate /force
```



(10) Enter the command below to verify the applied group policy settings.

```
C:\> gpresult /v
```



3. Exchange 2010

Example: Exchange 2010 installed on a Windows 2008 server.

Message tracking logs can be configured through the “Exchange Management Console” or the “Exchange Management Shell.”

3.1 Exchange MessageTracking Log

Modify nxlog.conf

Note: Please refer to 1.3 NXLog Configuration File.

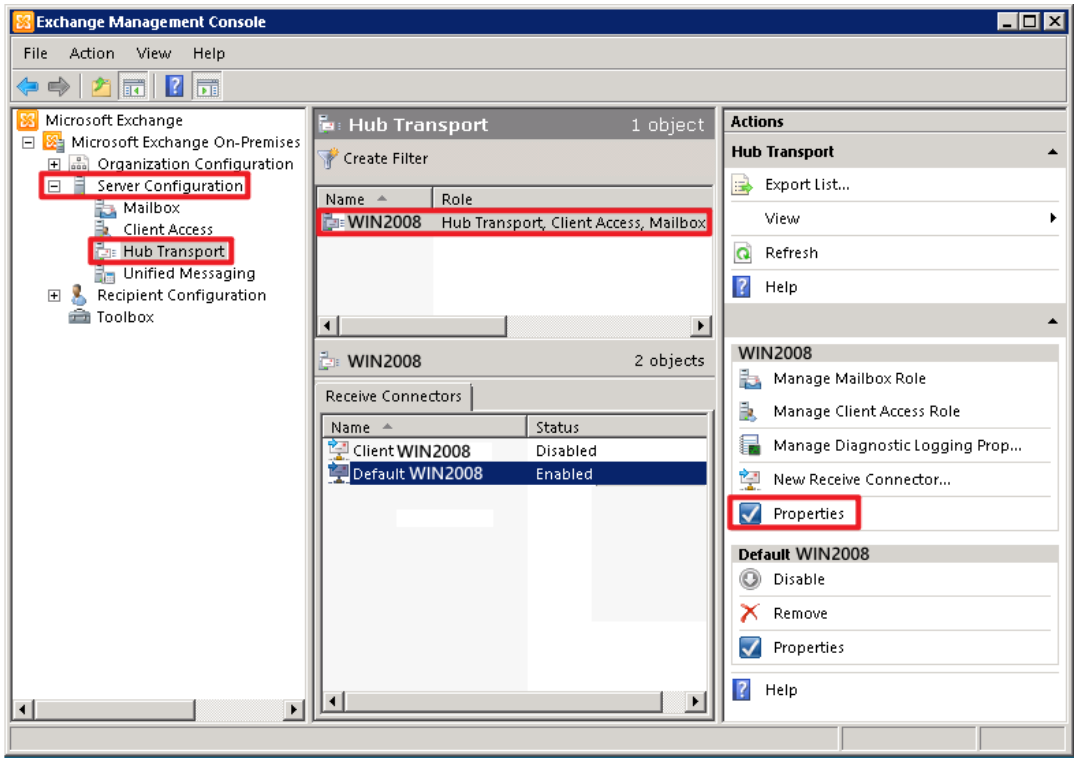
Edit the blue text section to specify the message tracking log folder:

```
define MailLog\> C:\Program Files\Microsoft\Exchange Server\V14\TransportRoles\Logs\MessageTracking
```

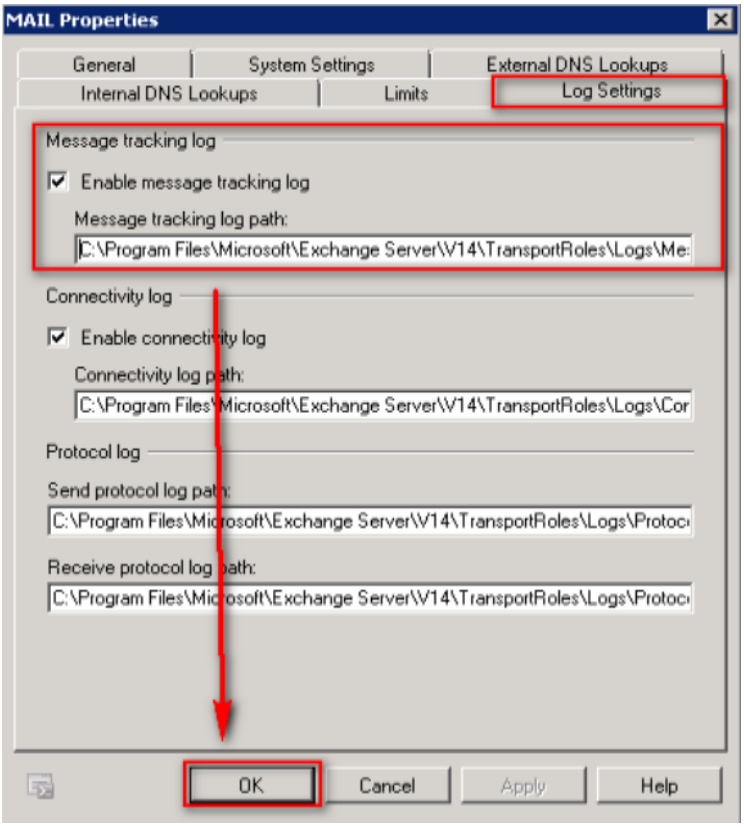
3.1.1 Exchange Management Console

(1) Open “Exchange Management Console.”

(2) Expand “Server Configuration” → select “Hub Transport” → select “Exchange Server (WIN2008)” → “Properties.”

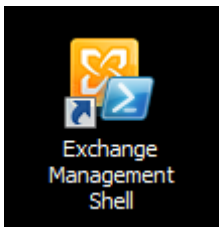


(3) Go to the “Log Settings” tab → verify “Enable message tracking log” is checked and the log path is set to: C:\Program Files\Microsoft\Exchange Server\V14\TransportRoles\Logs\MessageTracking



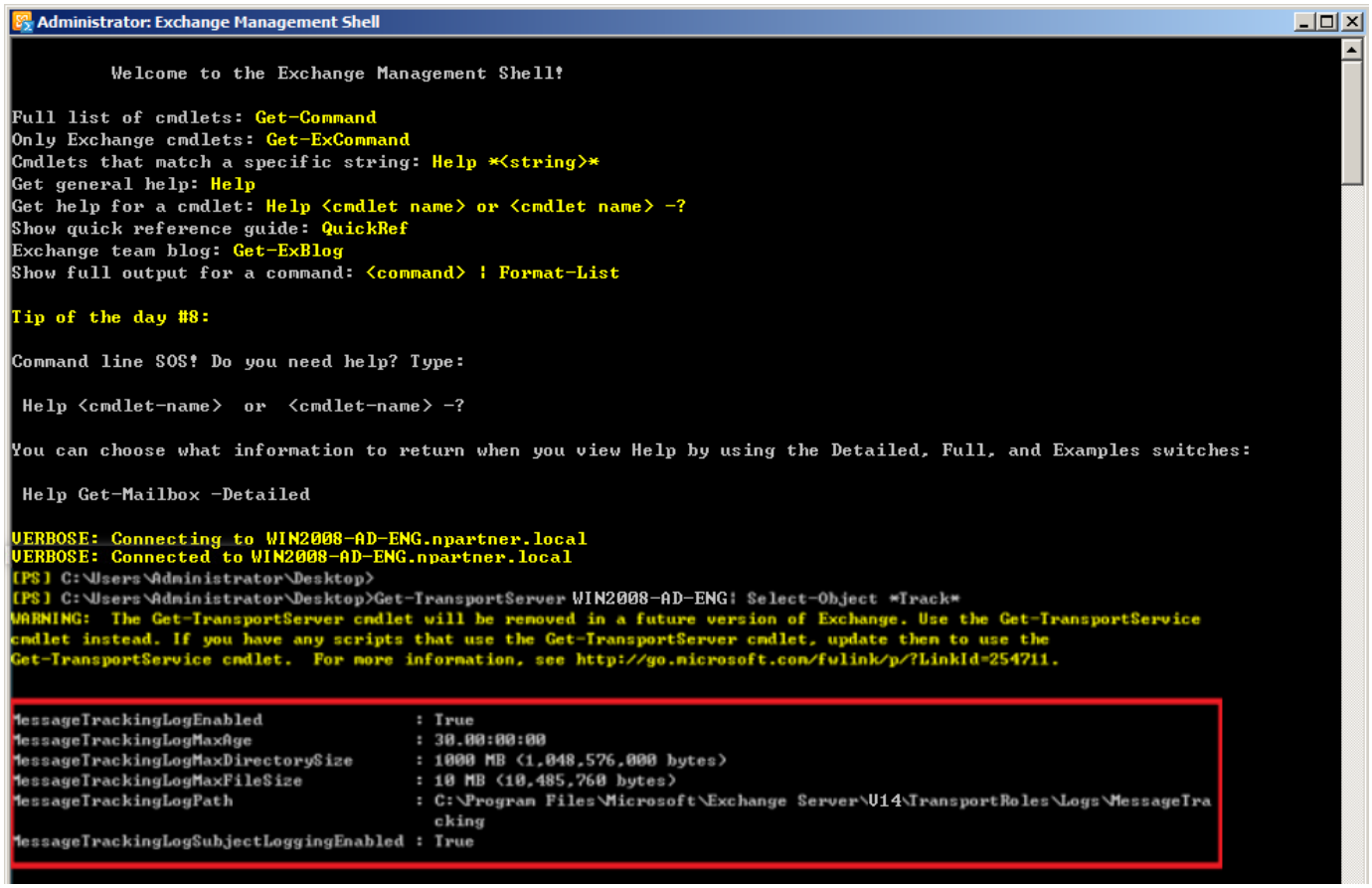
3.1.2 Exchange Management Shell

(1) Open “Exchange Management Shell.”



(2) Verify that “Message tracking log” is enabled and check the log path:

```
[PS] C:\> Get-TransportServer Win2008 | Select-Object *Track*
```



Note: Replace the red text section with the name of your Exchange server.

3.2 IIS Log

Modify nxlog.conf

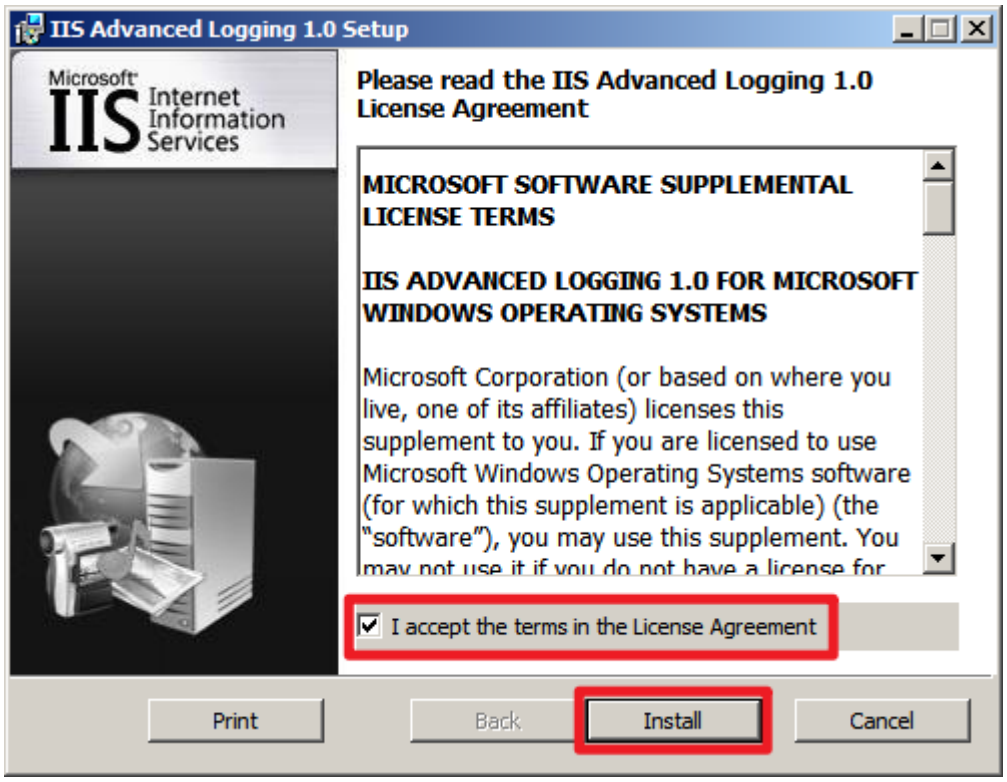
Note: Refer to "1.3 NXLog Configuration File".

Edit the blue text section to specify the IIS log folder path:

```
define IISLog C:\inetpub\logs\AdvancedLogs
```

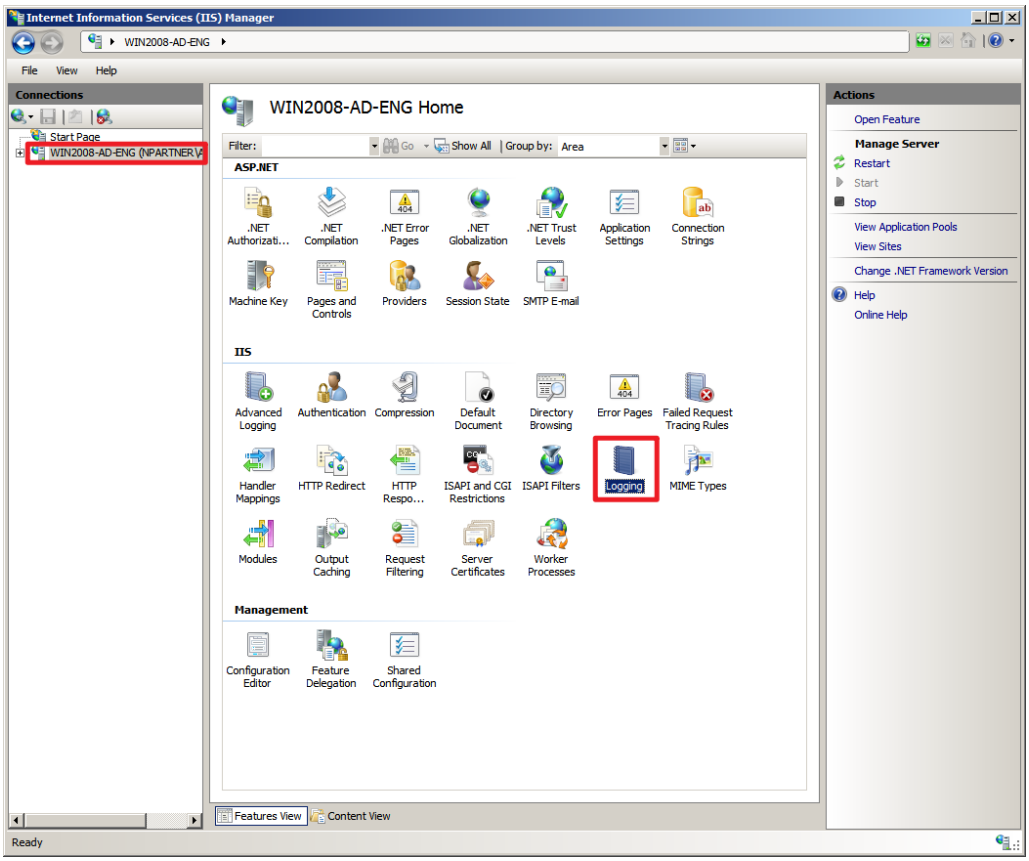
(1) Install "IIS Advanced Logging" for Windows Server 2008.

Click “AdvancedLogging64.msi” → check “I accept the terms in the license agreement” → click “Install” → “Finish.”

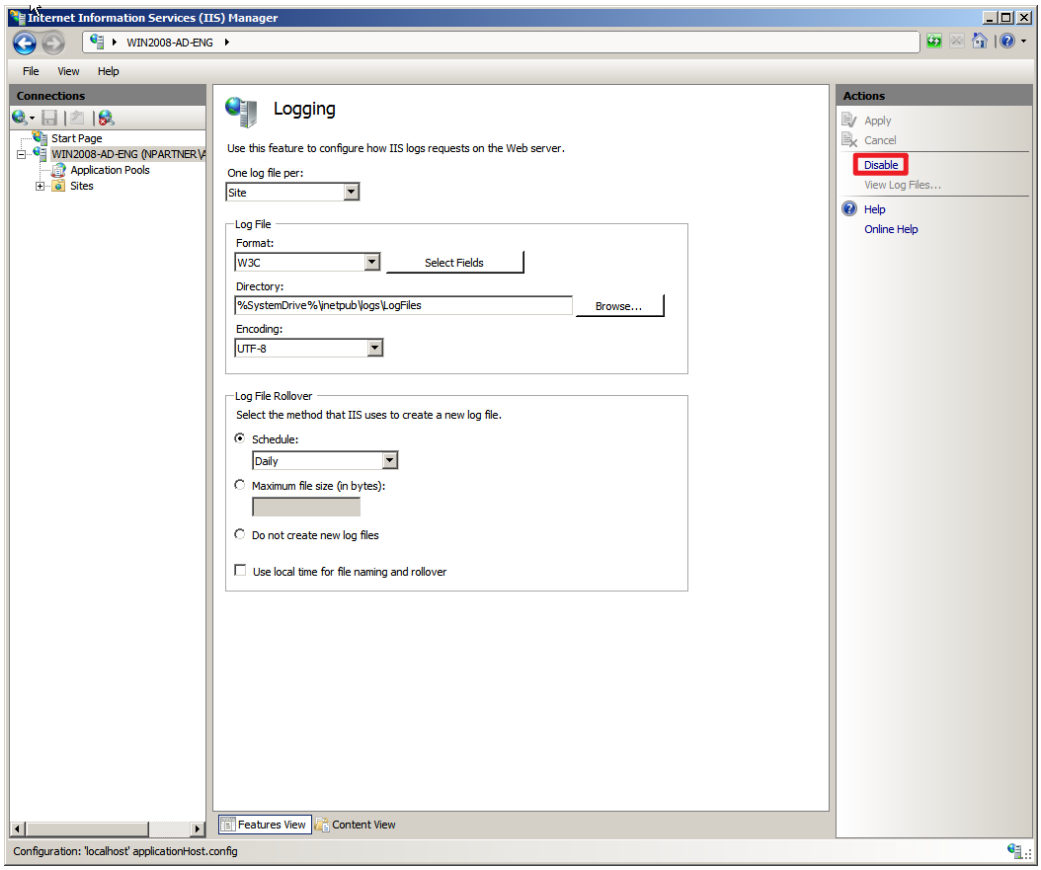


(2) Open “Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager.”

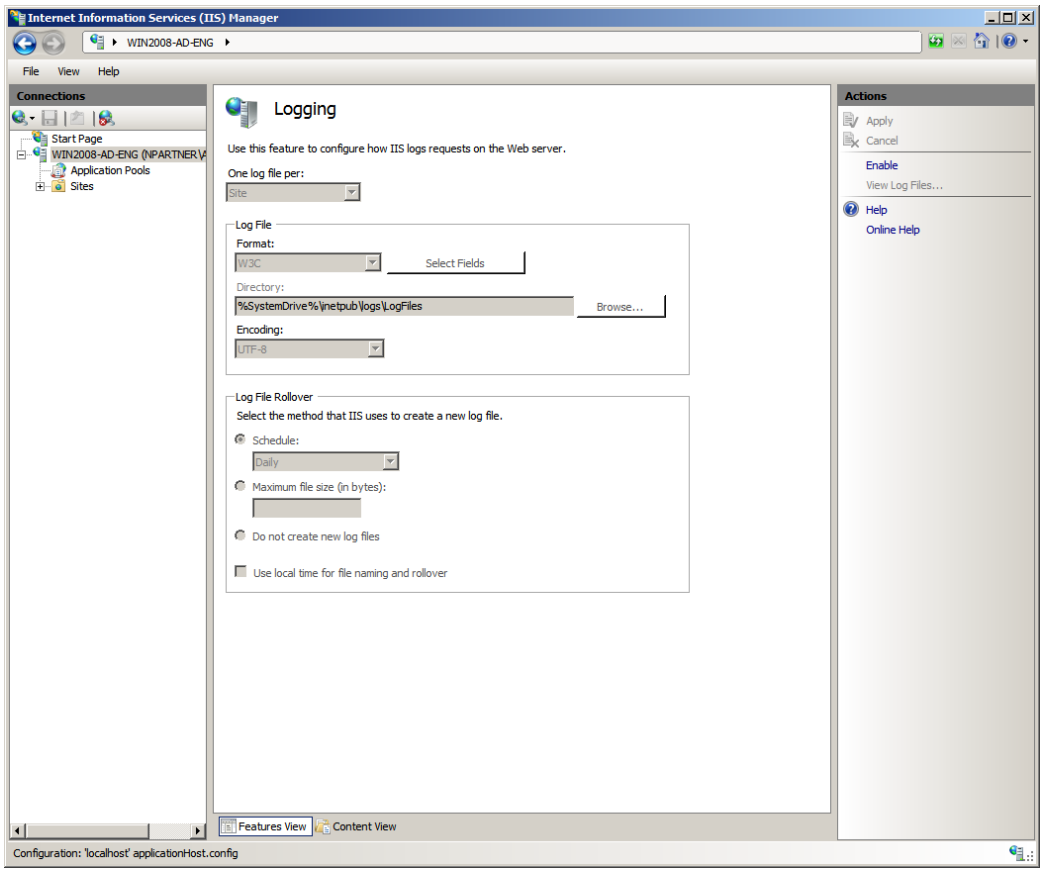
(3) Select “IIS Server” → “Logging.”



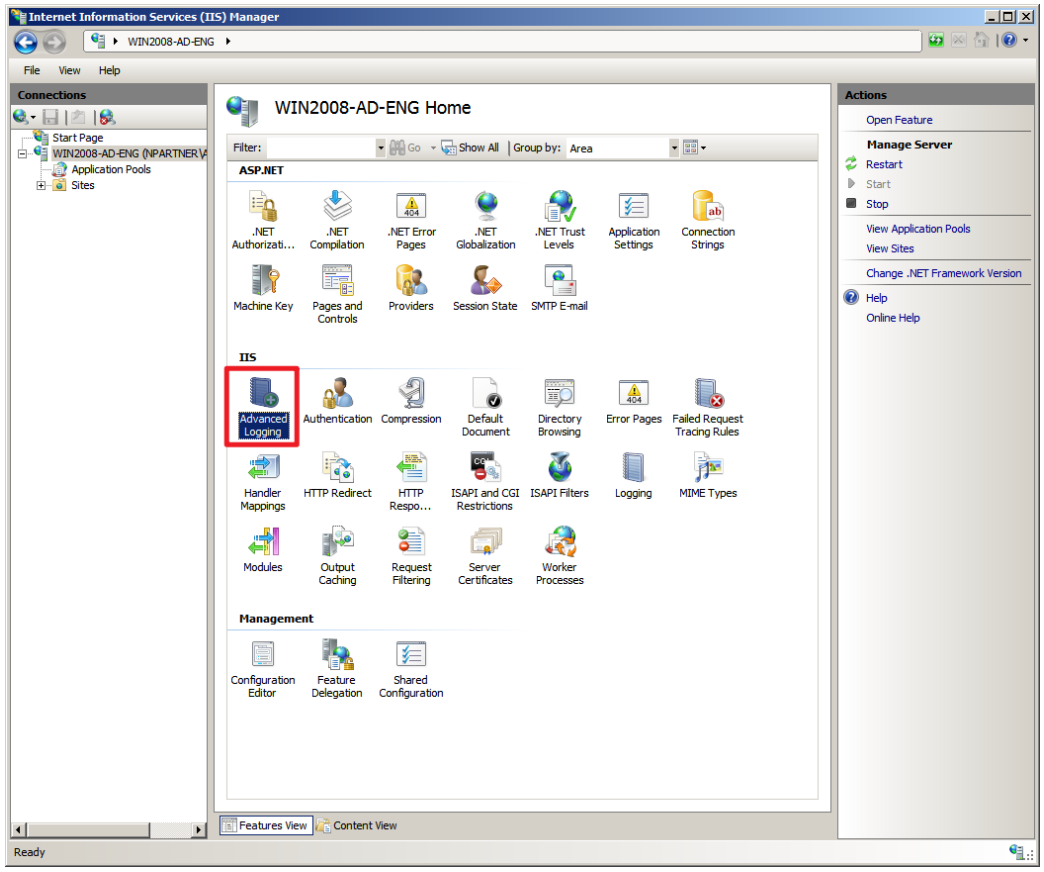
(4) Click “Disable.”



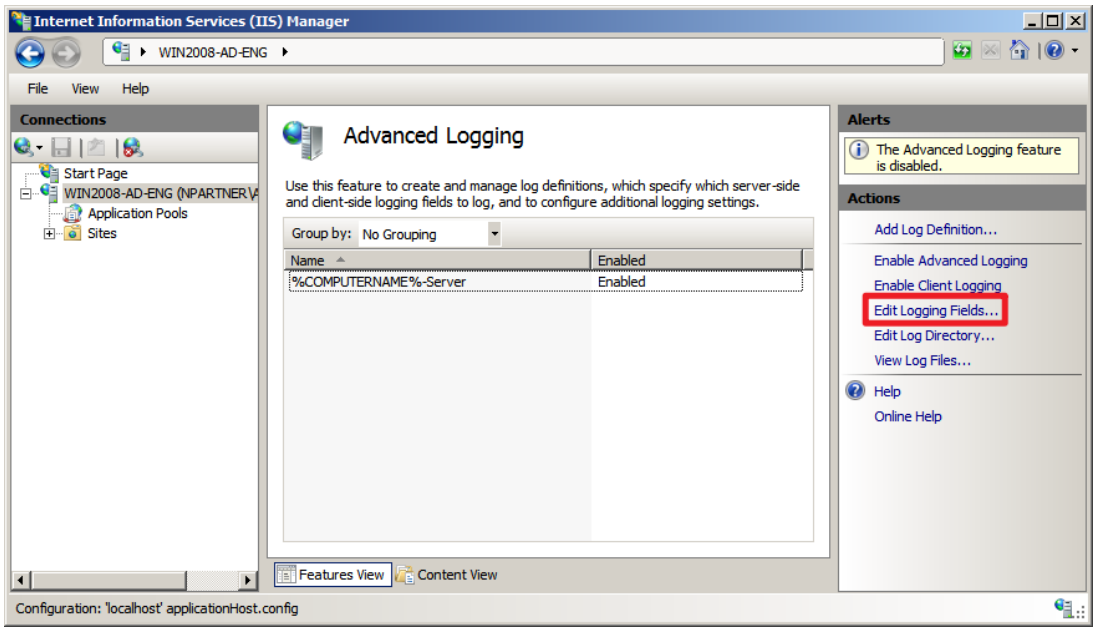
(5) Verify that logging is disabled.



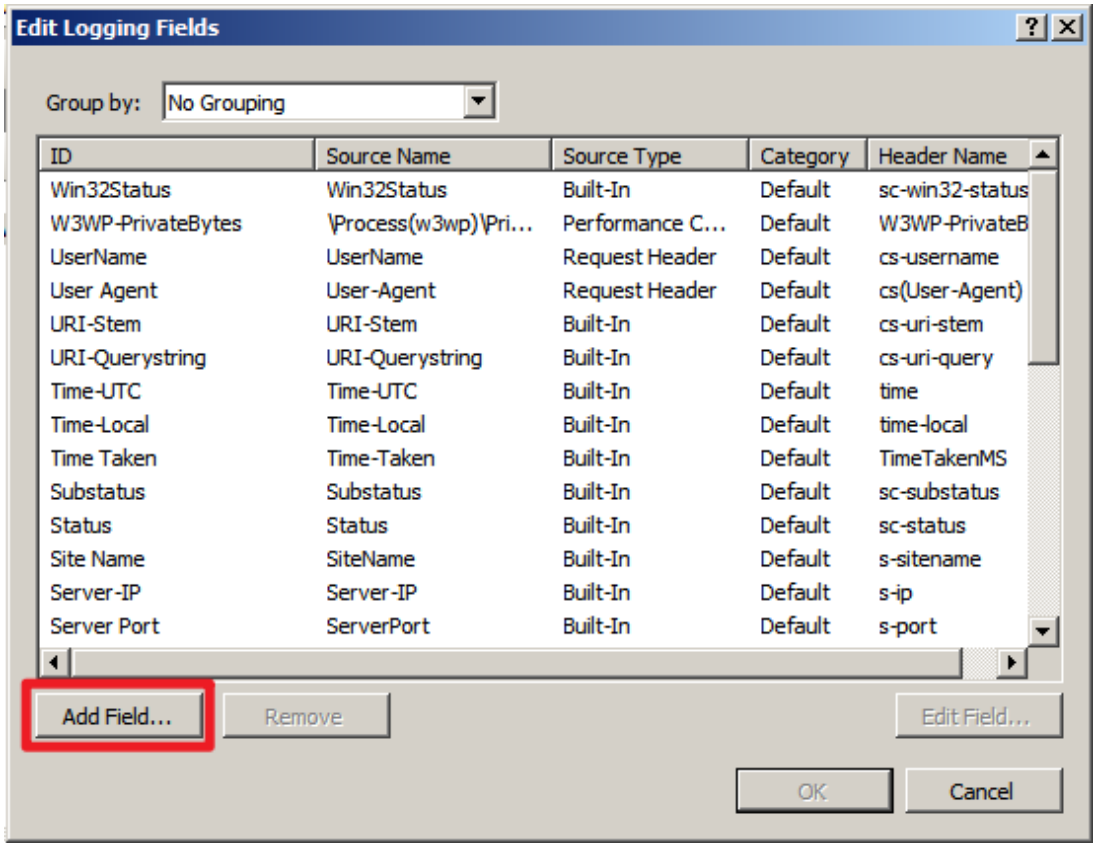
(6) Click “Advanced Logging.”



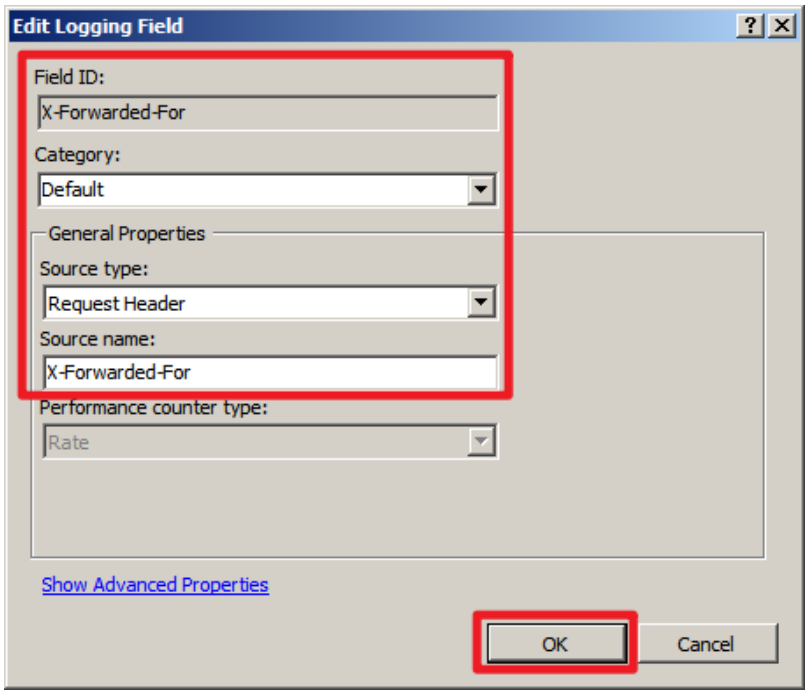
(7) Click “Edit Logging Fields.”



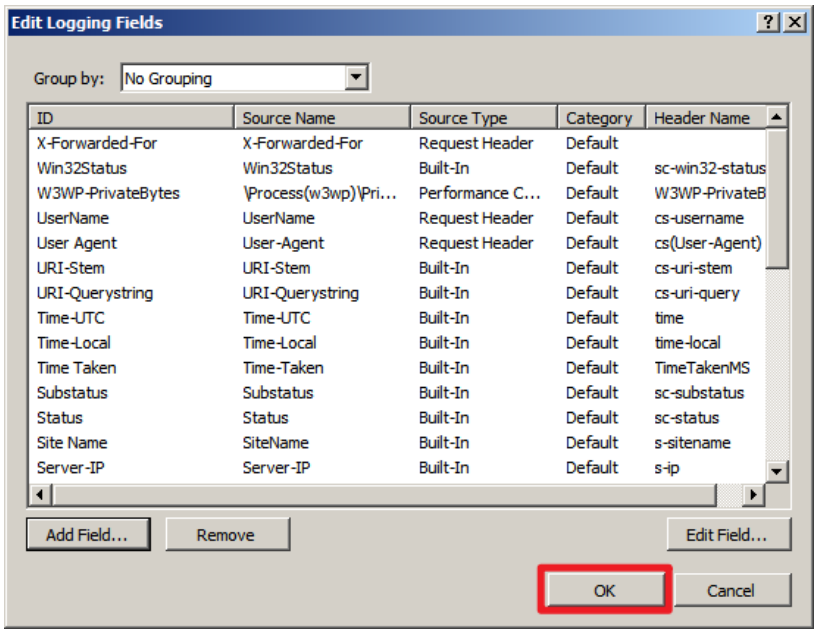
(8) Click “Add Field.”



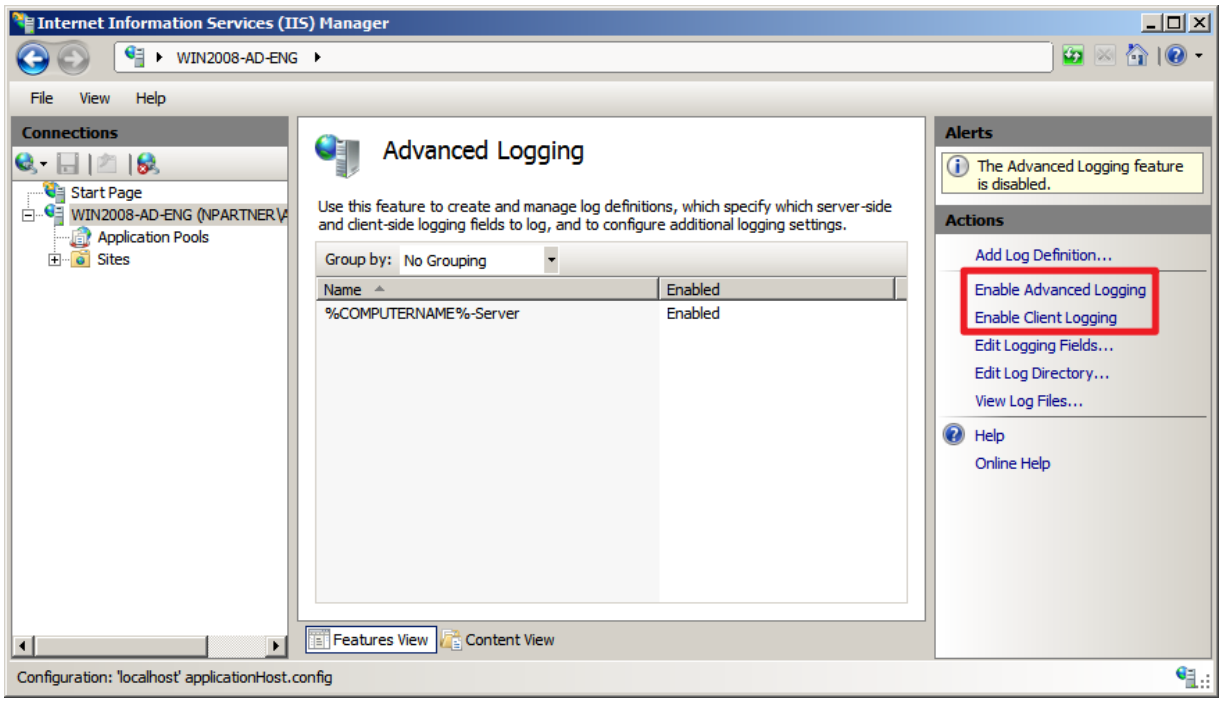
(9) Enter field ID: X-Forwarded-For → select category: “Default” → source type: “Request Header” → enter source name: X-Forwarded-For → click “OK.”



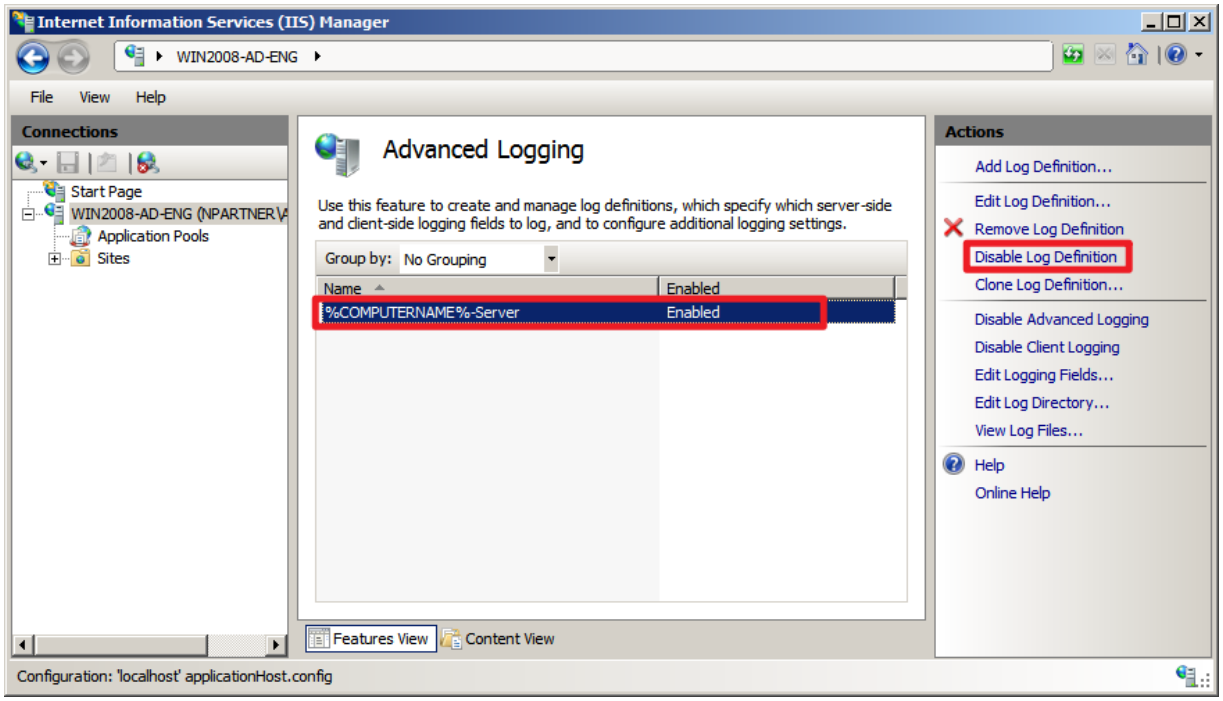
(10) Click “OK.”



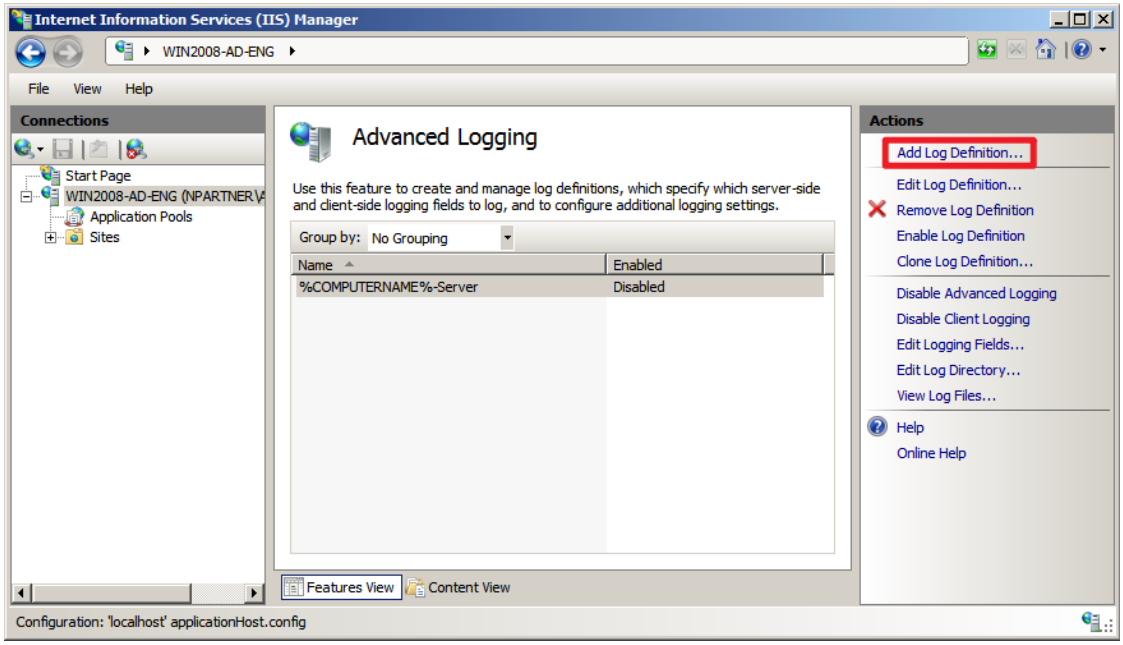
(11) Click “Enable Advanced Logging” and “Enable Client Logging.”



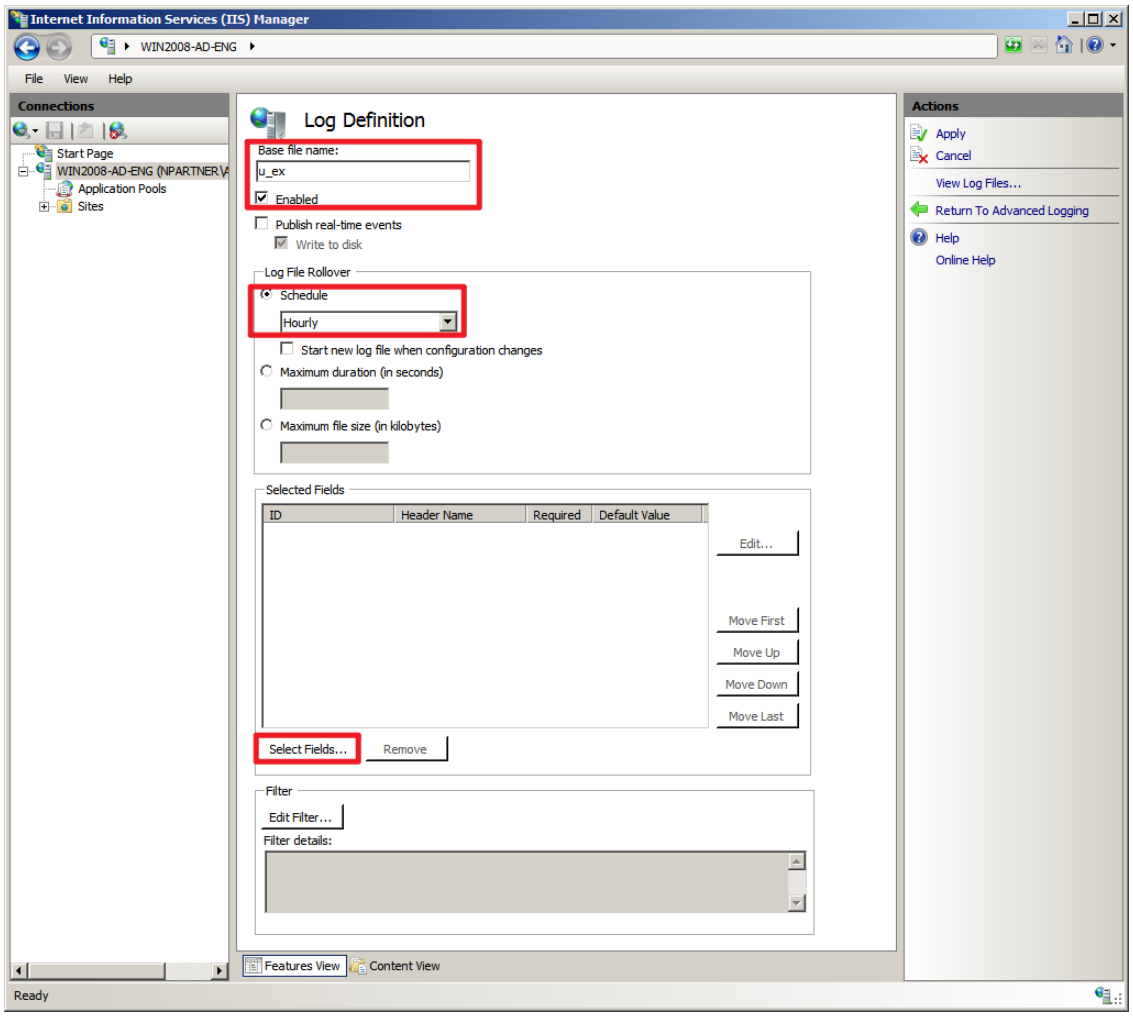
(12) Select “%COMPUTERNAME%-Server” → click “Disable Log Definition.”



(13) Click “Add Log Definition.”

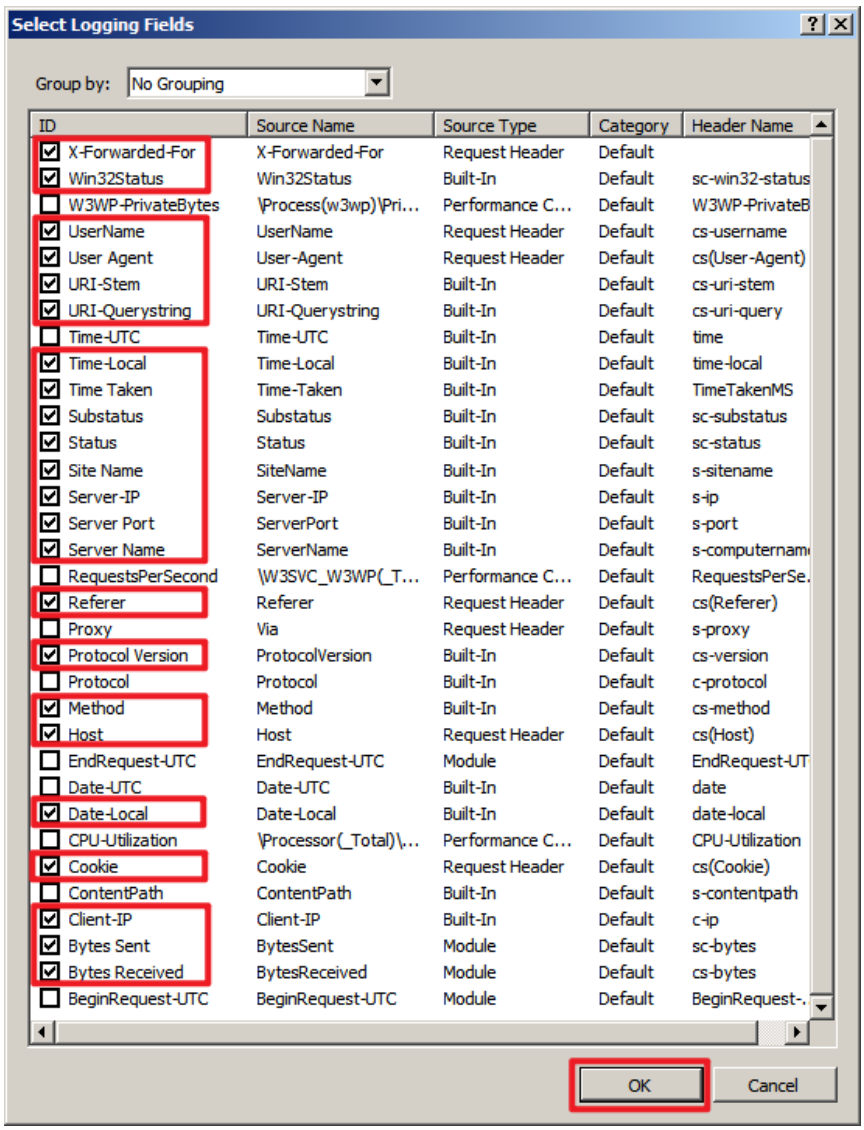


(14) Enter base file name: u_ex → check “Enabled” → select schedule: “Hourly” → click “Select Fields.”

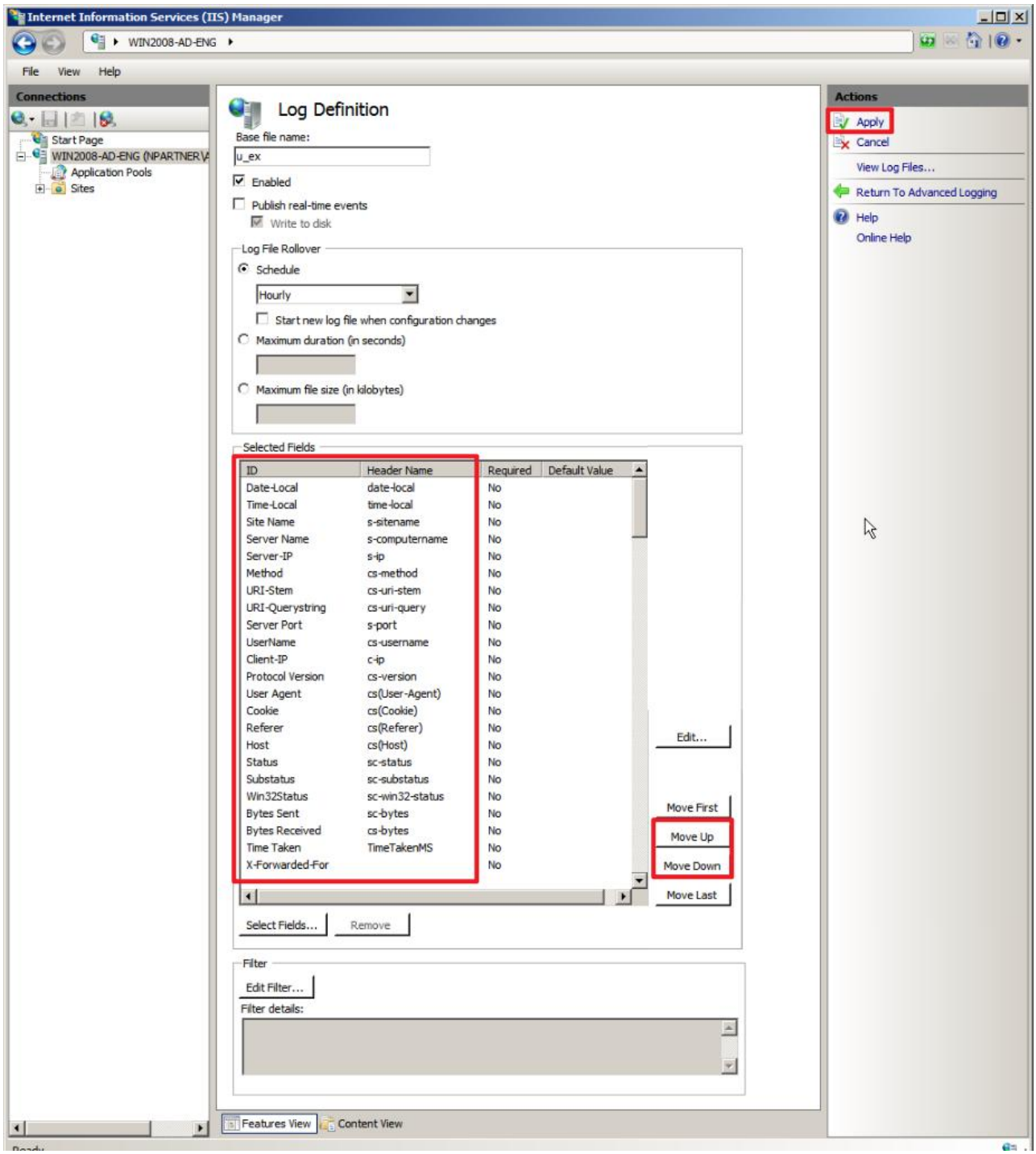


(15) Select the following fields → click “OK”:

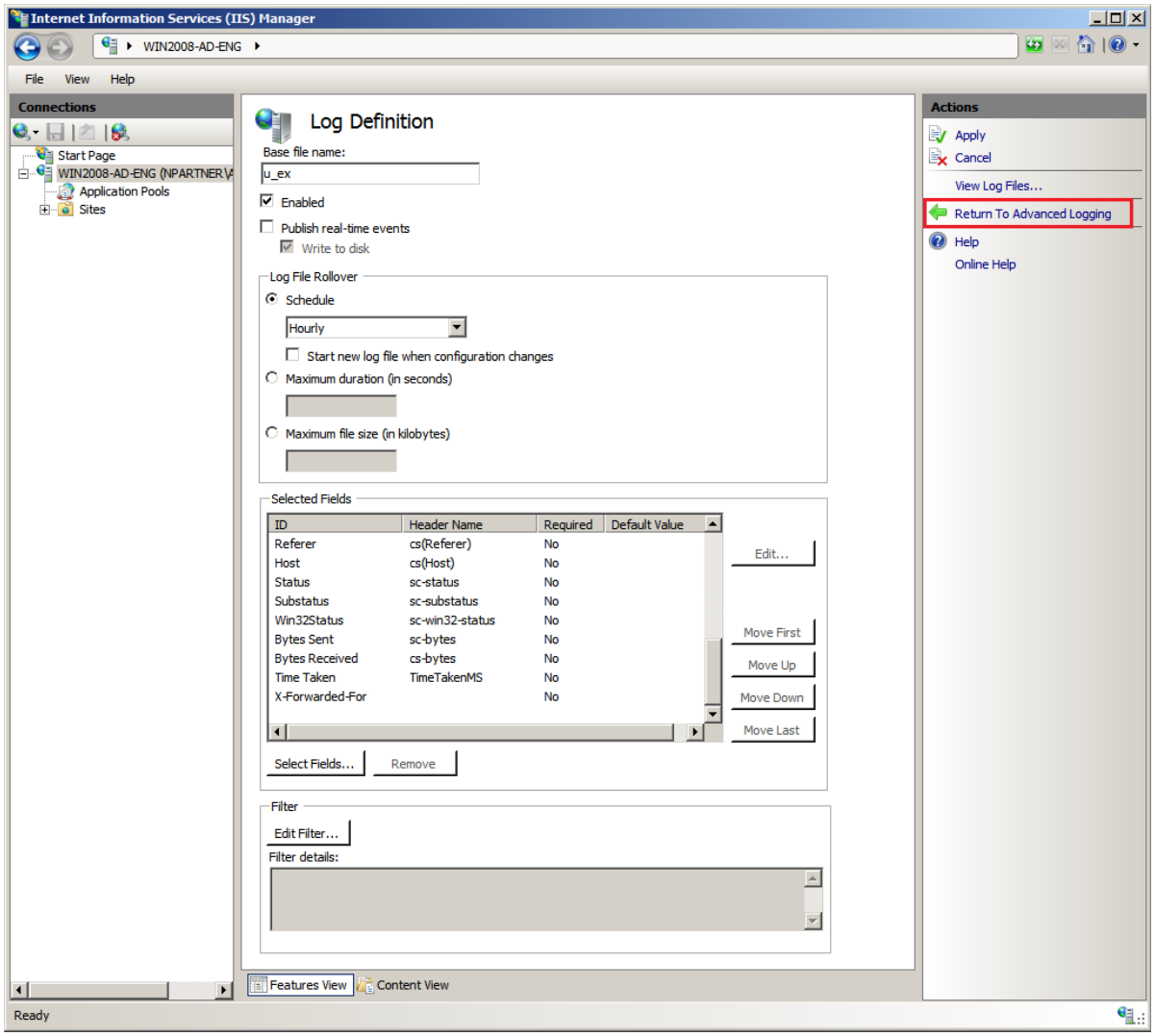
X-Forwarded-For, Win32Status (sc-win32-status), UserName (cs-username), User Agent (cs(User-Agent)), URI-Stem (cs-uri-stem), URI-Querystring (cs-uri-query), Time-Local (time-local), Time Taken (TimeTakenMS), Substatus (sc-substatus), Status (sc-status), Site Name (s-sitename), Server-IP (s-ip), Server Port (s-port), Server Name (s-computername), Referrer (cs(Referer)), Protocol Version (cs-version), Method (cs-method), Host (cs-host), Date-Local (date-local), Cookie (cs(Cookie)), Client-IP (c-ip), Bytes Sent (sc-bytes), Bytes Received (cs-bytes).



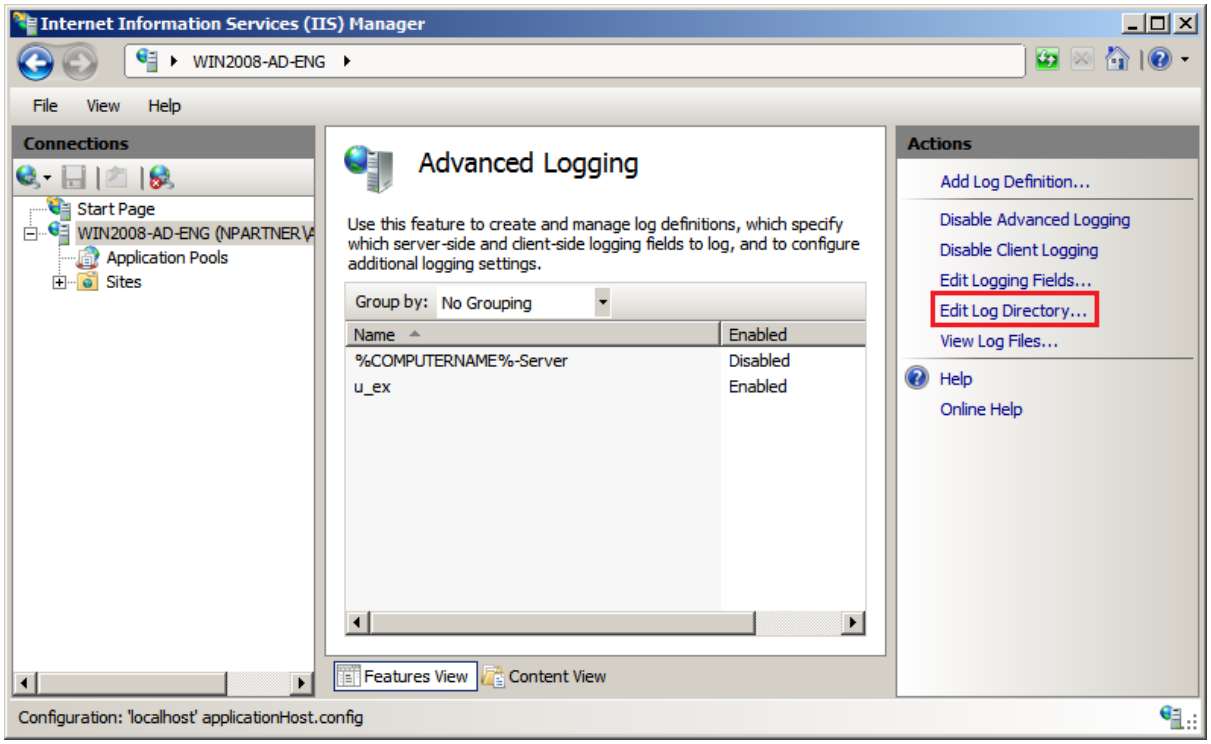
(16) Adjust the selected fields: Date-Local (date-local), Time-Local (time-local), Site Name (s-sitename), Server Name (s-computername), Server-IP (s-ip), Method (cs-method), URI-Stem (cs-uri-stem), URI-Querystring (cs-uri-query), Server Port (s-port), UserName (cs-username), Client-IP (c-ip), Protocol Version (cs-version), User Agent (cs(User-Agent)), Cookie (cs(Cookie)), Referrer (cs(Referer)), Host (cs-host), Status (sc-status), Substatus (sc-substatus), Win32Status (sc-win32-status), Bytes Sent (sc-bytes), Bytes Received (cs-bytes), Time Taken (TimeTakenMS), X-Forwarded-For → click "Move Up" or "Move Down" → click "Apply."



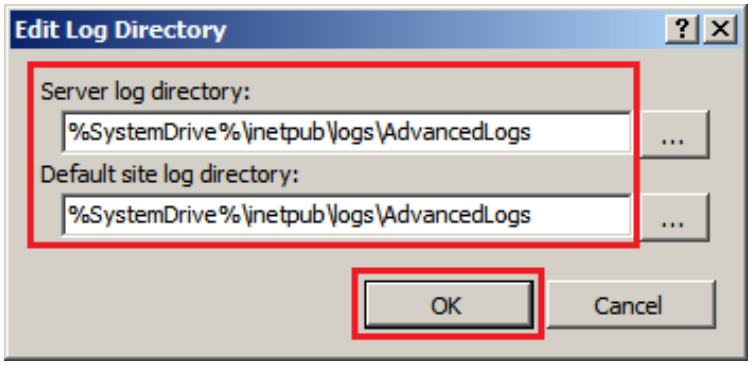
(17) Click “Return to Advanced Logging.”



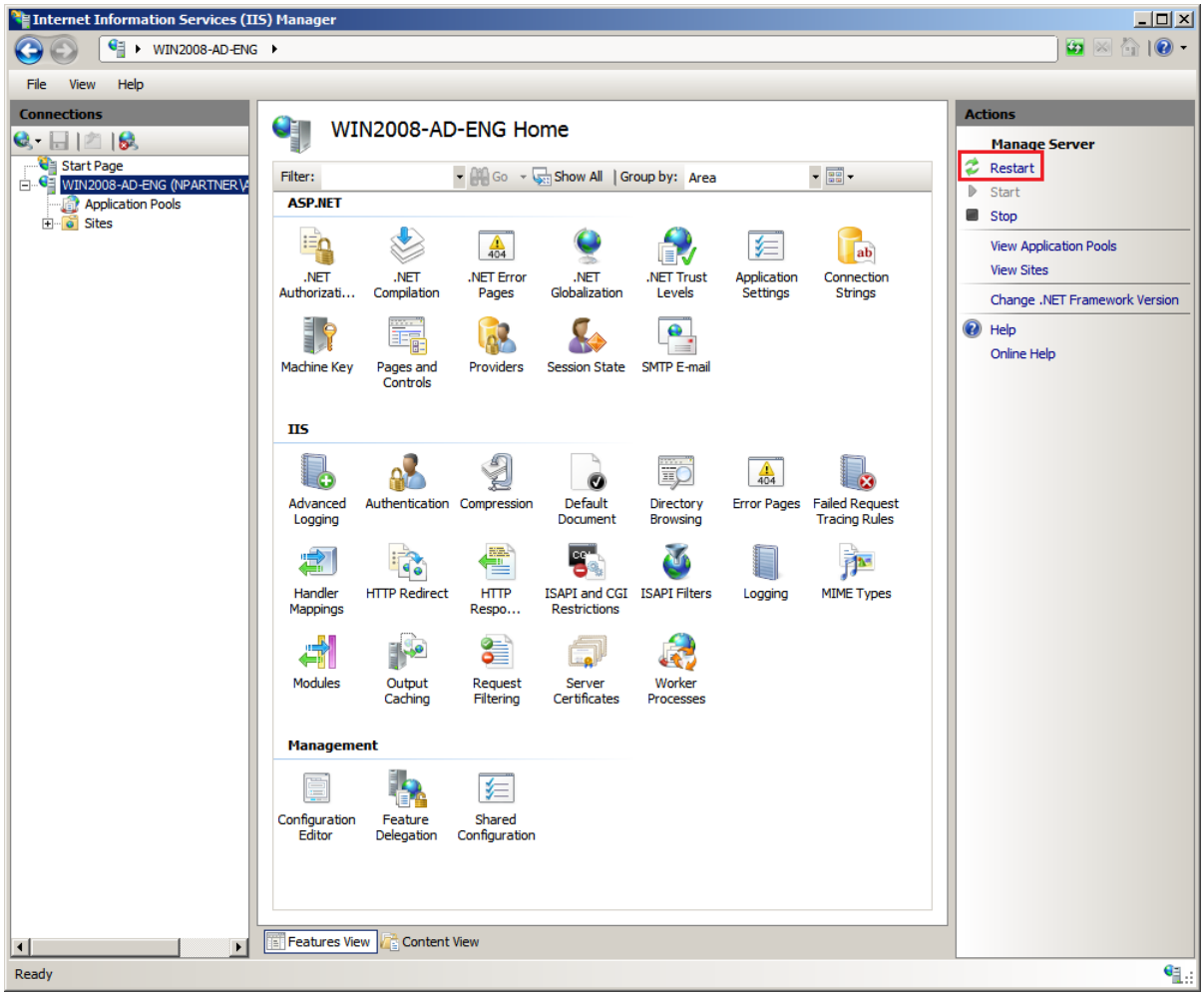
(18) Click “Edit Logging Directory.”



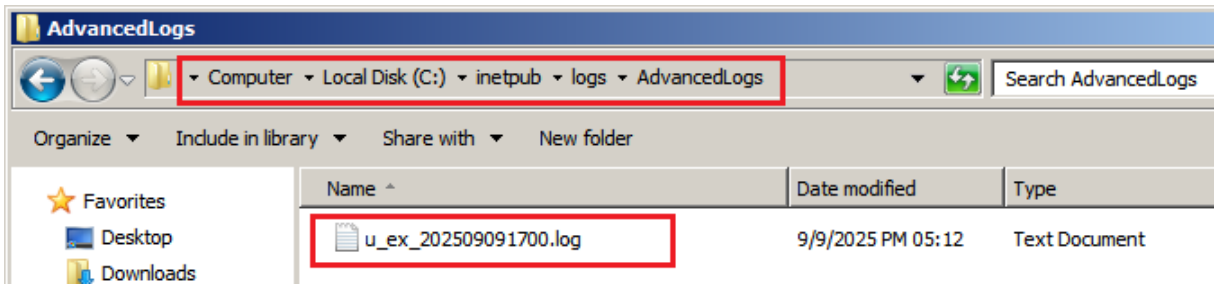
(19) Verify “Server Logging Directory” and “Default Web Site Logging Directory” paths → click “OK.”



(20) Click “Restart” IIS service.



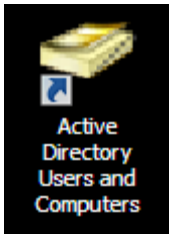
(21) Verify IIS log files are created in the folder: C:\inetpub\logs\AdvancedLogs



3.3 Event Log

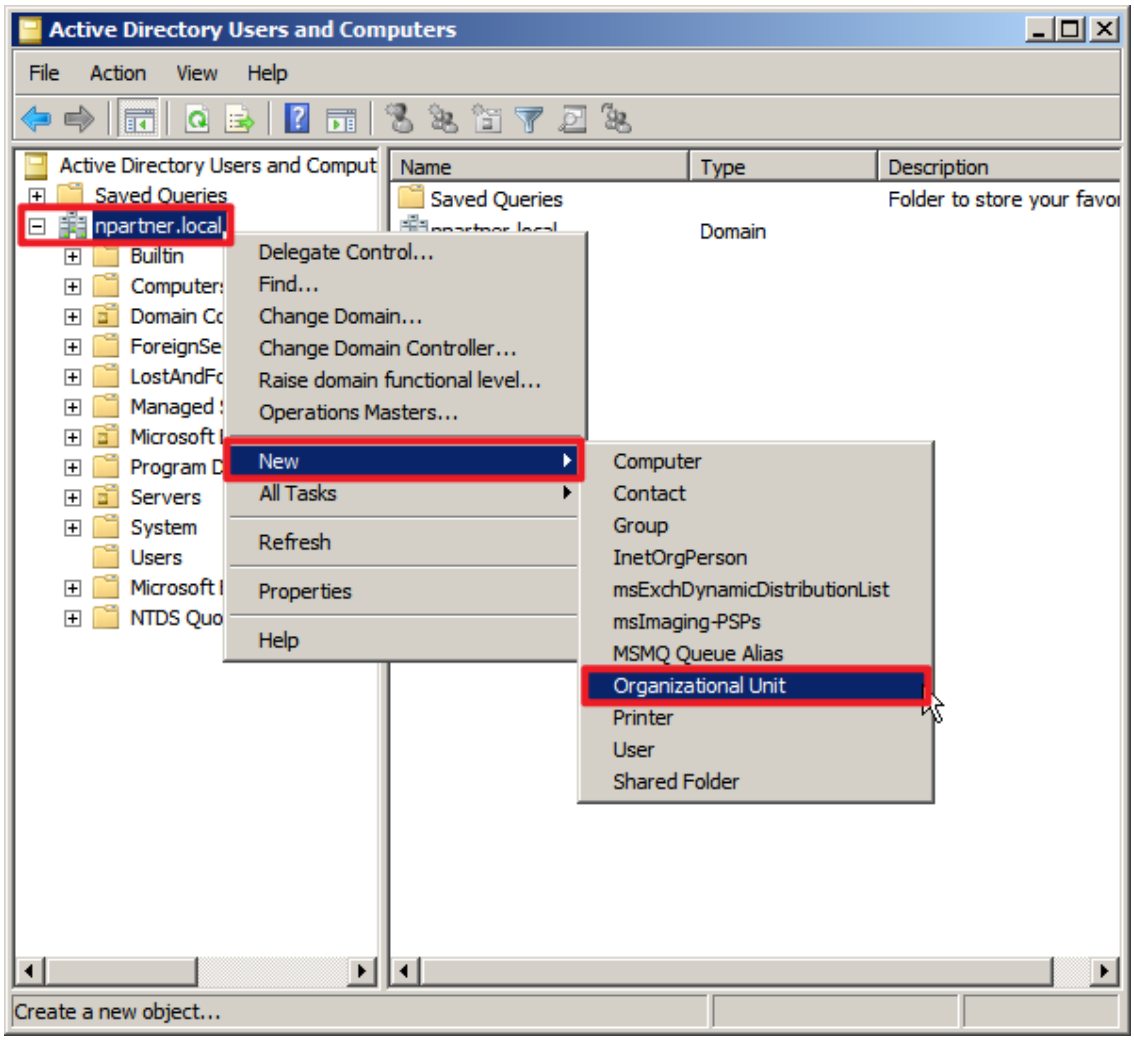
3.3.1 Organizational Unit (OU) Configuration

(1) Click “Active Directory Users and Computers.”



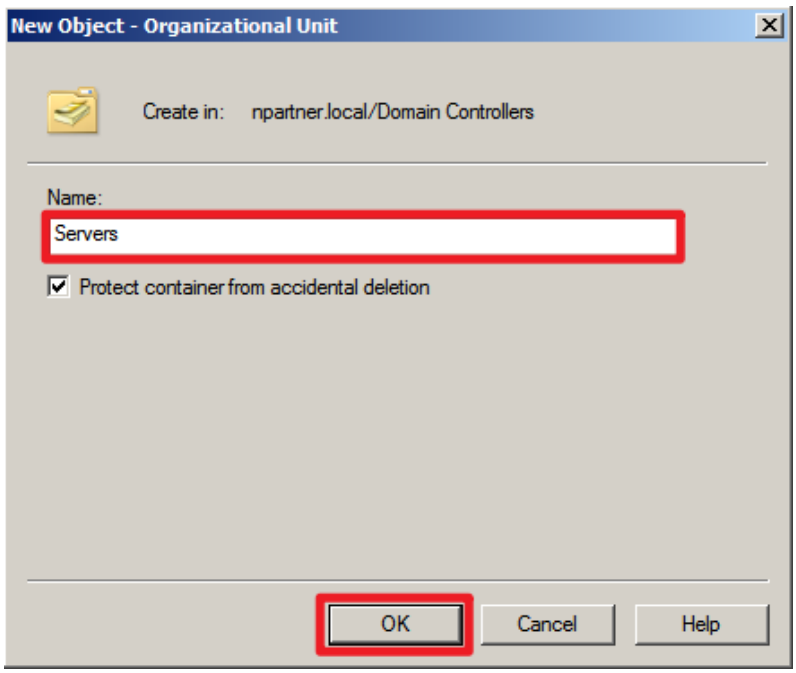
(2) Add an Organizational Unit

Right-click the “Domain Name” (the example here is npartner.local) → select “New,” and click “Organizational Unit.”



(3) Enter your Organizational Unit name: (in this example, it is “Servers”)

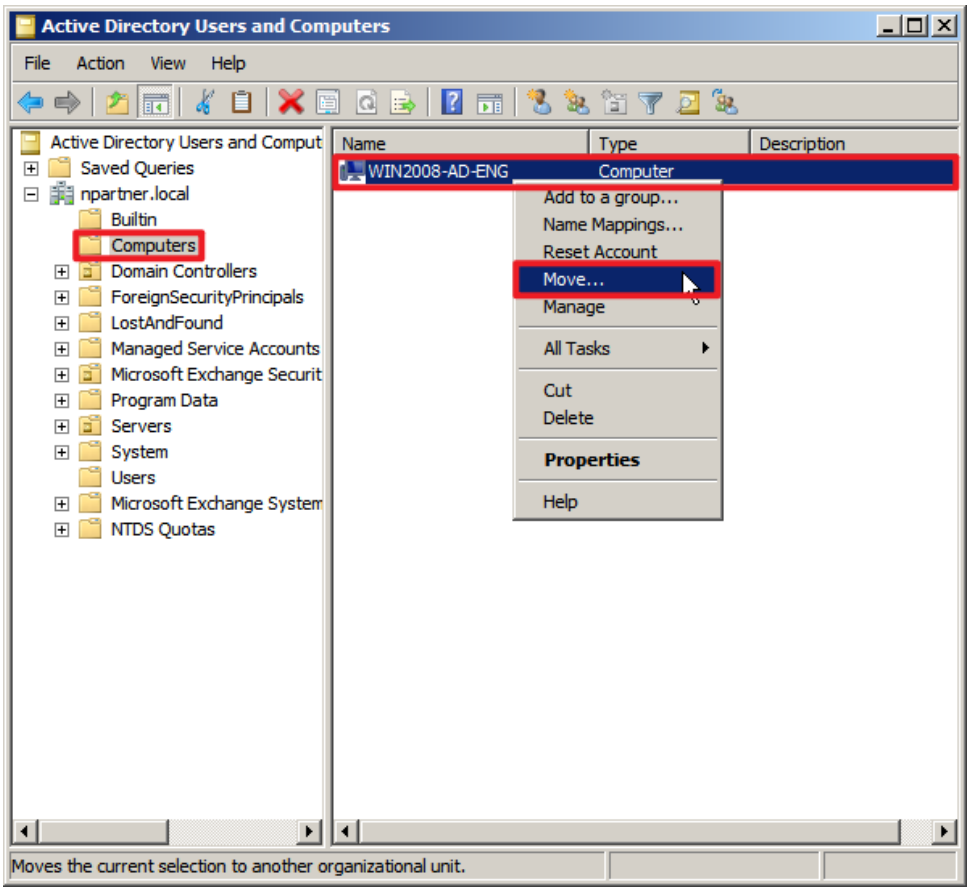
Note: Please create the organizational unit name according to the actual environment. → click “OK.”



(4) Move the Server to your New Organizational Unit:

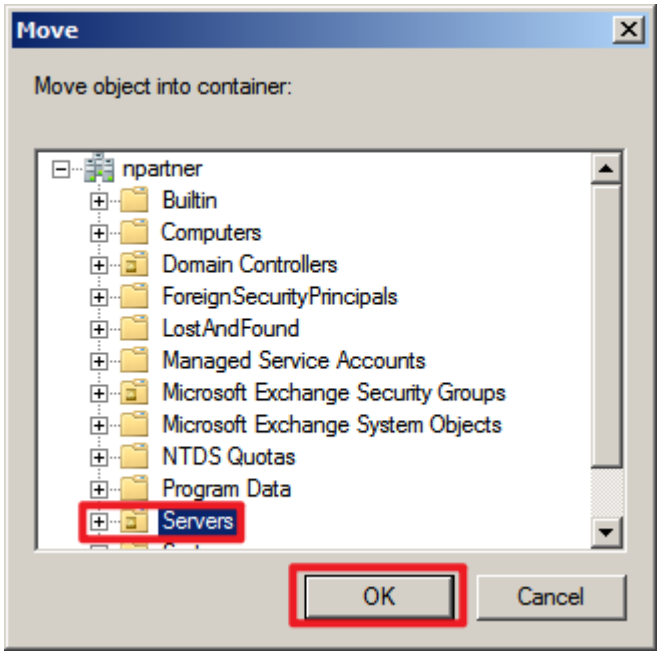
Select the “Computers” organizational unit (OU) → right-click on the “WIN2008-AD-ENG” server.

Note: Please select the Windows AD server according to the actual environment. → click “Move.”



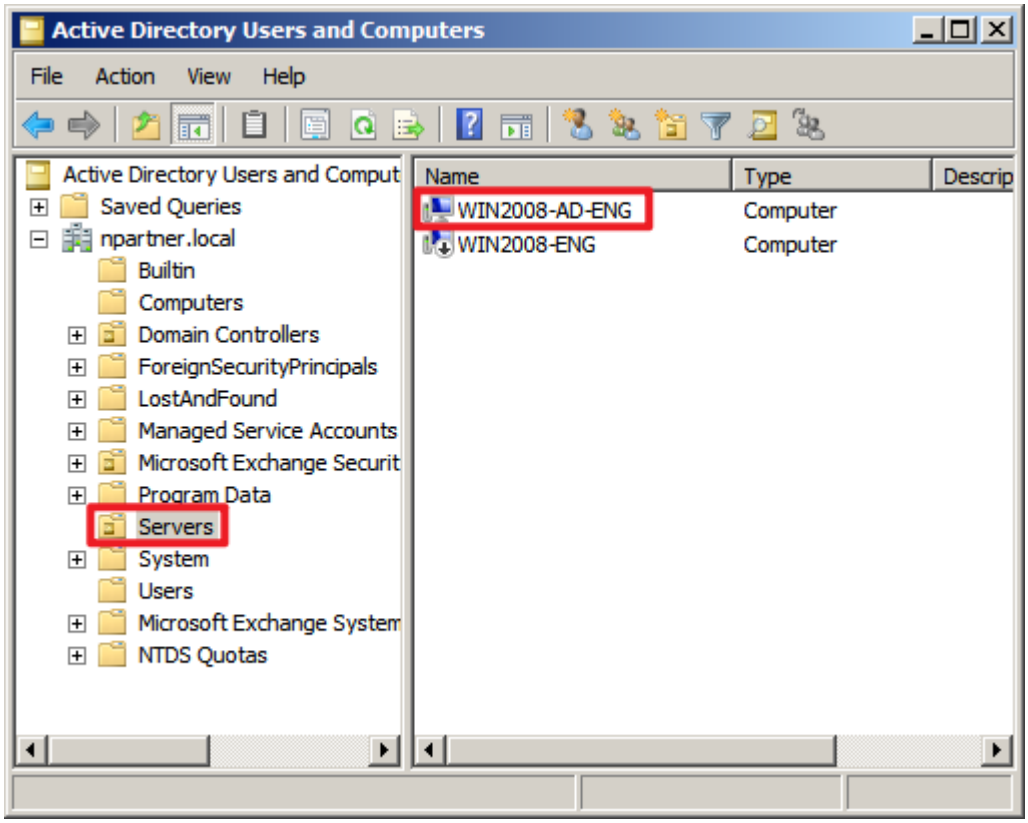
(5) Select your Organizational Unit:

Select your organizational unit (in this example, it is “Servers”) from the “Domain Controllers” → click “OK.”



(6) Verify the Server Has Been Moved to your New Organizational Unit:

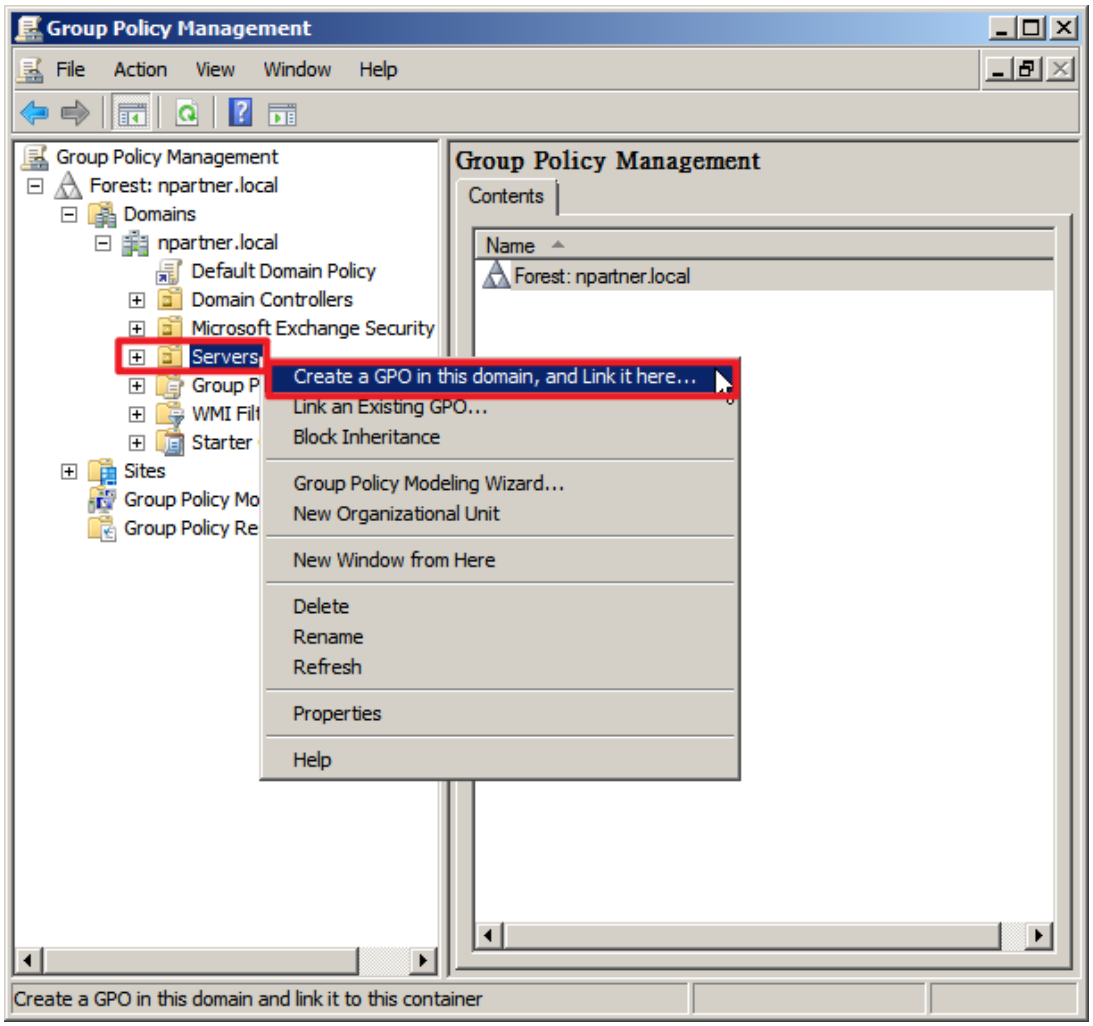
Expand your organizational unit folder (in this example, it is “Servers”) and confirm that the “WIN2008-AD-ENG” server has been moved.



3.3.2 Group Policy Settings

(1) Click “Group Policy Management.”

(2) Right-click the “Servers” organizational unit (OU) and select “Create a GPO in this domain, and Link it here…”

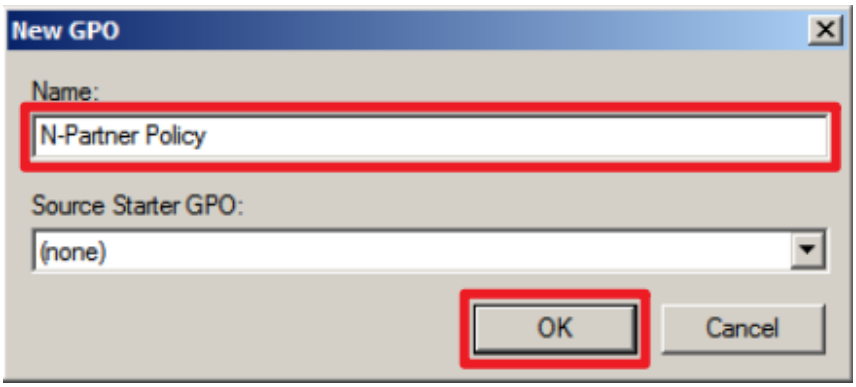


(3) Enter the Group Policy Object (GPO) name

In your group policy object, (in this example, it is “N-Partner Policy”)

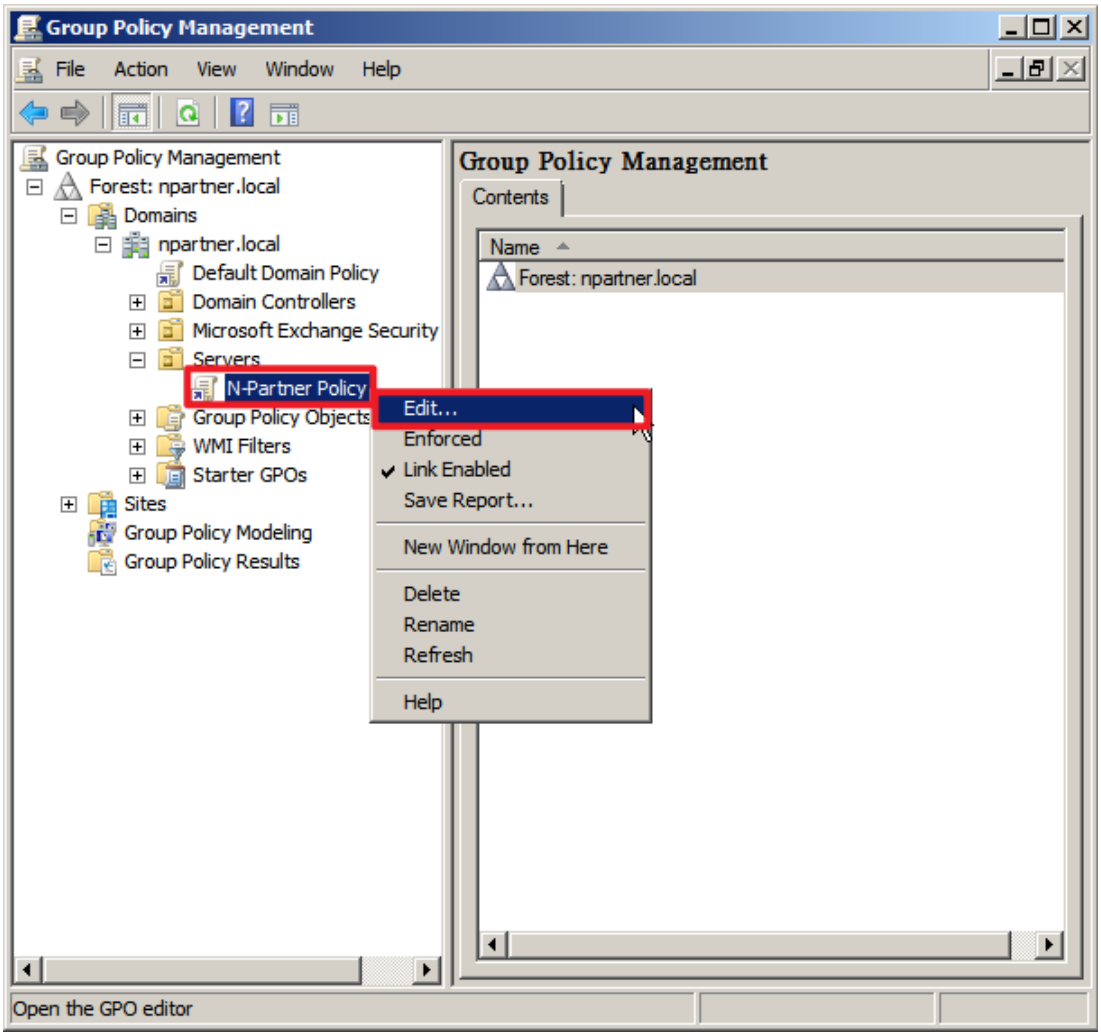
Note: Please create the GPO name according to the actual environment.

→ select “OK.”



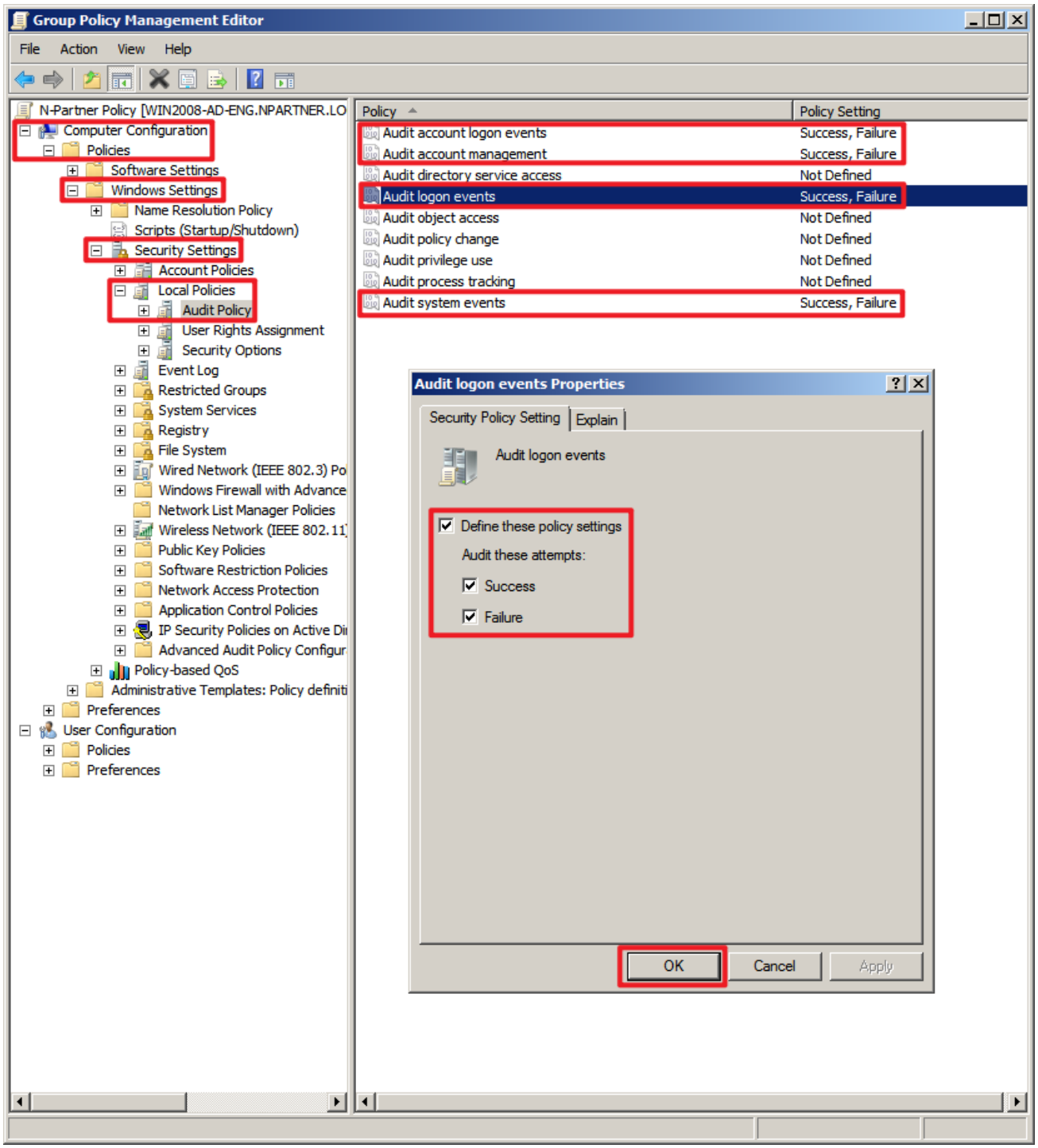
(4) Edit your Group Policy Object

Right-click the Group Policy Object (GPO) (in this example, it is “N-Partner Policy”) → select “Edit.”



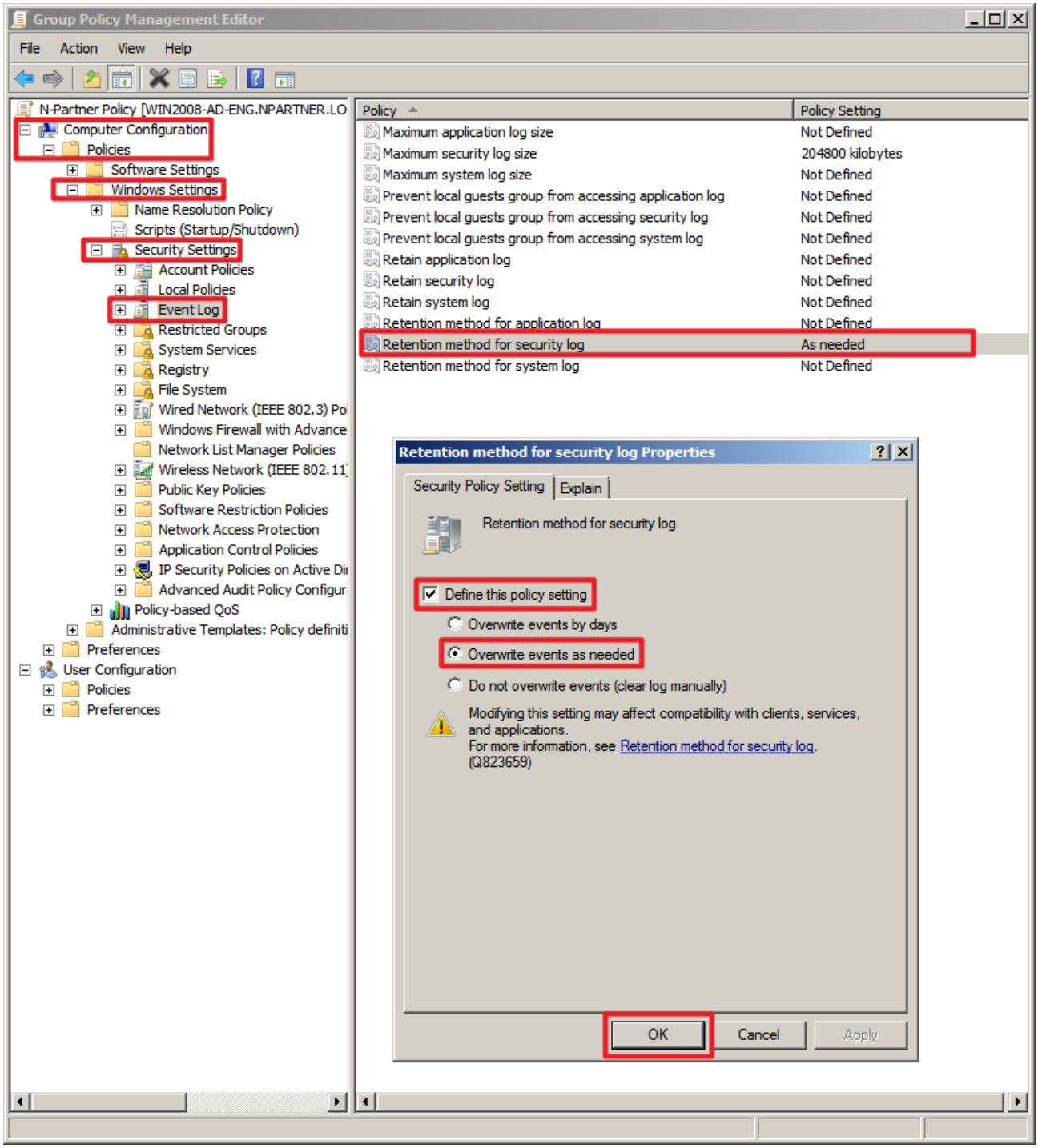
(5) Local Group Policies: Audit Policy

Expand folder “Computer Configuration” → “Windows Settings” → “Security Settings” → “Local Policies” → “Audit Policy.” And click on “Audit account logon events,” “Audit account management,” “Audit logon events,” and “Audit system events” → check “Define these policy settings”: Success, Failure. → click “OK.”



(6) Event Log: Security Log Retention Method

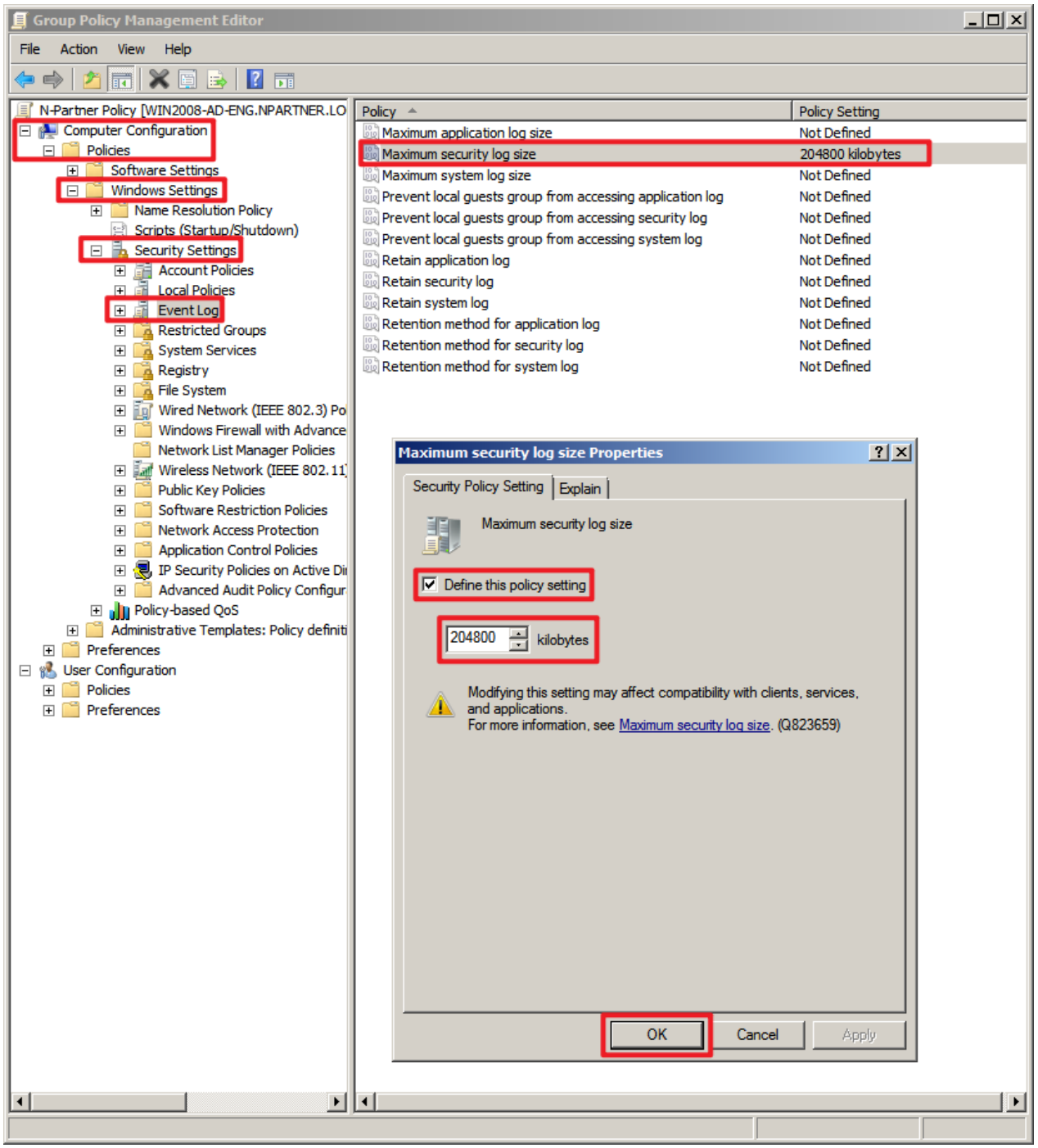
Expand “Computer Configuration” → “Policies” → “Windows Settings” → “Security Settings” → “Event Log” → select “Retention method for security log” → check “Define this policy setting” → select “Overwrite events as needed” → click “OK.”



(7) Event Logs: Maximum Size of Security Log

Expand folder “Computer Configuration” → “Policies” → “Windows Settings” → “Security Settings” → “Event Log” → and click on “Maximum security log size” → Check “Define this policy setting” → enter 204800 KB

Note: Please adjust the number based on the actual environment. → click “OK.”



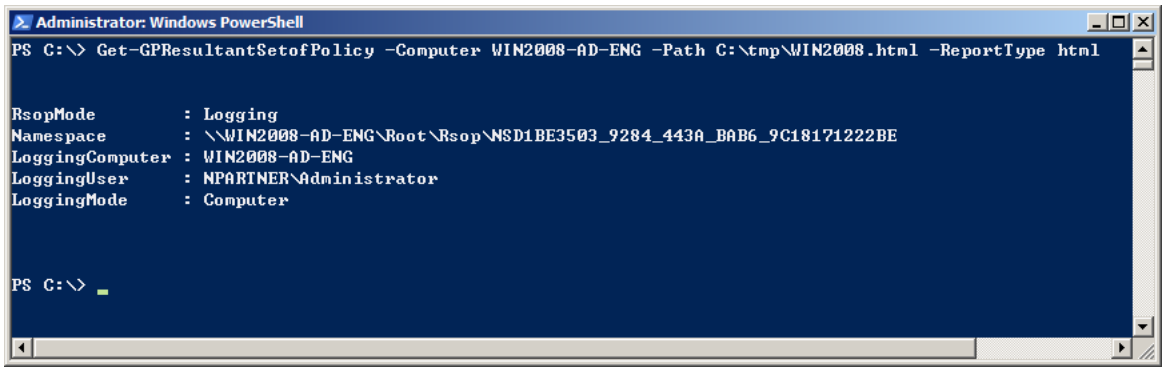
(8) On the Exchange server, open “Windows PowerShell.”

(9) Enter the command below to refresh group policy.

```
PS C:\> gpupdate /force
```

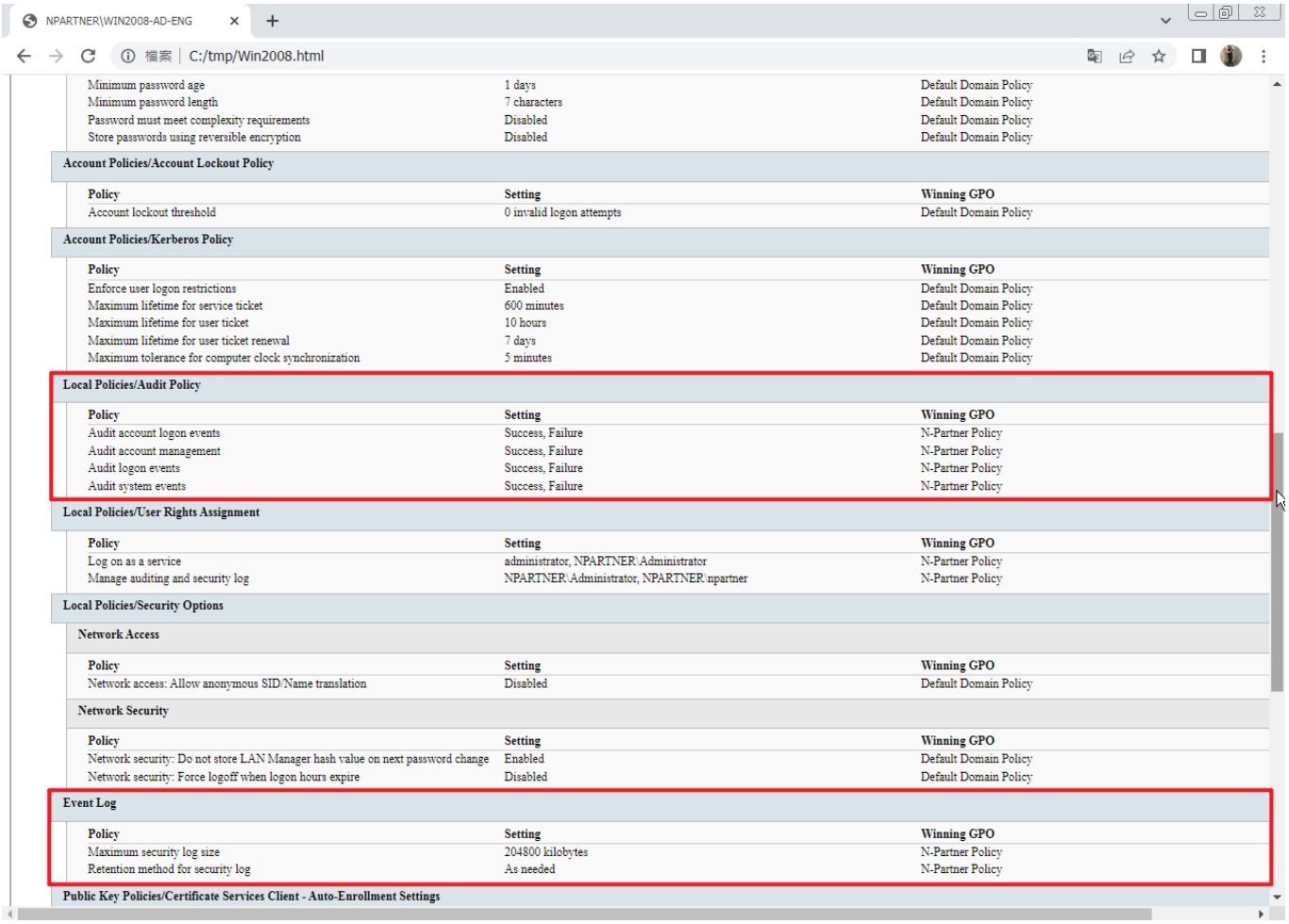
(10) On the server, open “Windows PowerShell” → enter the command below to generate the group policy report for the Windows File server.

```
PS C:\> Get-GPResultantSetofPolicy -Computer Win2008 -Path C:\tmp\Win2008.html -ReportType html
```



Replace the text shown in red with the Windows server name and the folder path/filename.

(11) Open the report and verify that the Windows2008-AD-ENG server has applied the “N-Partner Policy” Group Policy Object (GPO).



4. Exchange 2013

Example: Exchange 2013 installed on a Windows 2012 server.

Message tracking logs can be configured through the “Exchange Administrative Center” or the “Exchange Management Shell.”

4.1 Exchange MessageTracking Log

Modify nxlog.conf

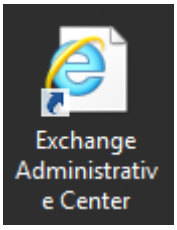
Note: Please refer to 1.3 NXLog Configuration File.

Edit the blue text section to specify the message tracking log folder:

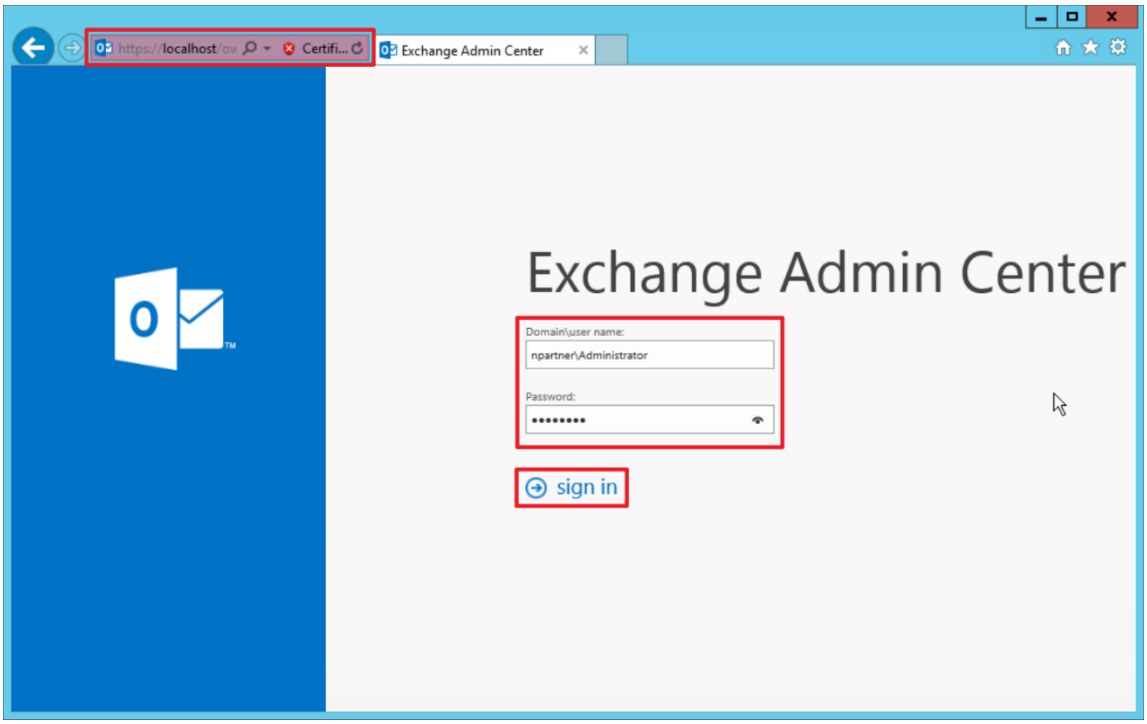
```
define MailLog C:\Program Files\Microsoft\Exchange Server\V15\TransportRoles\Logs\MessageTracking
```

4.1.1 Exchange Administrative Center

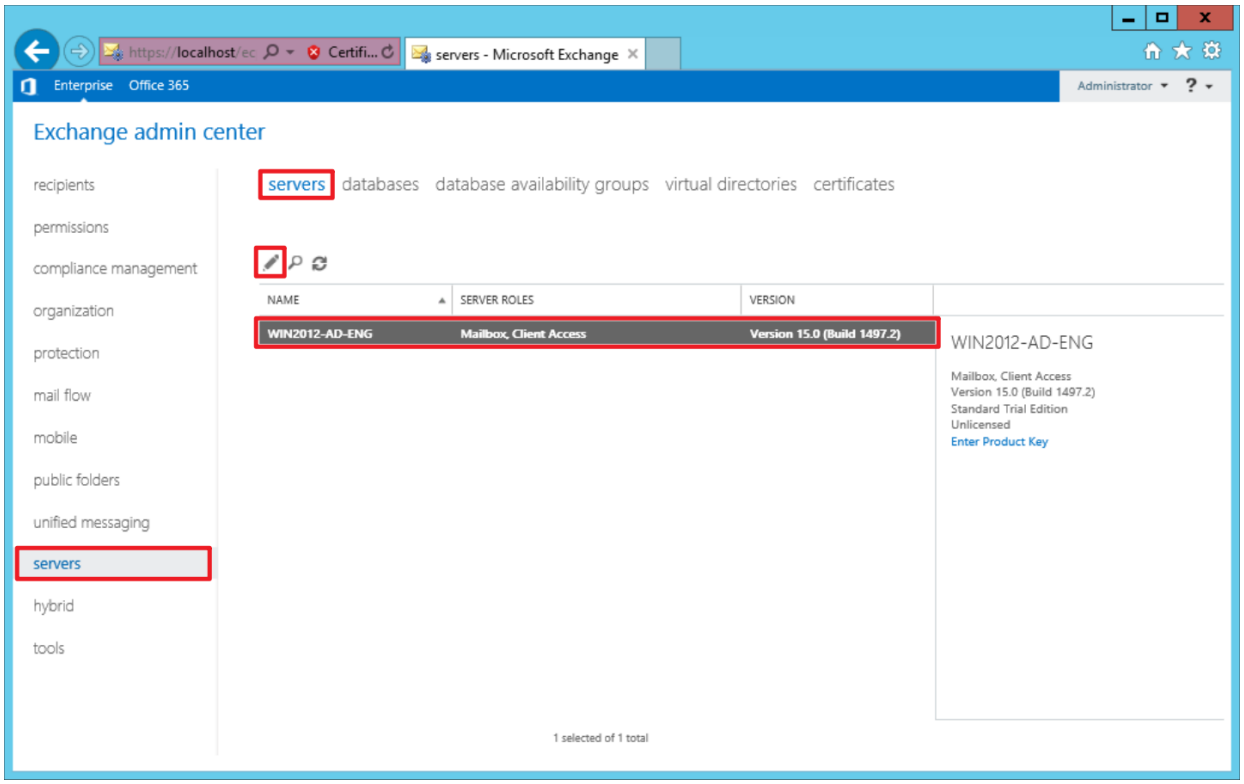
(1) Open “Exchange Administrative Center.”



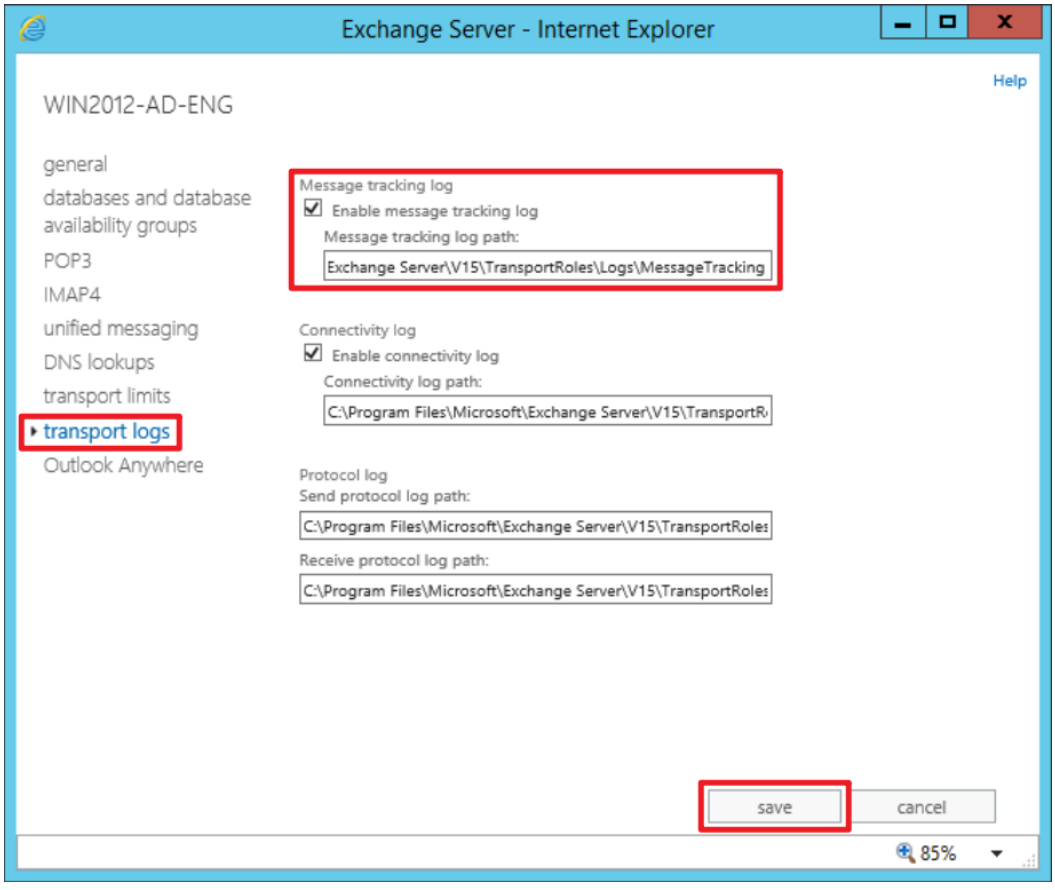
(2) Enter the URL: https://<ExchangeIP>/ecp → enter “Domain\username” and password → click “Sign in.”



(3) Select the “Servers” page → select “Servers” → select “Mailbox Server (WIN2012-AD-ENG)” → click “Edit.”

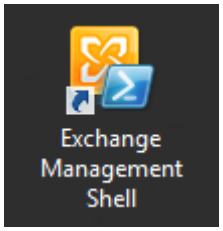


(4) Select “Transport Logs” → verify “Enable message tracking log” is checked and the log path is set to: C:\Program Files\Microsoft\Exchange Server\V15\TransportRoles\Logs\MessageTracking → click “Save.”



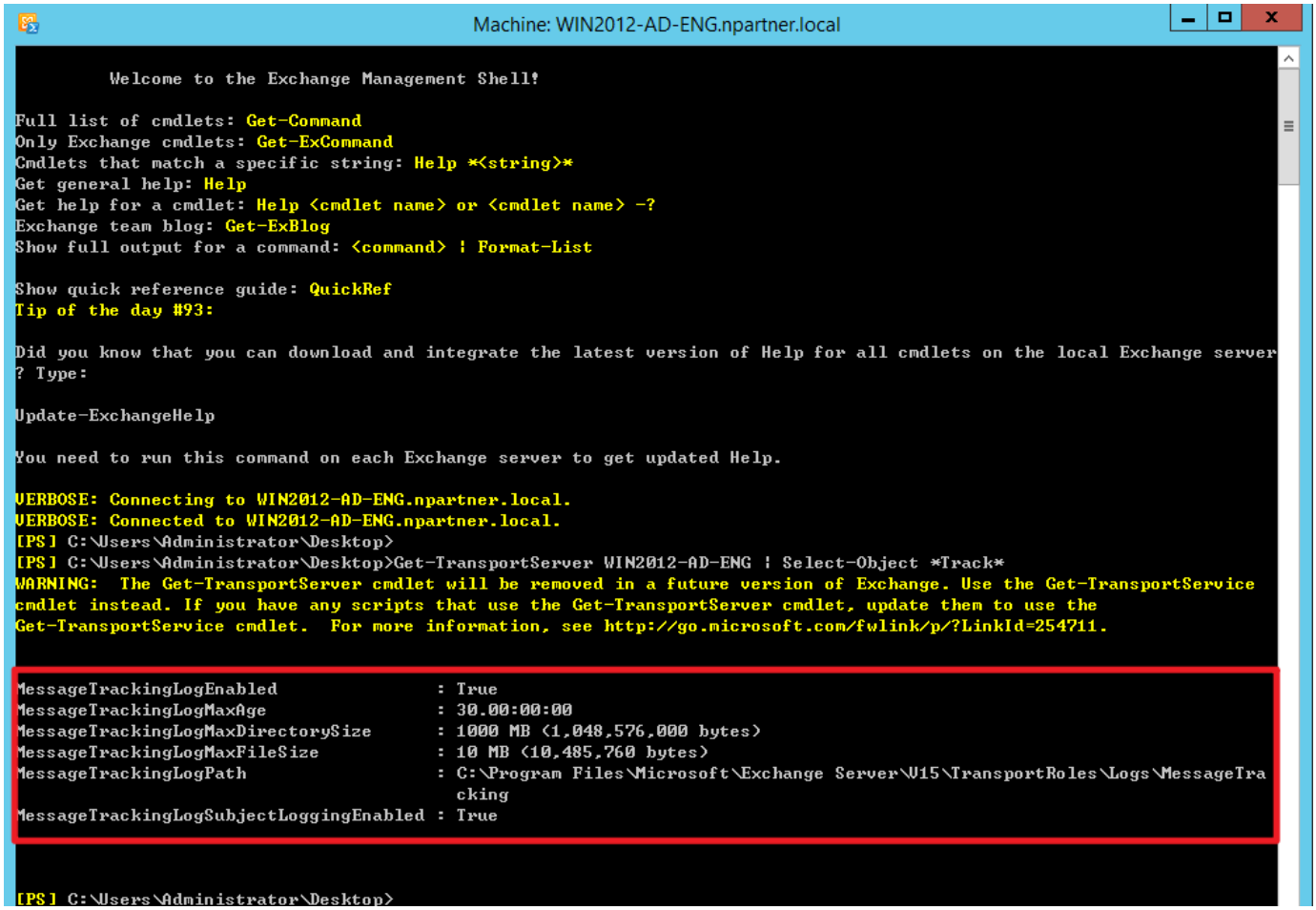
4.1.2 Exchange Management Shell

(1) Open “Exchange Management Shell.”



(2) Verify “Enable message tracking log” is checked and the log path is set to: [C:\Program Files\Microsoft\Exchange Server\V15\TransportRoles\Logs\MessageTracking] and run the following command in “Exchange Management Shell”:

```
[PS] C:\> Get-TransportServer Win2012 | Select-Object *Track*
```

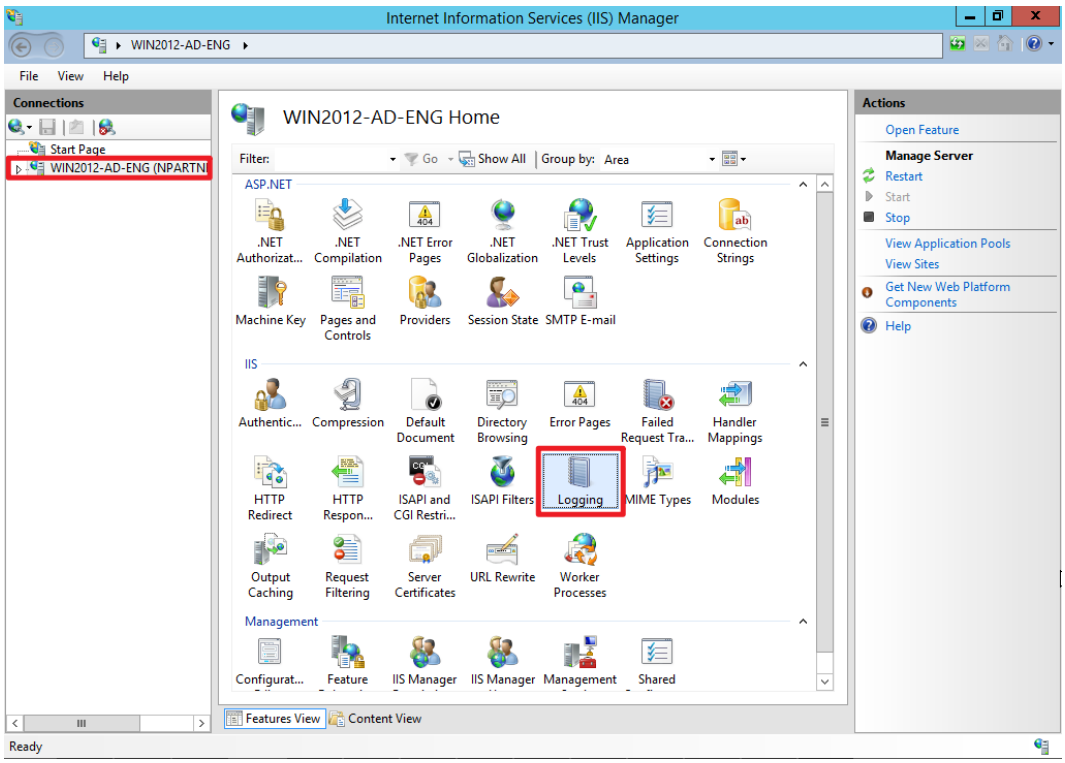


Replace the server name in red text with your Exchange server name.

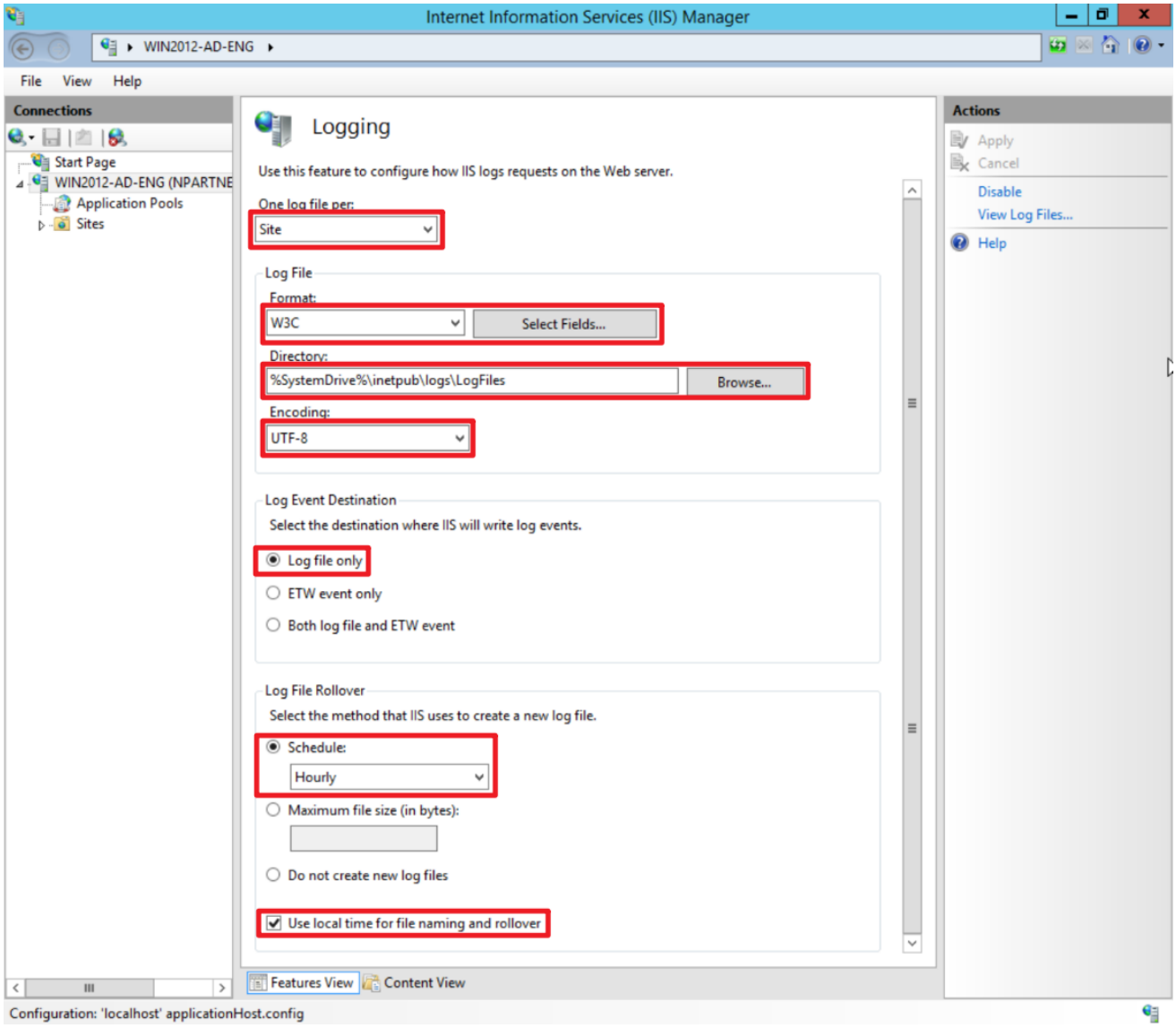
4.2 IIS Log

(1) Open “Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager.”

(2) Select your “IIS Server” (the example here is WIN2012-AD-ENG) → “Logging.”

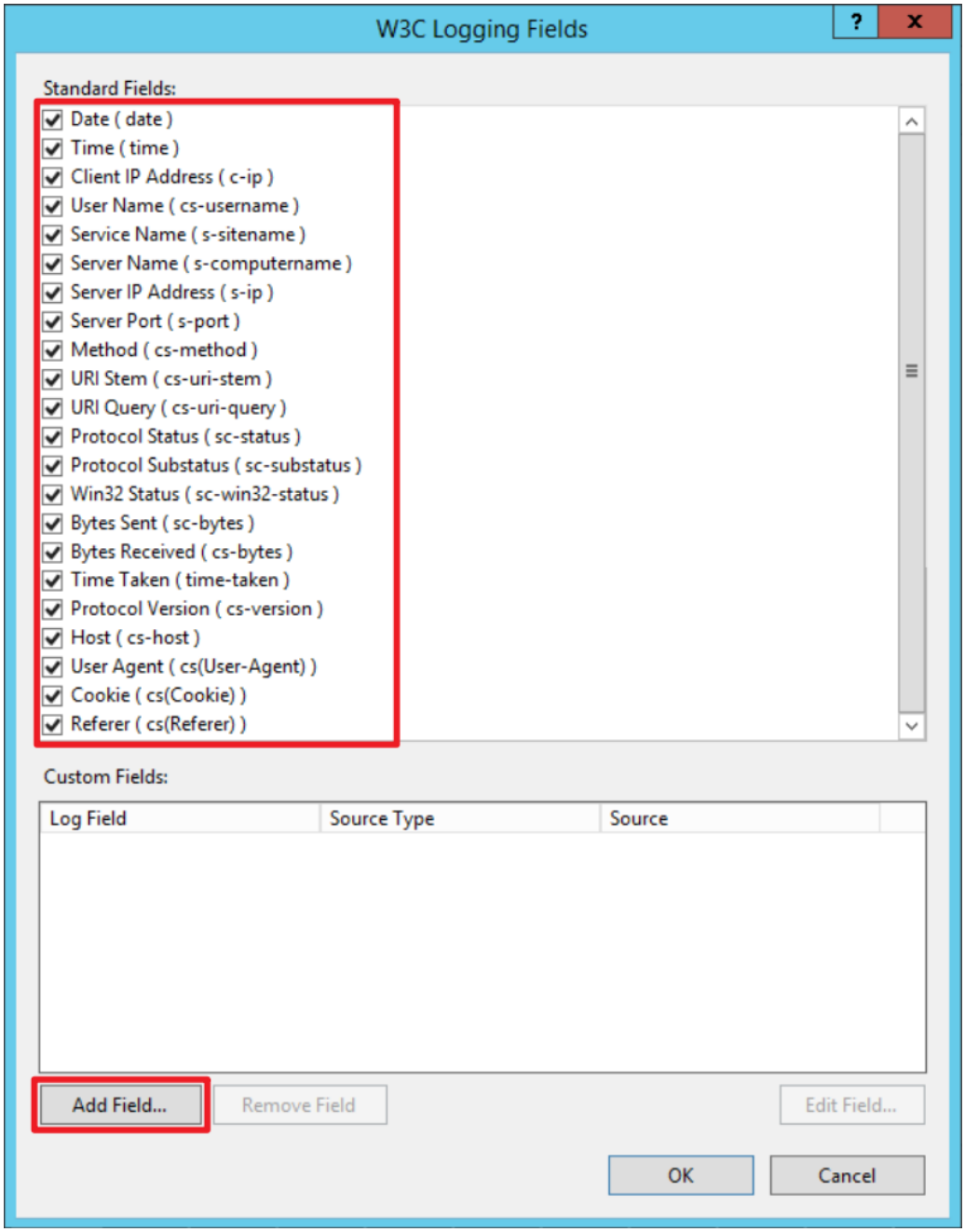


(3) Select “Create a log file for each site” → set “Log file format” to “W3C” → set “Directory” to %SystemDrive%\inetpub\logs\LogFiles → set “Encoding” to “UTF-8” → set “Log event destination” to “Log file only” → set “Schedule” to “Hourly” → check “Use local time for file naming and rollover” → click “Select Fields.”

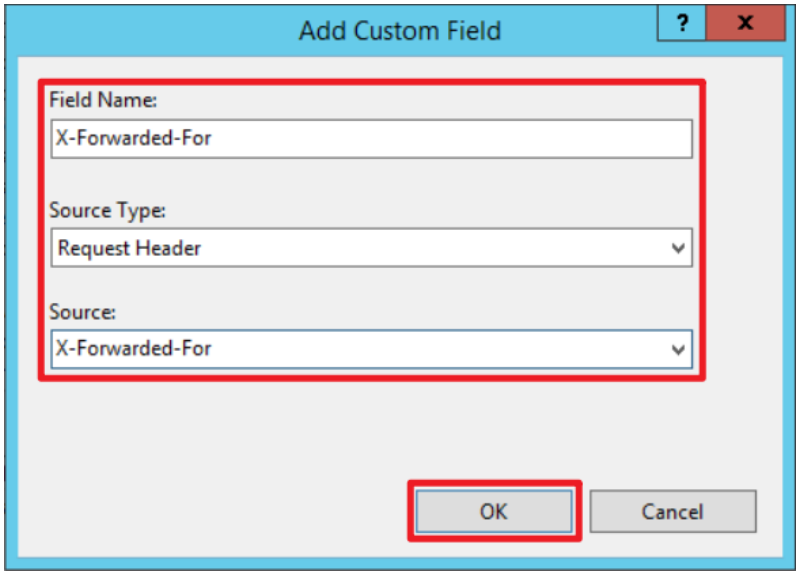


(4) Select the following fields → click “Add Field”:

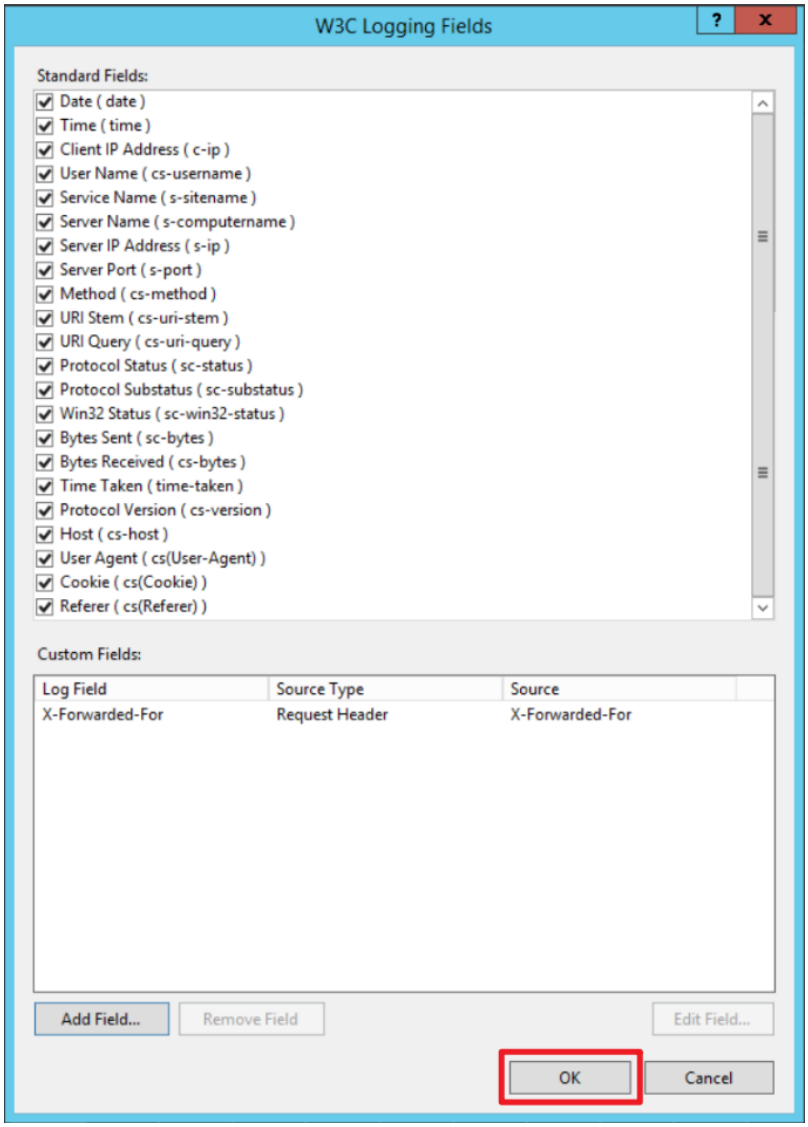
“Date (date), Time (time), Client IP Address (c-ip), User Name (cs-username), Service Name (s-sitename), Server Name (s-computername), Server IP Address (s-ip), Server Port (s-port), Method (cs-method), URI Stem (cs-uri-stem), URI Query (cs-uri-query), Protocol Status (sc-status), Protocol Substatus (sc-substatus), Win32 Status (sc-win32-status), Bytes Sent (sc-bytes), Bytes Received (cs-bytes), Time Taken (time-taken), Protocol Version (cs-version), Host (cs-host), User Agent (cs(User-Agent)), Cookie (cs(Cookie)), Referrer (cs(Referer)).”



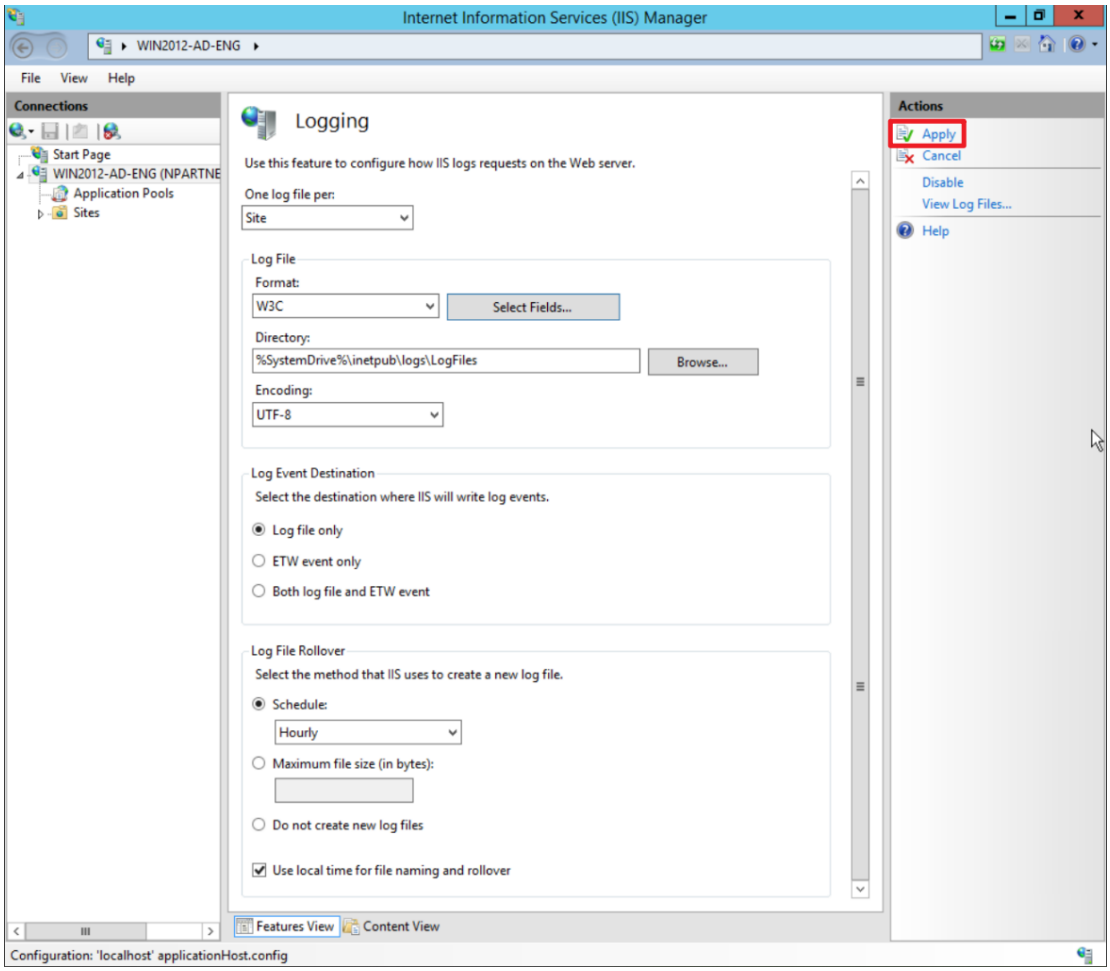
(5) Enter field name: X-Forwarded-For → select “Source type”: “Request Header” → enter source name: X-Forwarded-For → click “OK.”



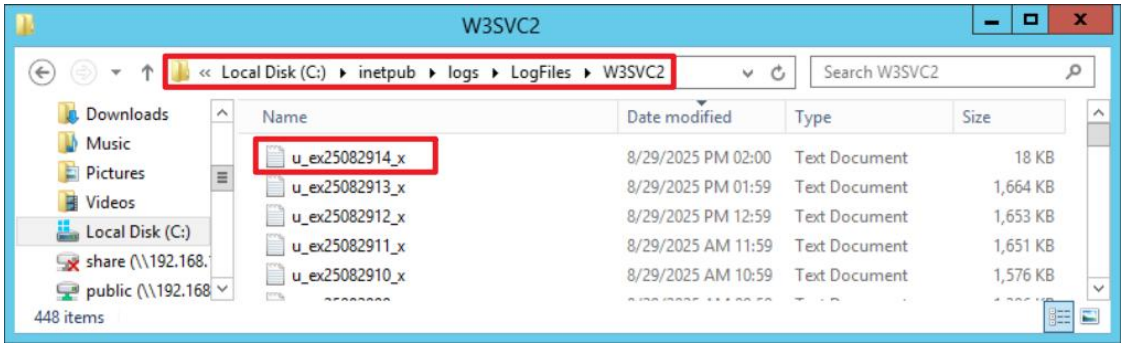
(6) Click “OK.”



(7) Click “Apply.”



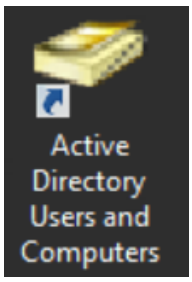
(8) Verify IIS log files are created in the folder: C:\inetpub\logs\LogFiles\W3SVC2



4.3 Event Log

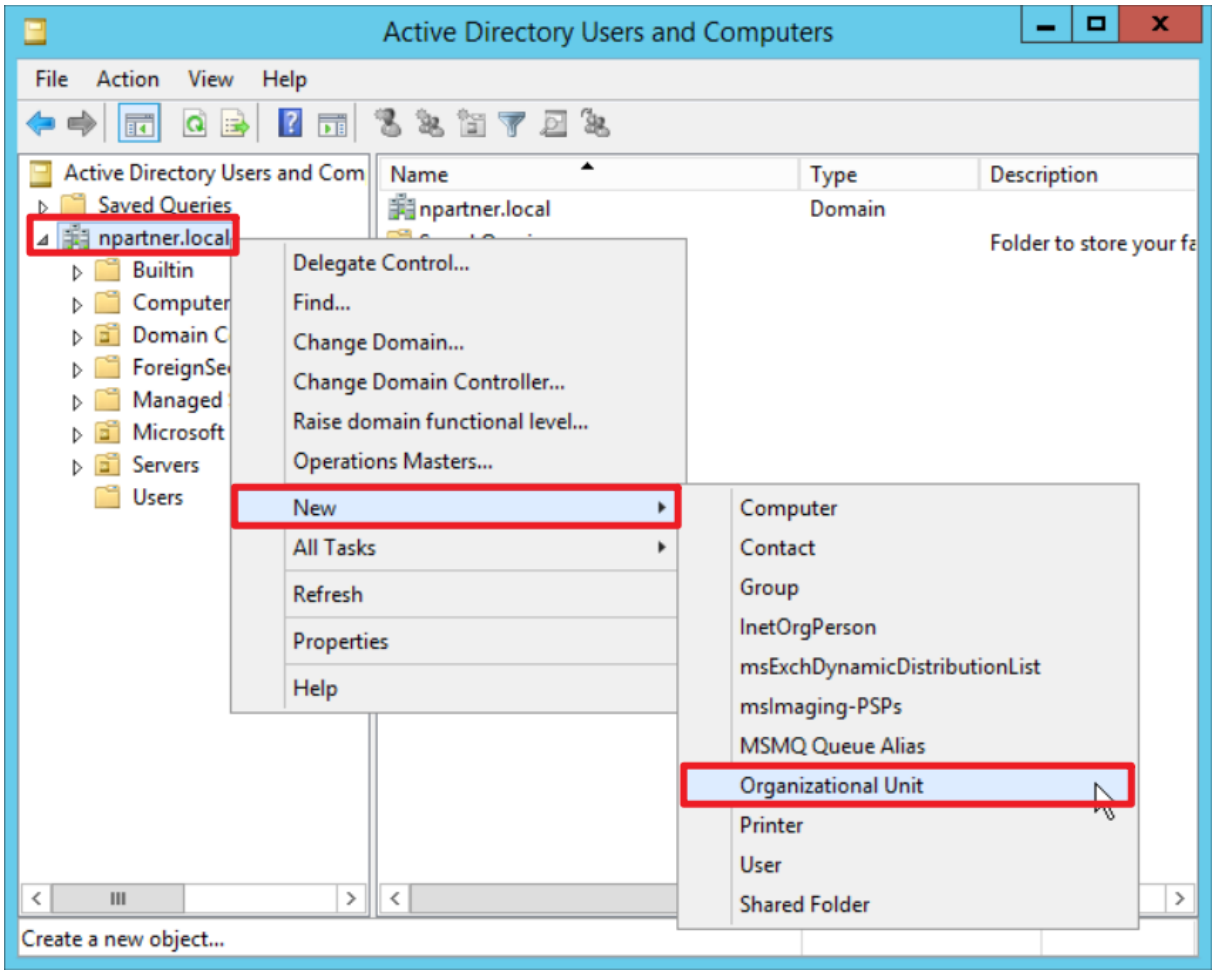
4.3.1 Organizational Unit (OU) Configuration

(1) Open “Active Directory Users and Computers.”



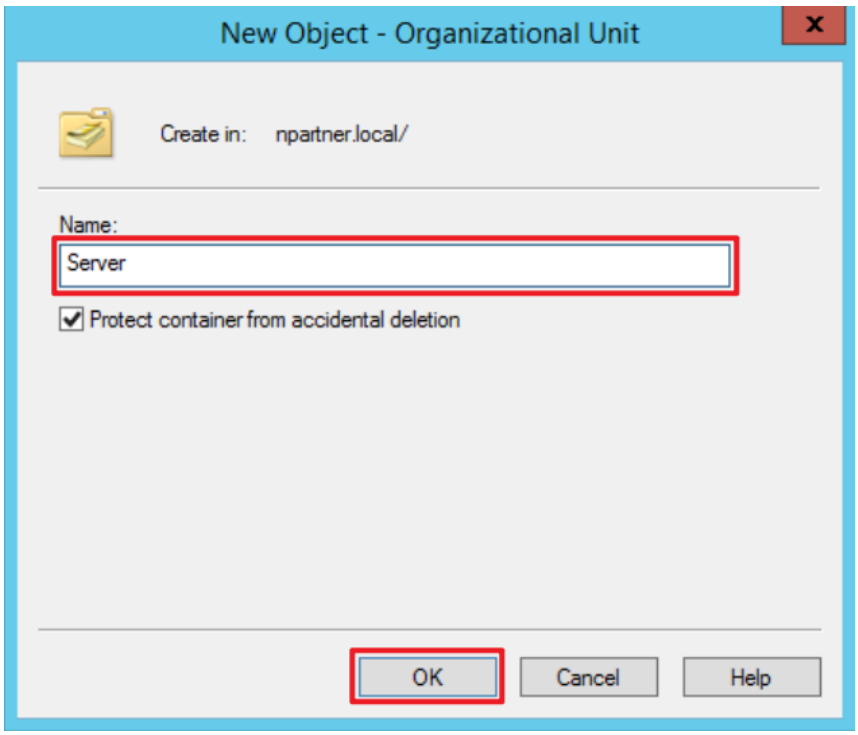
(2) Add an Organizational Unit

Right-click on the domain name (the example here is npartner.local) → select “New,” and click “Organizational Unit.”



(3) Enter your Organizational Unit name: (in this example, it is “Servers”)

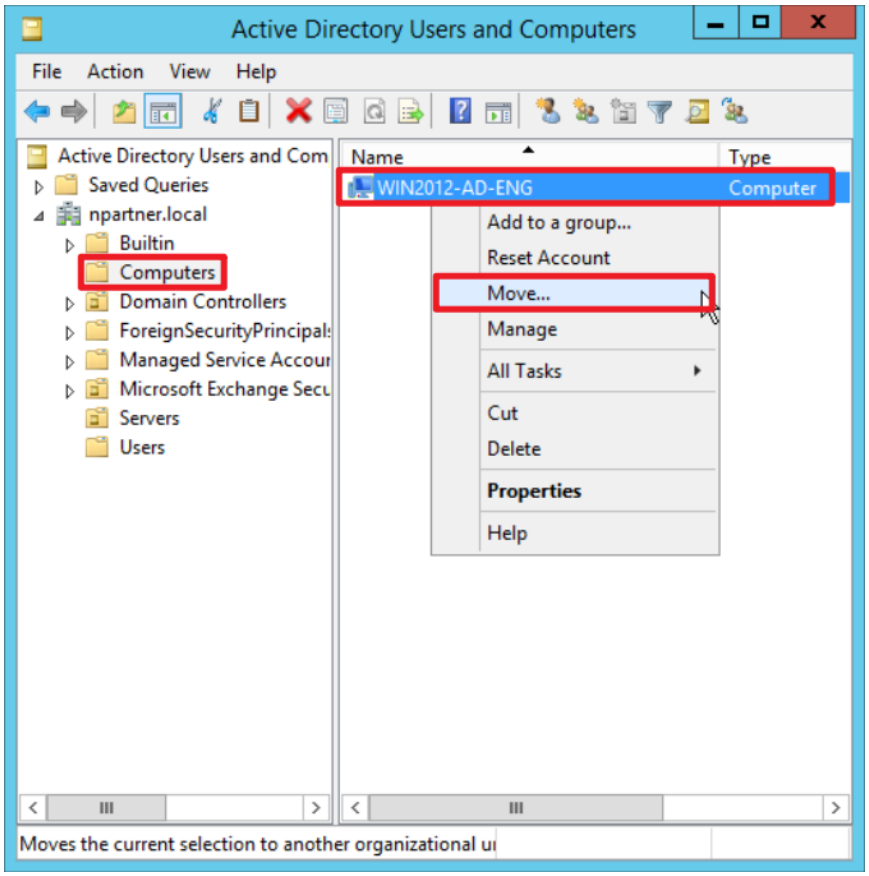
Note: Please create the organizational unit name according to the actual environment. → click “OK.”



(4) Move the Server to your New Organizational Unit:

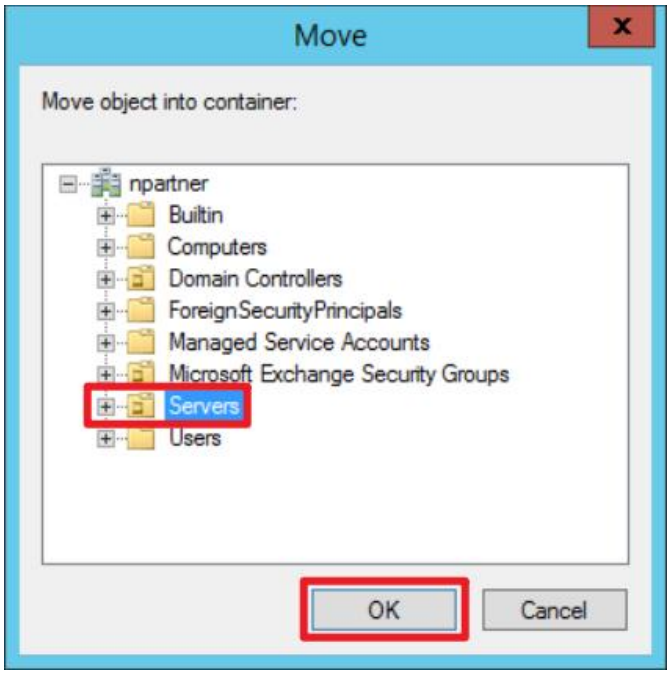
Select “Computers” → right-click on the “WIN2012-AD-ENG” server.

Note: Please select the Exchange server according to the actual environment. → click “Move.”



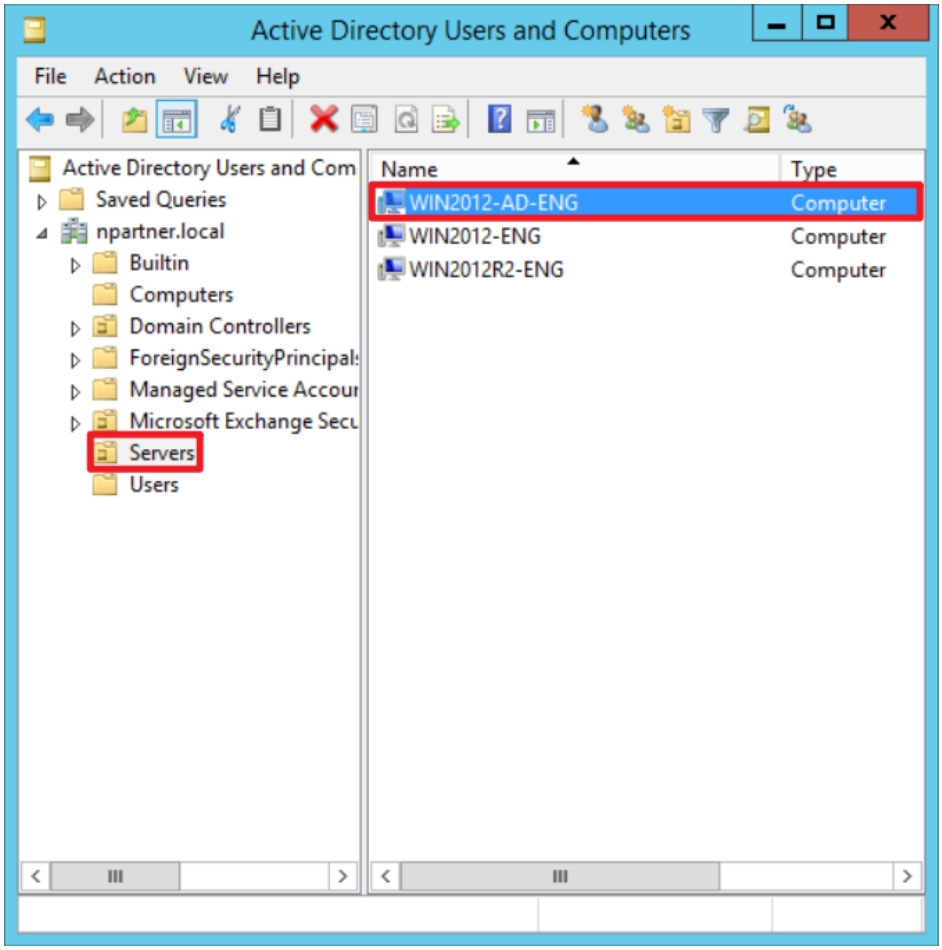
(5) Select your Organizational Unit:

Select your organizational unit (in this example, it is "Servers") → Click "OK."



(6) Verify the Server Has Been Moved to your New Organizational Unit:

Expand your organizational unit folder (in this example, it is "Servers") and confirm that the "WIN2012-AD-ENG" server has been moved.

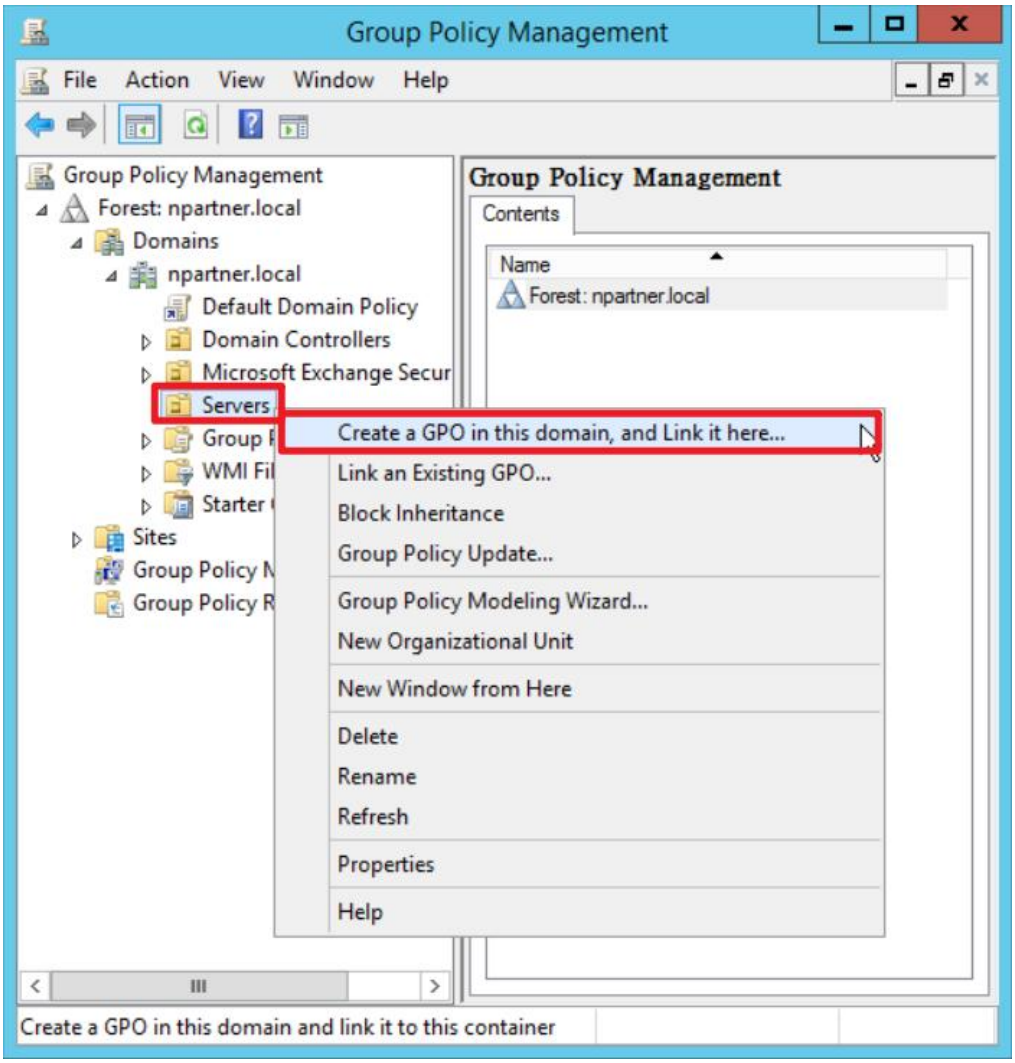


4.3.2 Group Policy Settings

(1) Click “Group Policy Management.”

(2) In the Servers organizational unit (OU), create a new Group Policy Object (GPO):

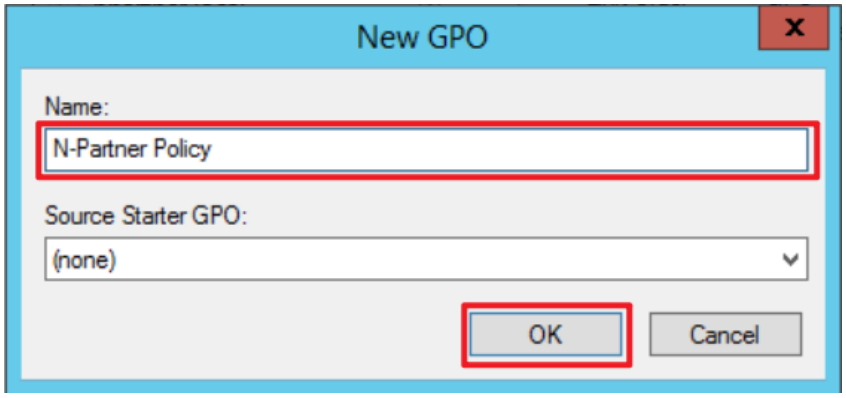
Right-click the “Servers” organizational unit → select “Create a GPO in this domain, and Link it here...”



(3) Edit your Group Policy Object

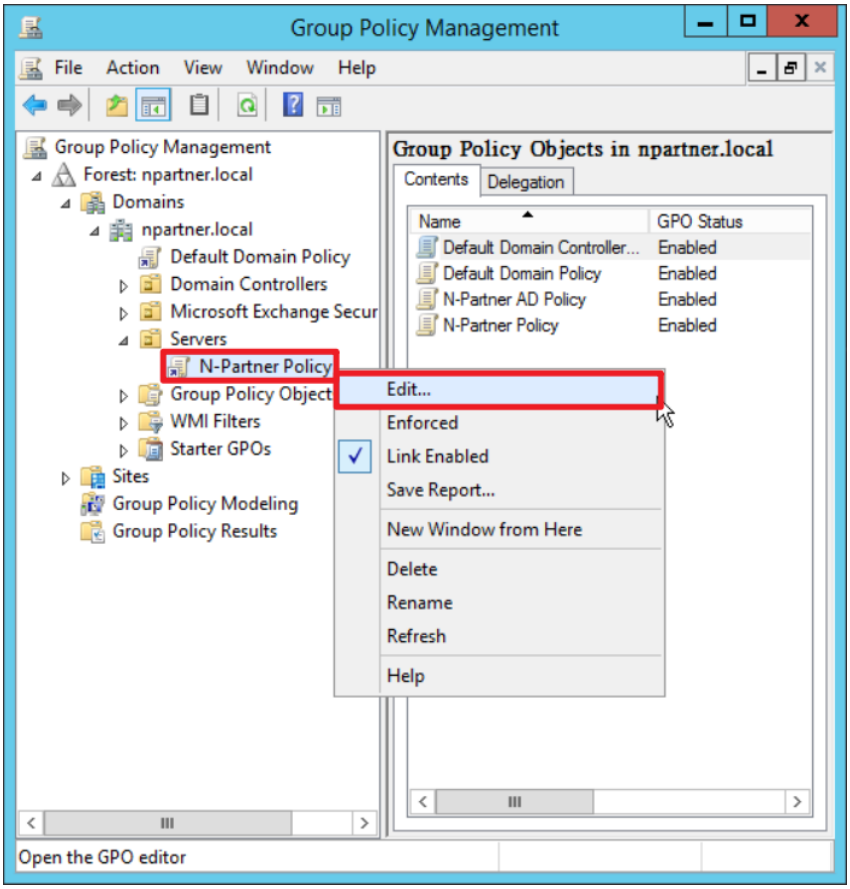
Enter your Group Policy Object name. (in this example, it is "N-Partner Policy")

Note: Create your GPO name according to the actual environment. → then click "Edit."



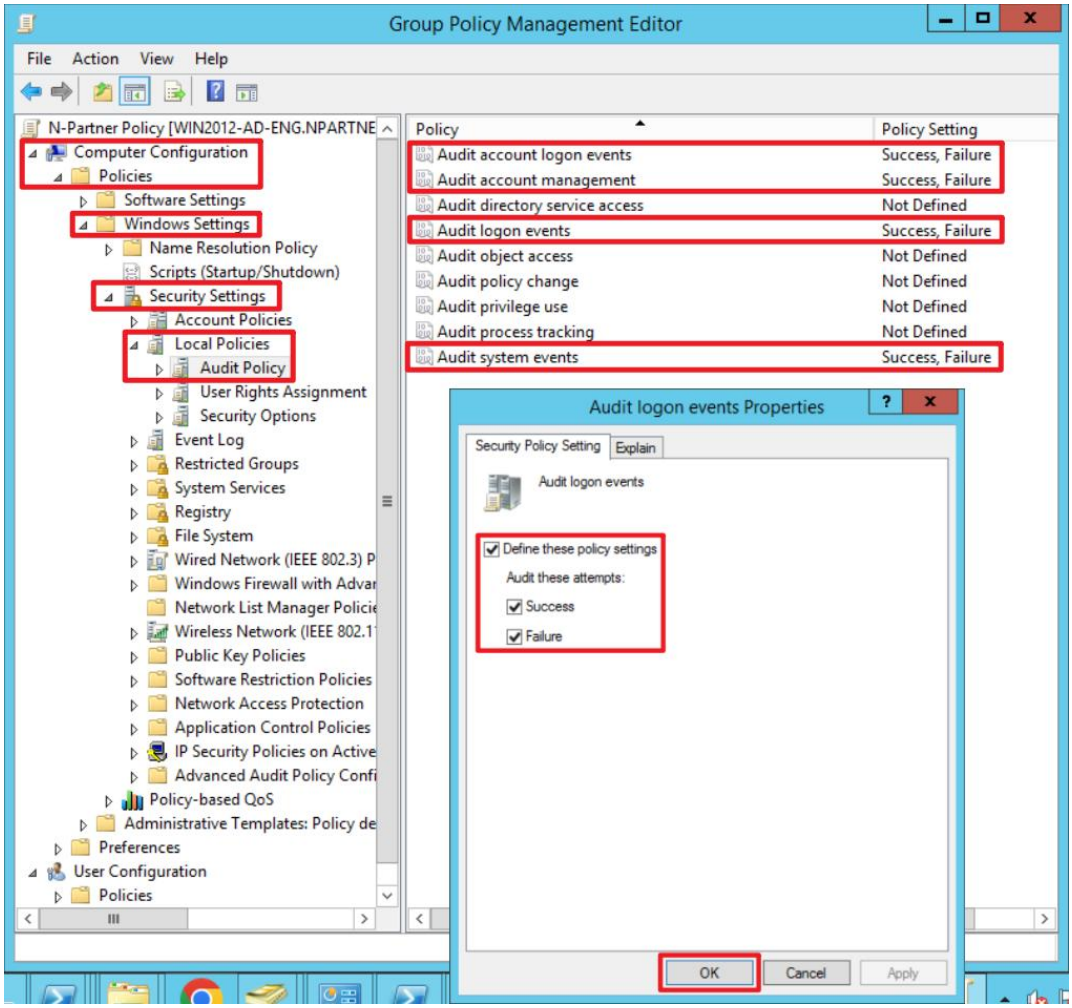
(4) Edit your Group Policy Object

In your group policy object, (in this example, it is "N-Partner Policy")
right-click and select "Edit."



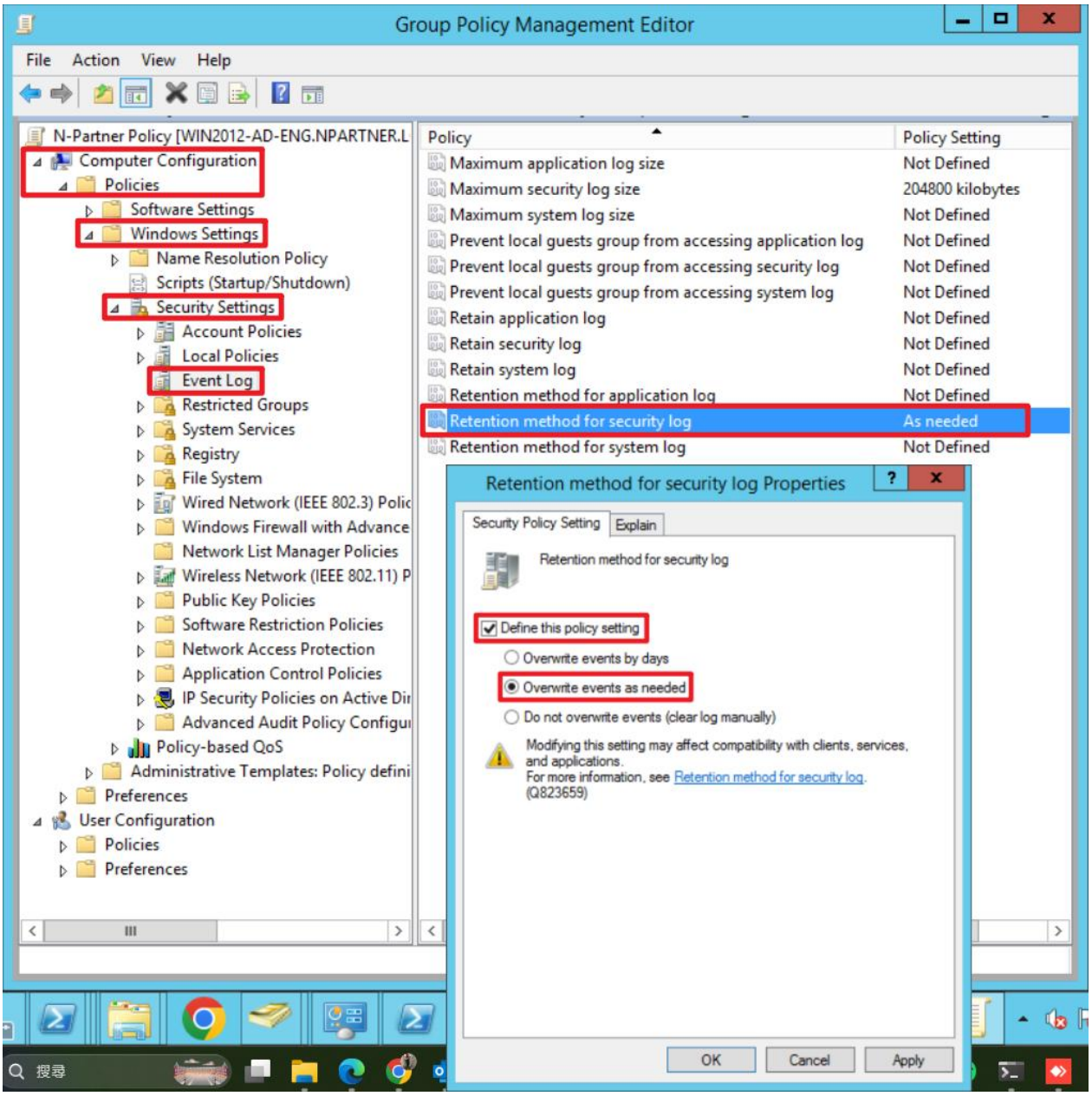
(5) Local Group Policies: Audit Policy

Expand folder “Computer Configuration” → “Policies” → “Windows Settings” → “Security Settings” → “Local Policies” → “Audit Policy.” And click on “Audit account logon events,” “Audit account management,” “Audit logon events,” and “Audit system events” → check “Define these policy settings”: Success, Failure. → click “OK.”



(6) Event Log: Security Log Retention Method

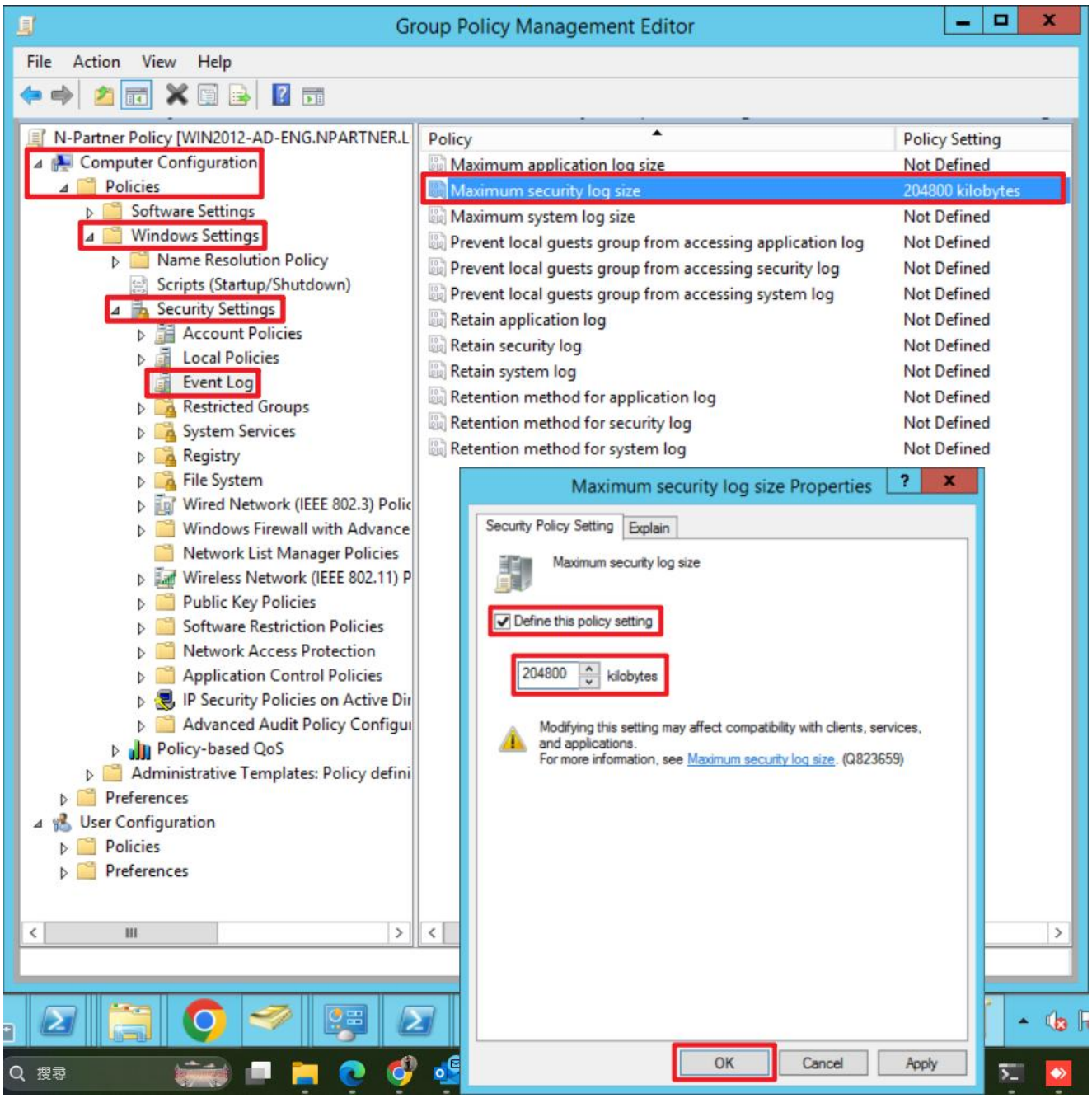
Expand “Computer Configuration” → “Policies” → “Windows Settings” → “Security Settings” → “Event Log” → select “Retention method for security log” → check “Define this policy setting” → select “Overwrite events as needed” → click “OK.”



(7) Event Logs: Maximum Size of Security Log

Expand folder “Computer Configuration” → “Policies” → “Windows Settings” → “Security Settings” → “Event Log” →And click on “Maximum security log size” → Check “Define this policy setting” → enter 204800 KB

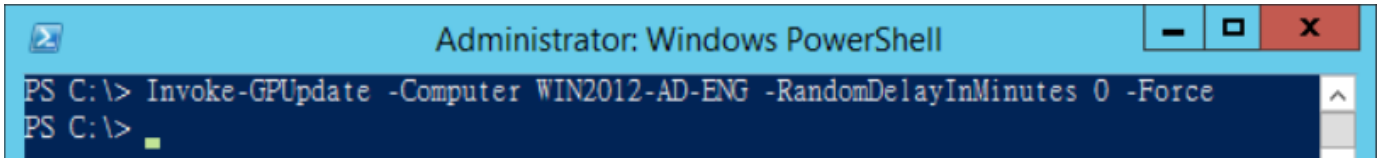
Note: Please adjust the number based on the actual environment. → click “OK.”



(8) On the server, open “Windows PowerShell.”

(9) Enter the command below to refresh group policy.

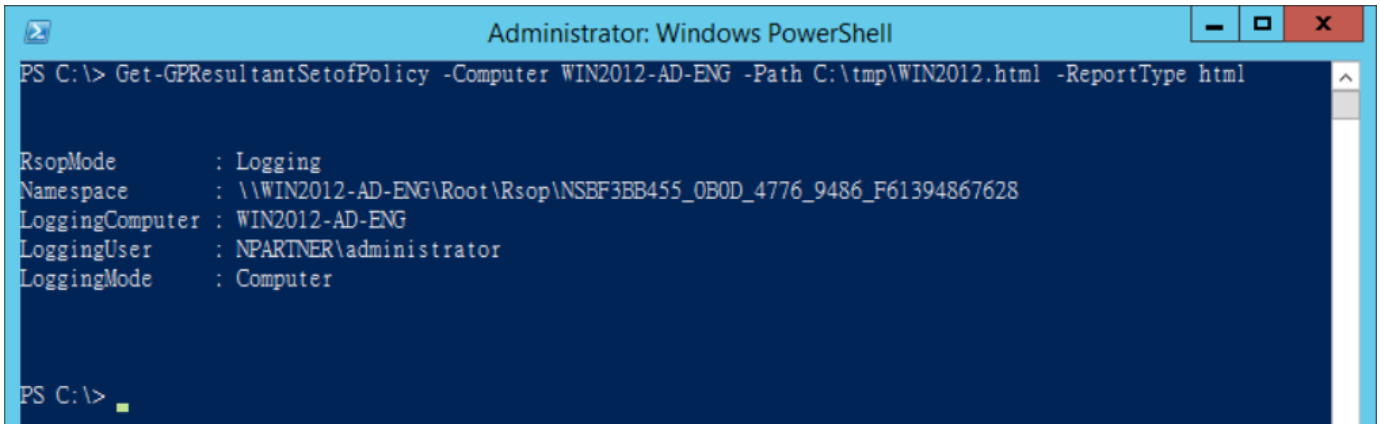
```
PS C:\> Invoke-GPUpdate -Computer Win2012 -RandomDelayInMinutes 0 -Force
```



Replace the red text section with the name of your Exchange server.

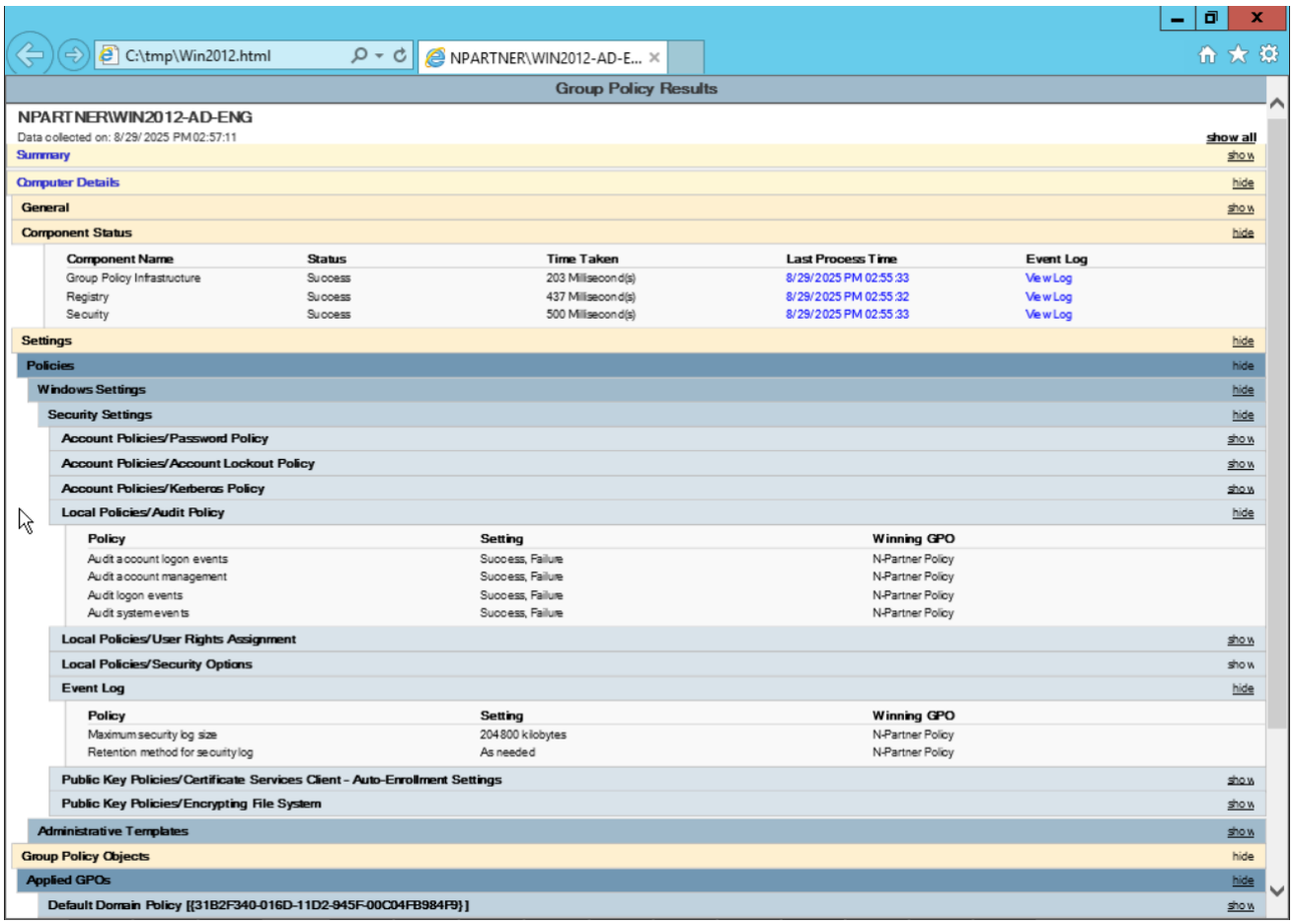
(10) Enter the command below to generate server group policy report.

```
PS C:\> Get-GPResultantSetofPolicy -Computer Win2012 -Path C:\tmp\Win2012.html -ReportType html
```



For the red text , please enter the Exchange server name and the folder path/file name.

(11) Open the report and verify that your Windows AD server is applying the N-Partner Policy Group Policy.



5. Exchange 2016

Example: Exchange 2016 installed on a Windows 2016 server.

Message tracking logs can be configured through the “Exchange Administrative Center” or the “Exchange Management Shell.”

5.1 Exchange MessageTracking Log

Modify nxlog.conf

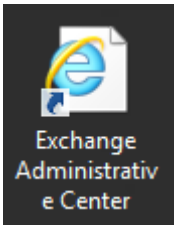
Note: Please refer to 1.3 NXLog Configuration File.

Edit the blue text section to specify the message tracking log folder:

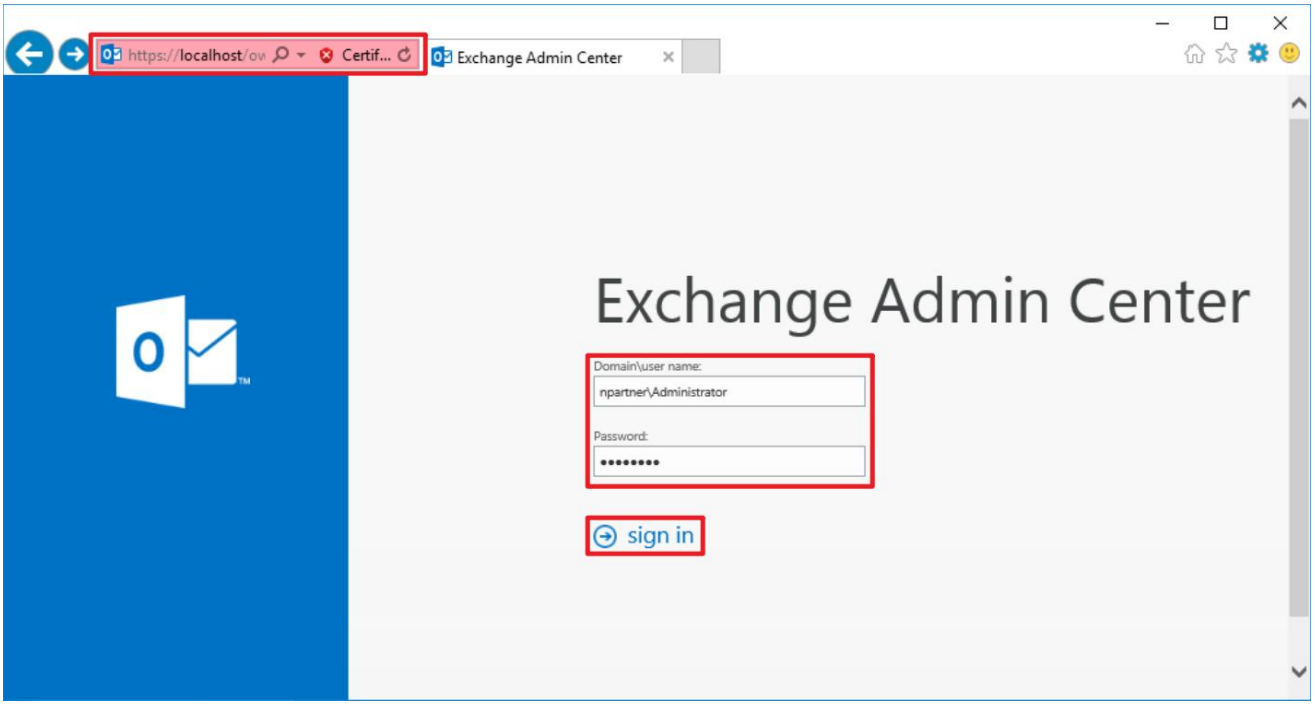
```
define MailLog C:\Program Files\Microsoft\Exchange Server\V15\TransportRoles\Logs\MessageTracking
```

5.1.1 Exchange Administrative Center

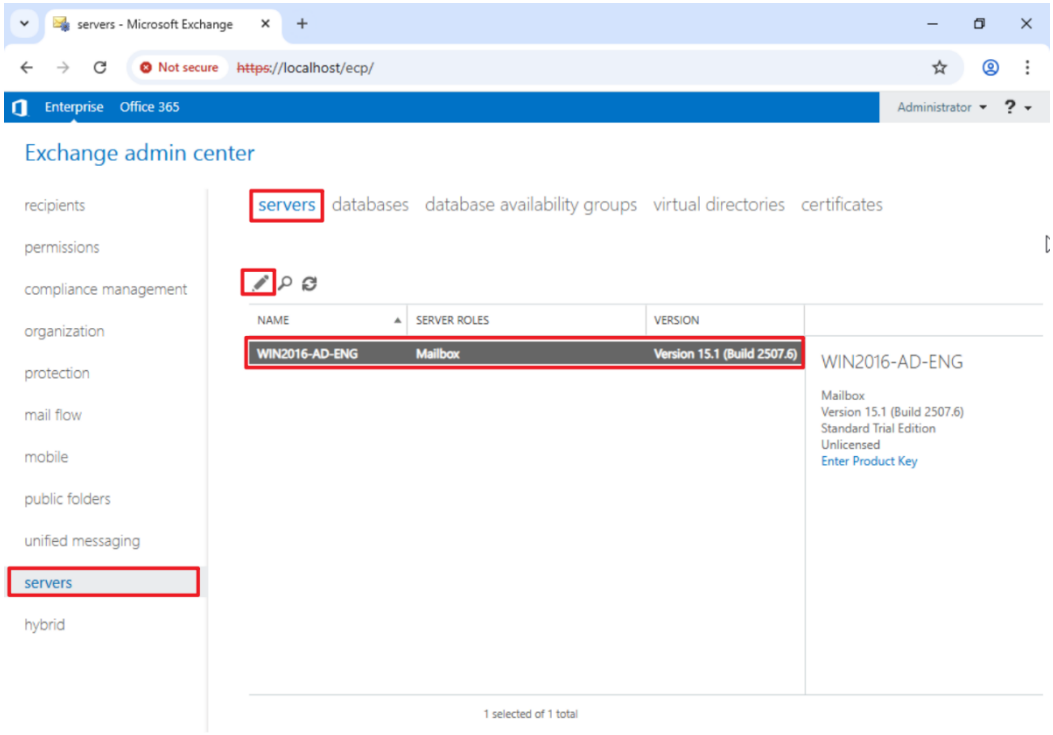
(1) Open “Exchange Administrative Center.”



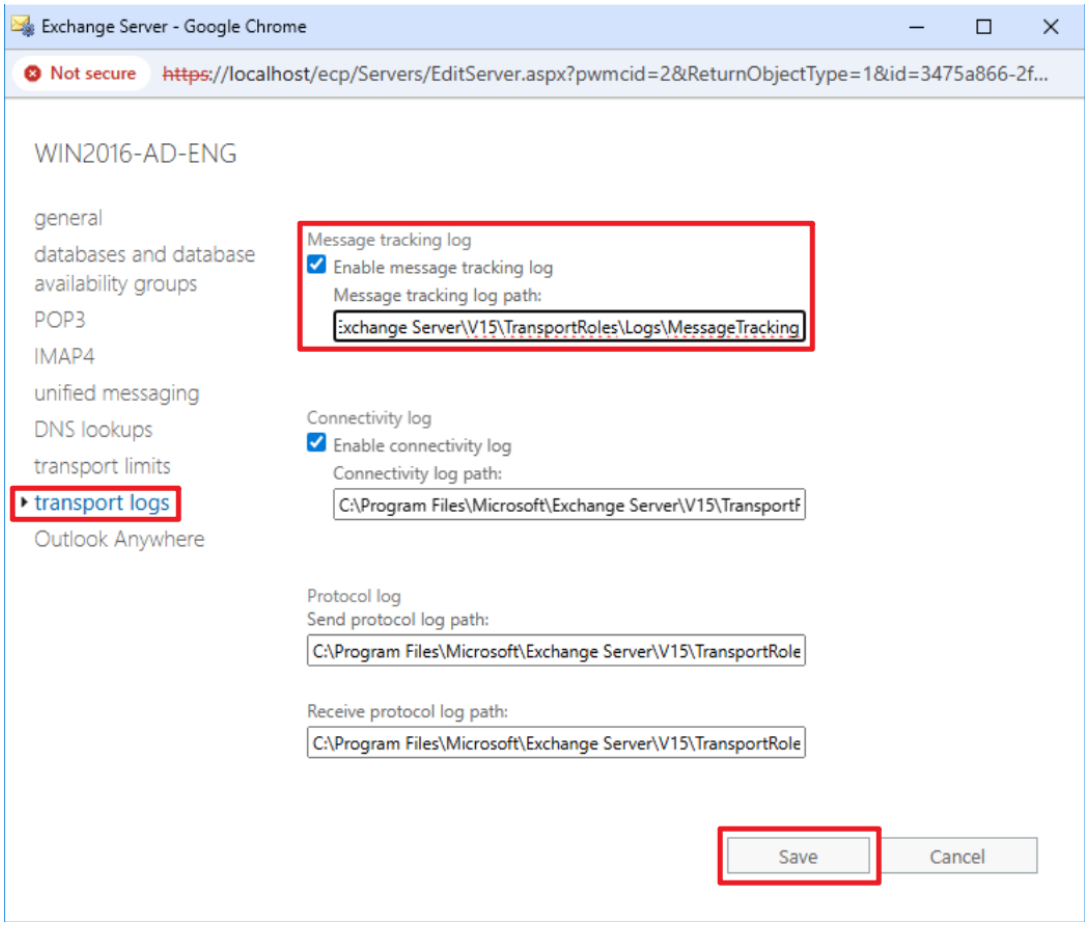
(2) Enter the URL: https://<ExchangeIP>/ecp → enter “Domain\username” and password → click “Sign in.”



(3) Select the “Servers” page → select “Servers” → select “Mailbox Server (WIN2016-AD-ENG)” → click “Edit.”



(4) Select “Transport Logs” → verify “Enable message tracking log” is checked and the log path is set to: [C:\Program Files\Microsoft\Exchange Server\V15\TransportRoles\Logs\MessageTracking → click “Save.”

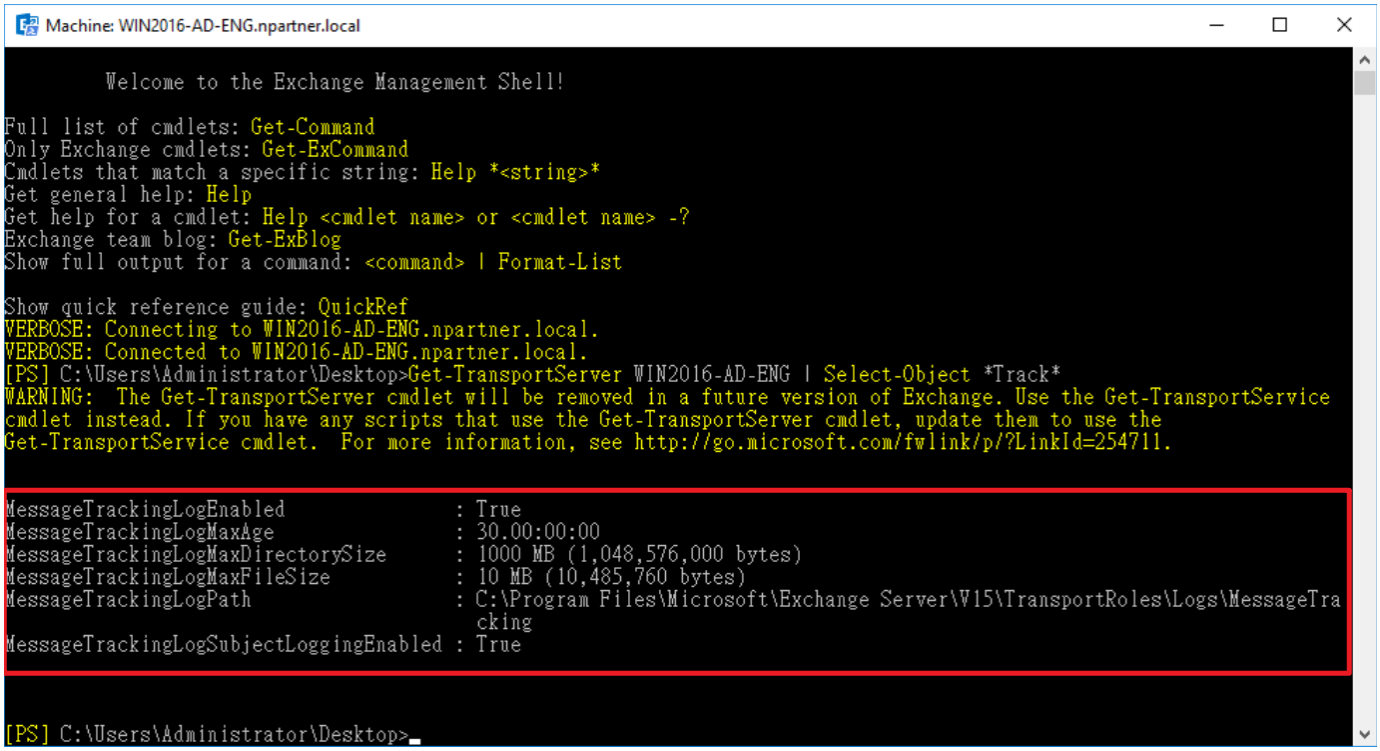


5.1.2 Exchange Management Shell

(1) Open “Exchange Management Shell.”

(2) Verify “Enable message tracking log” is checked and the log path is set to: [C:\Program Files\Microsoft\Exchange Server\V15\TransportRoles\Logs\MessageTracking]
and run the following command in “Exchange Management Shell”:

```
[PS] C:\> Get-TransportServer Win2016 | Select-Object *Track*
```

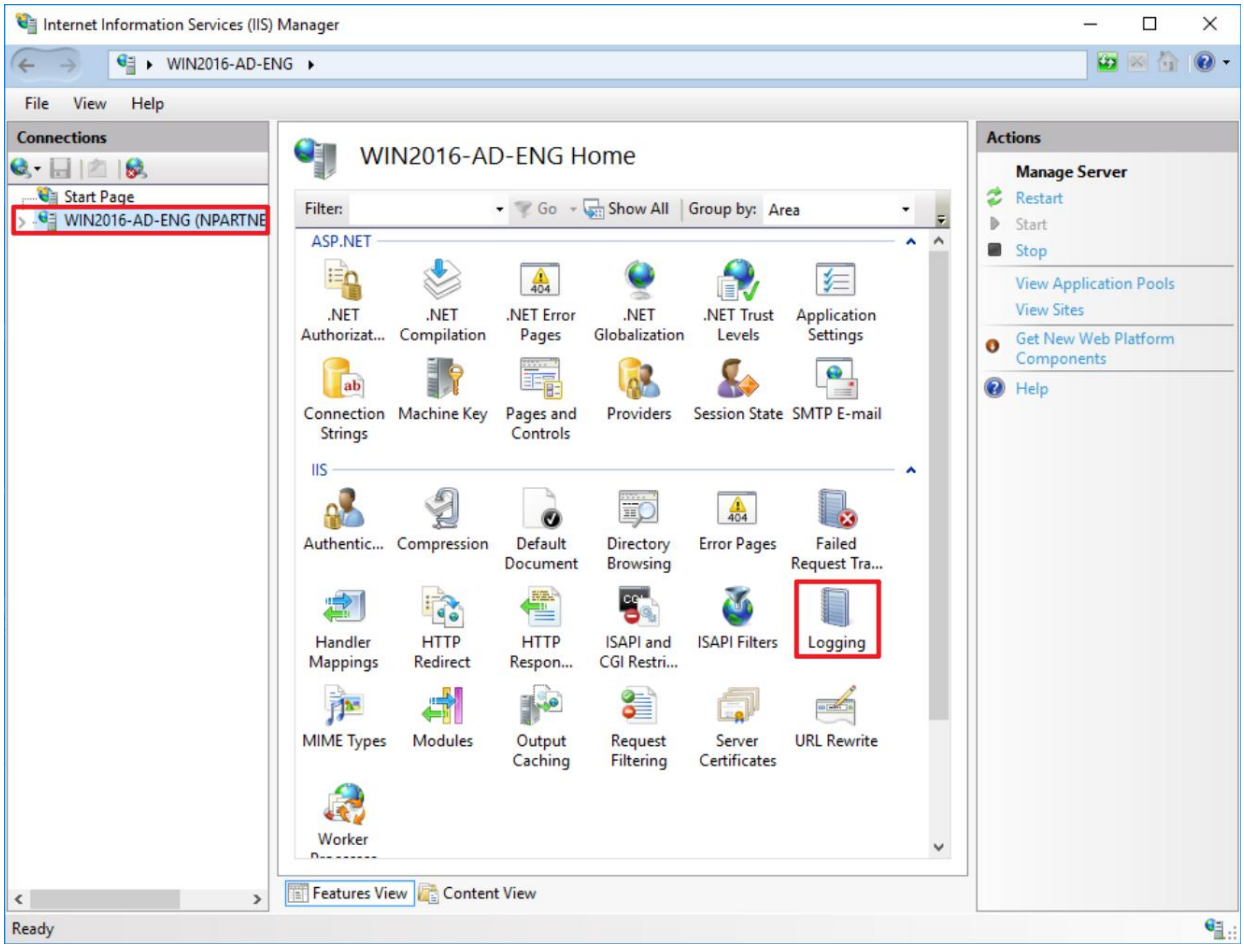


Replace the server name in red text with your Exchange server name.

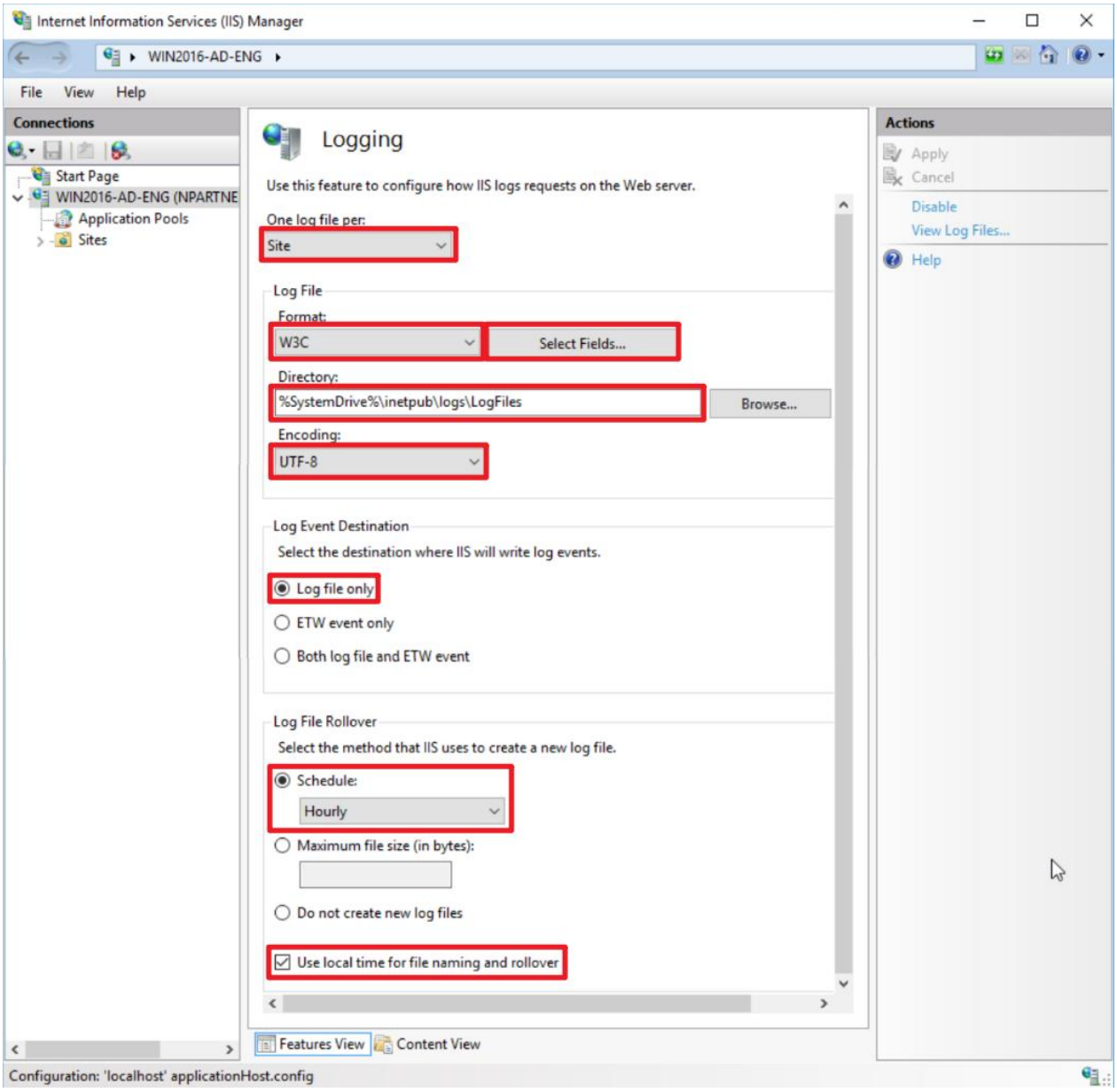
5.2 IIS Log

(1) Open “Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager.”

(2) Select your “IIS Server” (the example here is WIN2016-AD-ENG) → “Logging.”

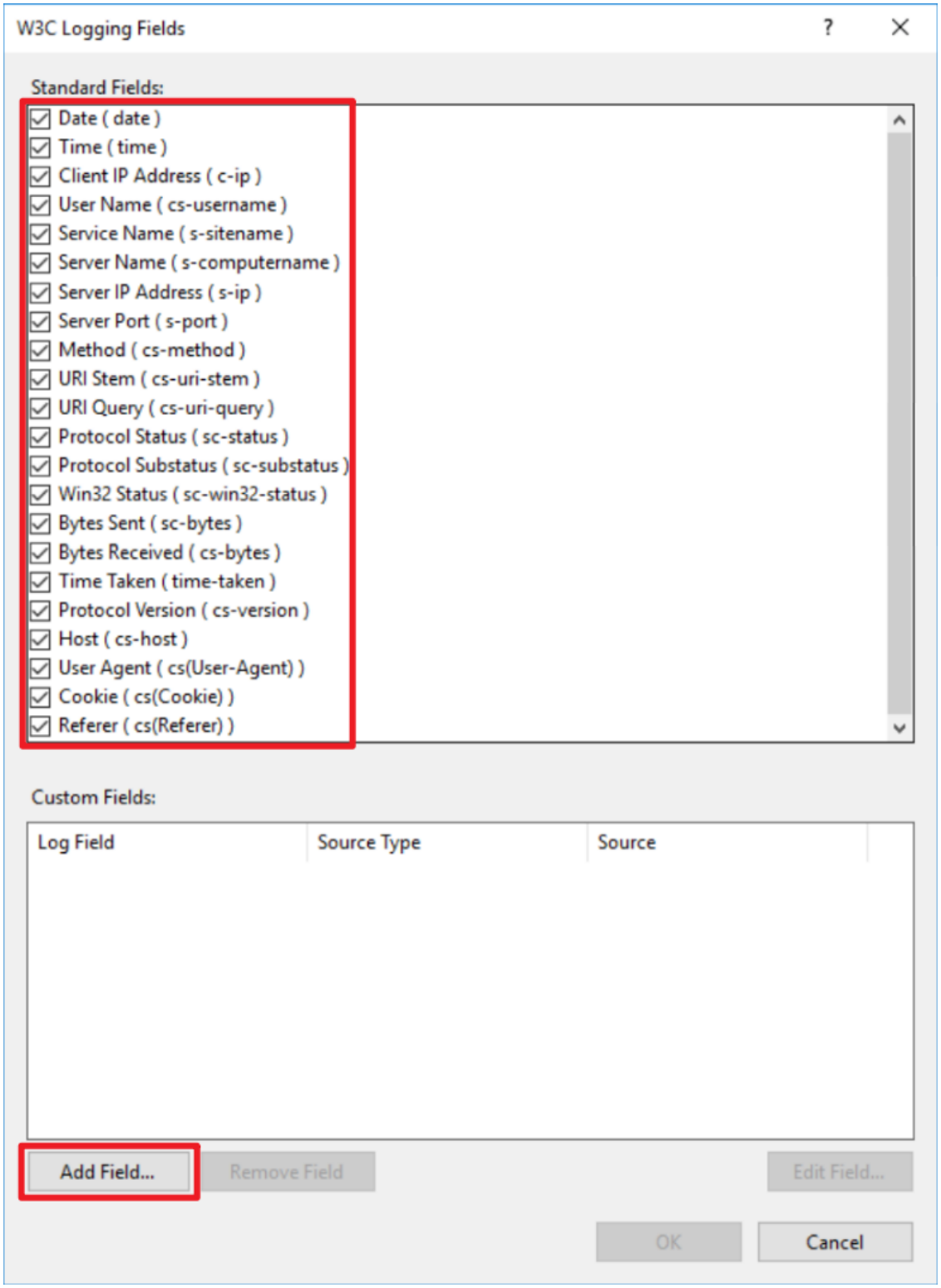


(3) Select “One log file per site” → set “Log file format” to “W3C” → set “Directory” to %SystemDrive%\inetpub\logs\LogFiles → set “Encoding” to “UTF-8” → set “Log event destination” to “Log file only” → set “Schedule” to “Hourly” → check “Use local time for file naming and rollover” → click “Select Fields.”

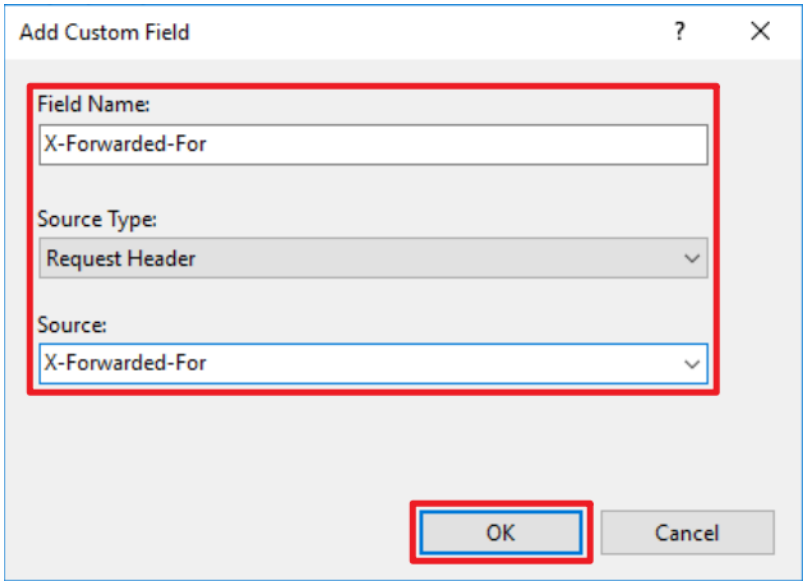


(4) Select the following fields → click “Add Field”:

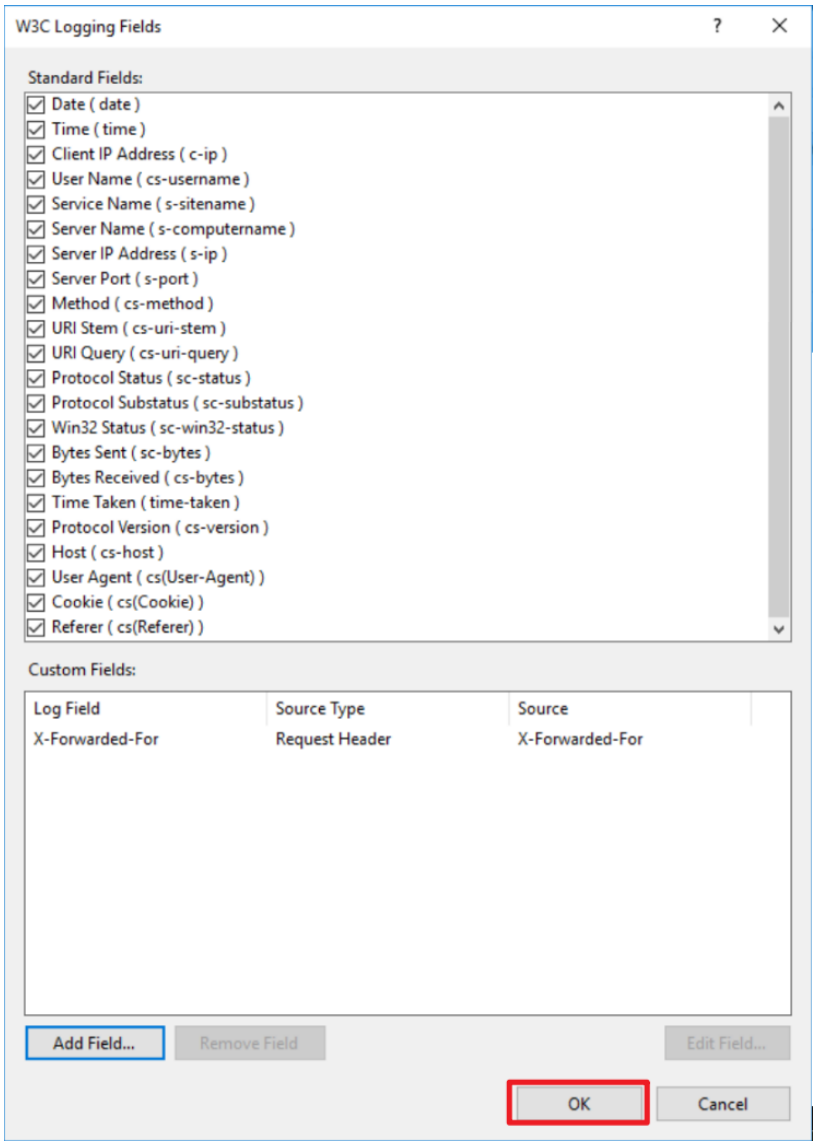
“Date (date), Time (time), Client IP Address (c-ip), User Name (cs-username), Service Name (s-sitename), Server Name (s-computername), Server IP Address (s-ip), Server Port (s-port), Method (cs-method), URI Stem (cs-uri-stem), URI Query (cs-uri-query), Protocol Status (sc-status), Protocol Substatus (sc-substatus), Win32 Status (sc-win32-status), Bytes Sent (sc-bytes), Bytes Received (cs-bytes), Time Taken (time-taken), Protocol Version (cs-version), Host (cs-host), User Agent (cs(User-Agent)), Cookie (cs(Cookie)), Referrer (cs(Referer)).”



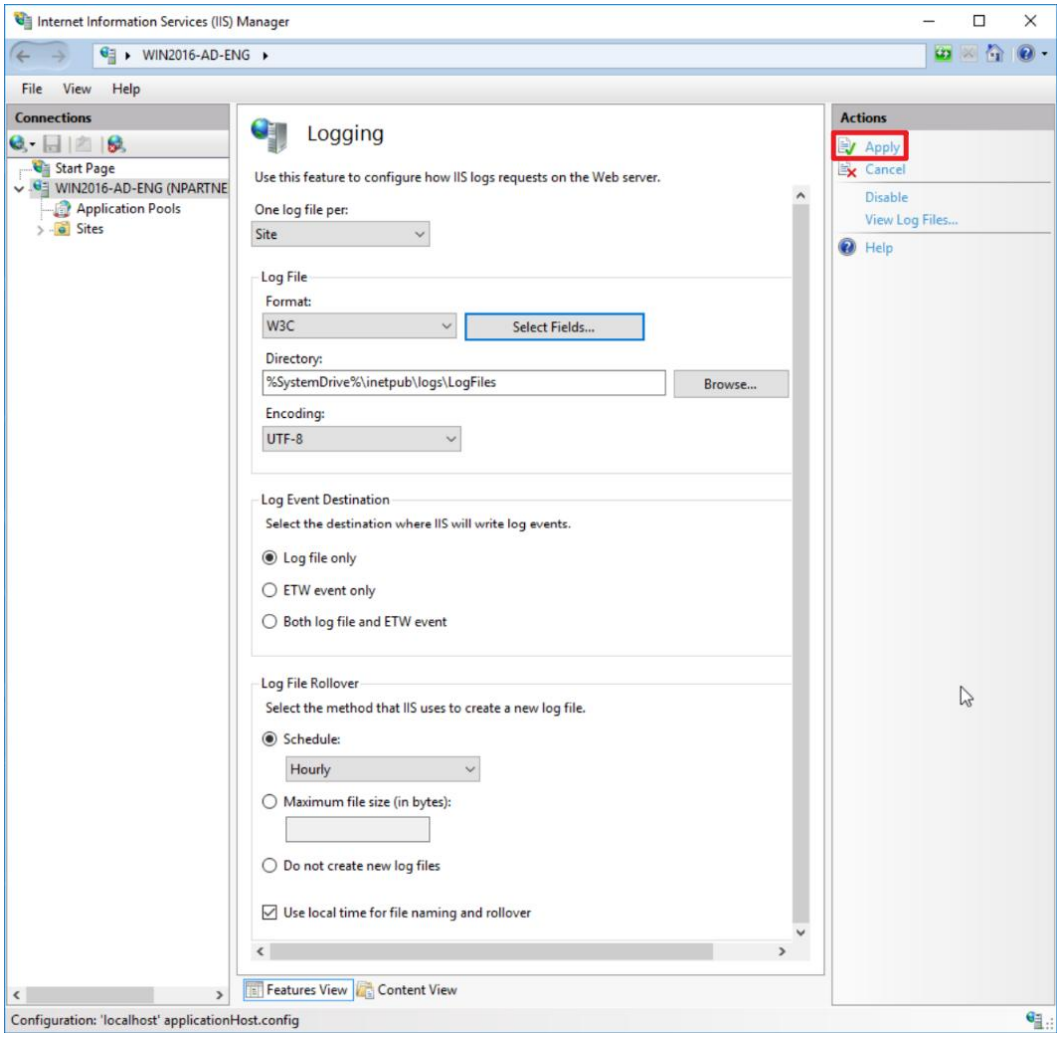
(5) Enter field name: X-Forwarded-For → select “Source type”: “Request Header” → enter source name: X-Forwarded-For → click “OK.”



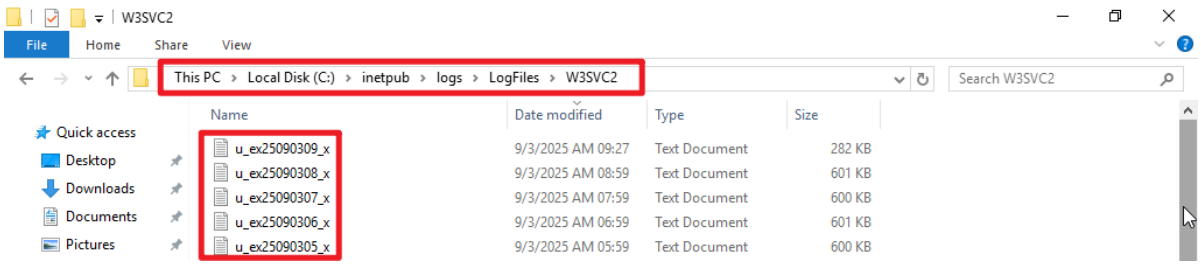
(6) Click “OK.”



(7) Click “Apply.”



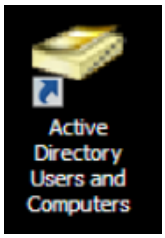
(8) Verify IIS log files are created in the folder: C:\inetpub\logs\LogFiles\W3SVC2



5.3 Event Log

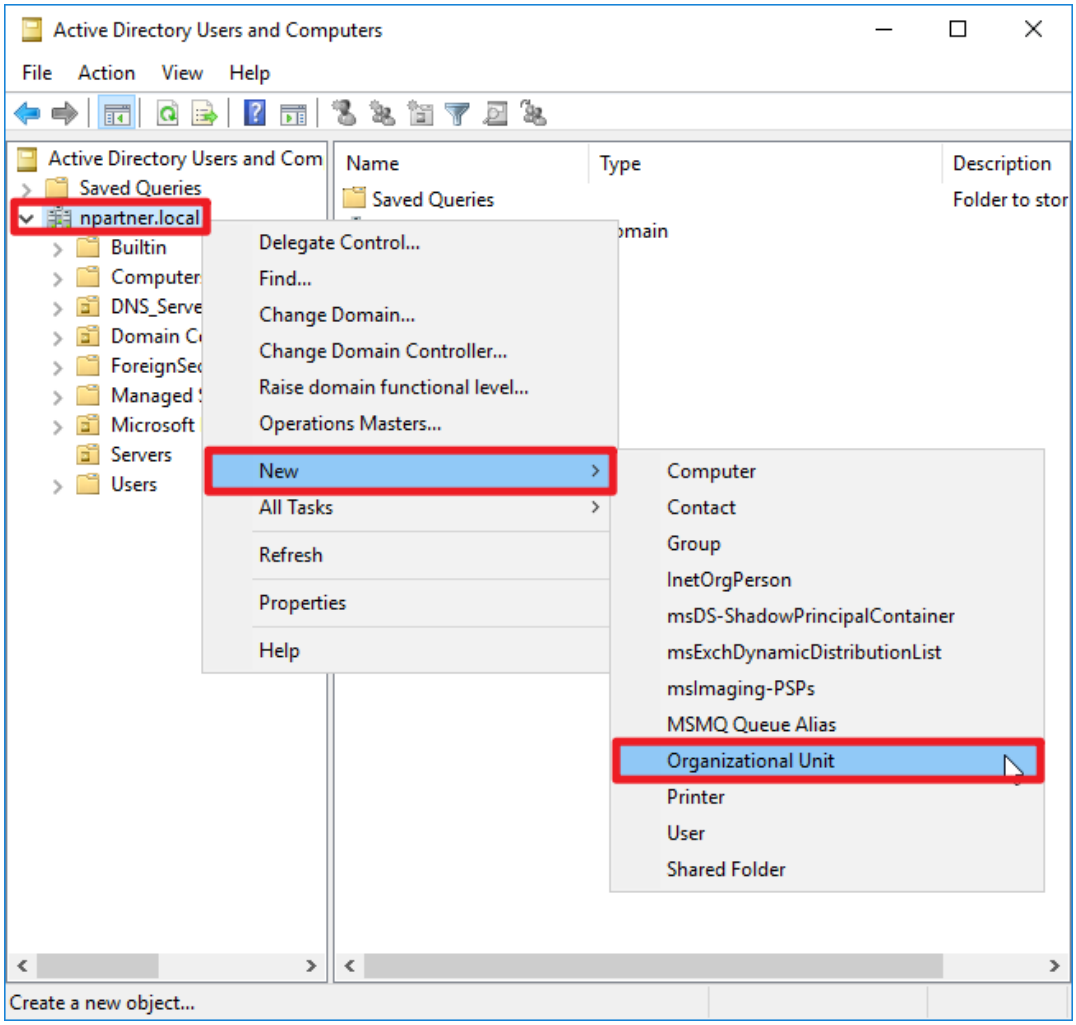
5.3.1 Organizational Unit (OU) Configuration

(1) Click “Active Directory Users and Computers.”



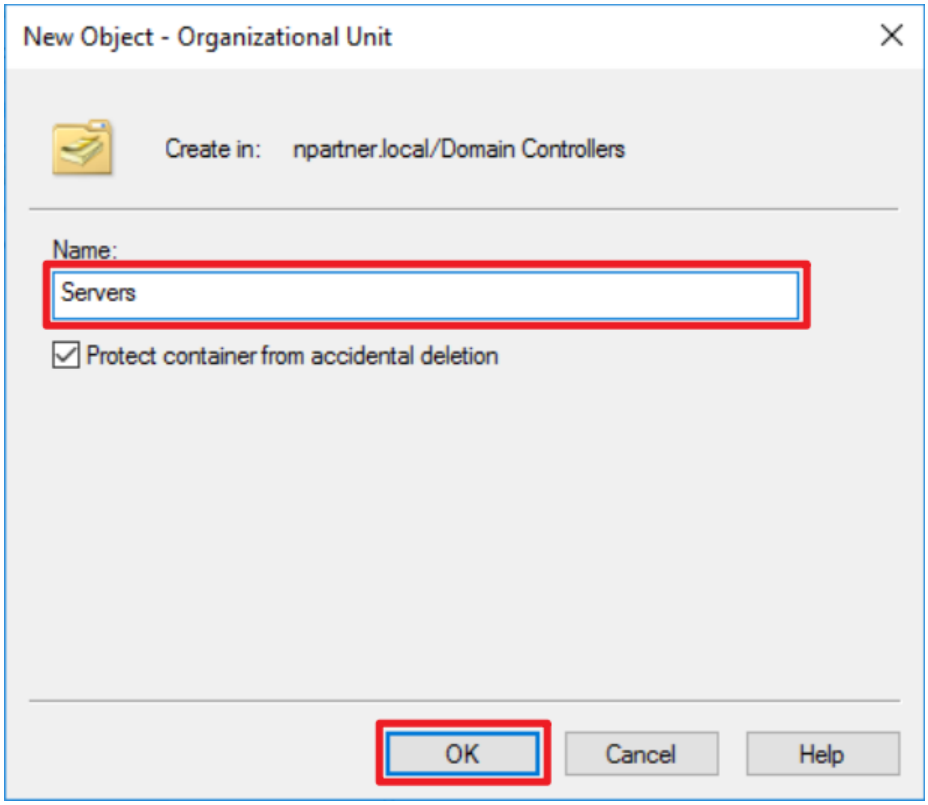
(2) Add an Organizational Unit

Right-click on the domain name (the example here is npartner.local) → select “New,” and click “Organizational Unit.”



(3) Enter your Organizational Unit name: (in this example, it is “Servers”)

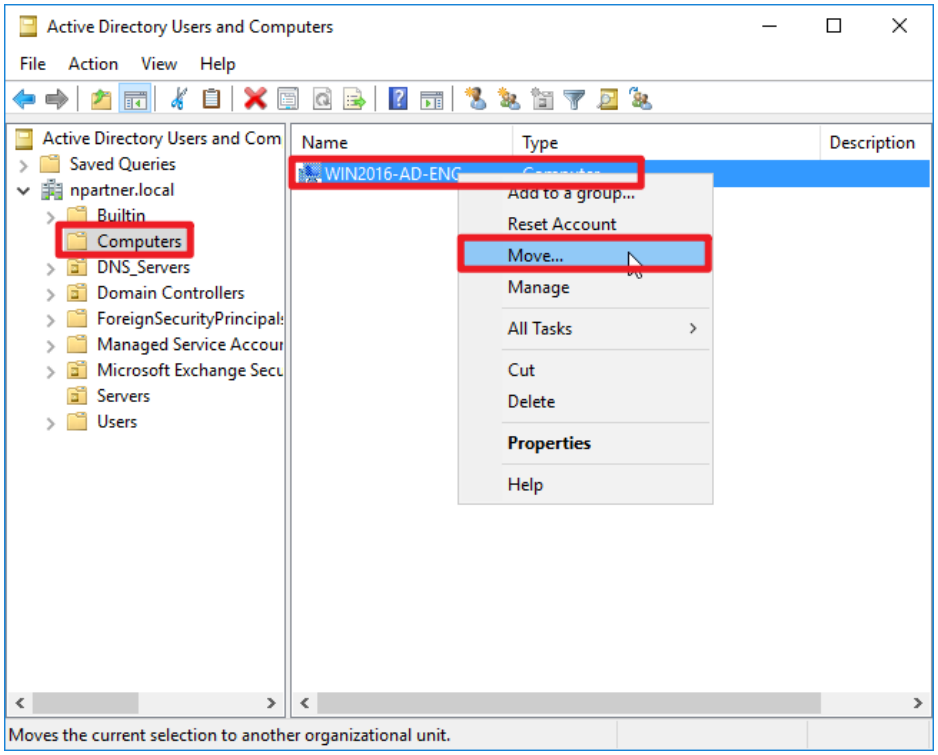
Note: Please create the organizational unit name according to the actual environment. → click “OK.”



(4) Move the Server to your New Organizational Unit:

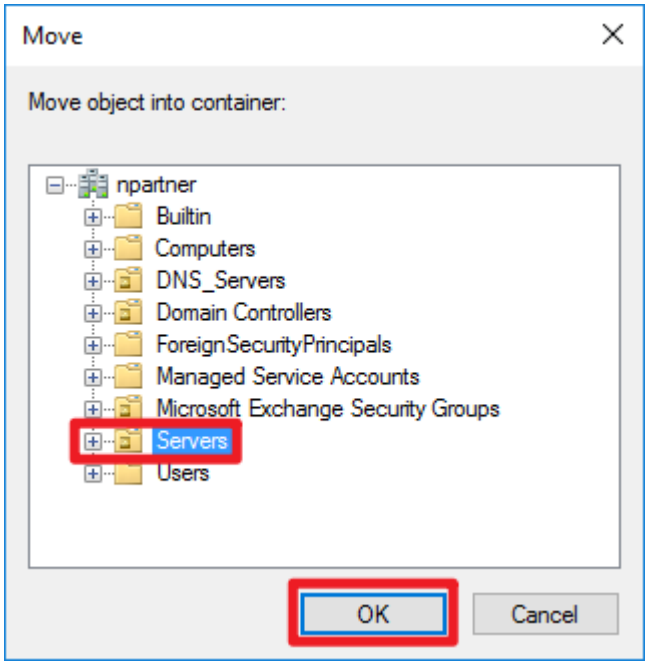
Select “Domain Controllers” → right-click on the “WIN2016-AD-ENG” server.

Note: Please select the Windows file server according to the actual environment. → click “Move.”



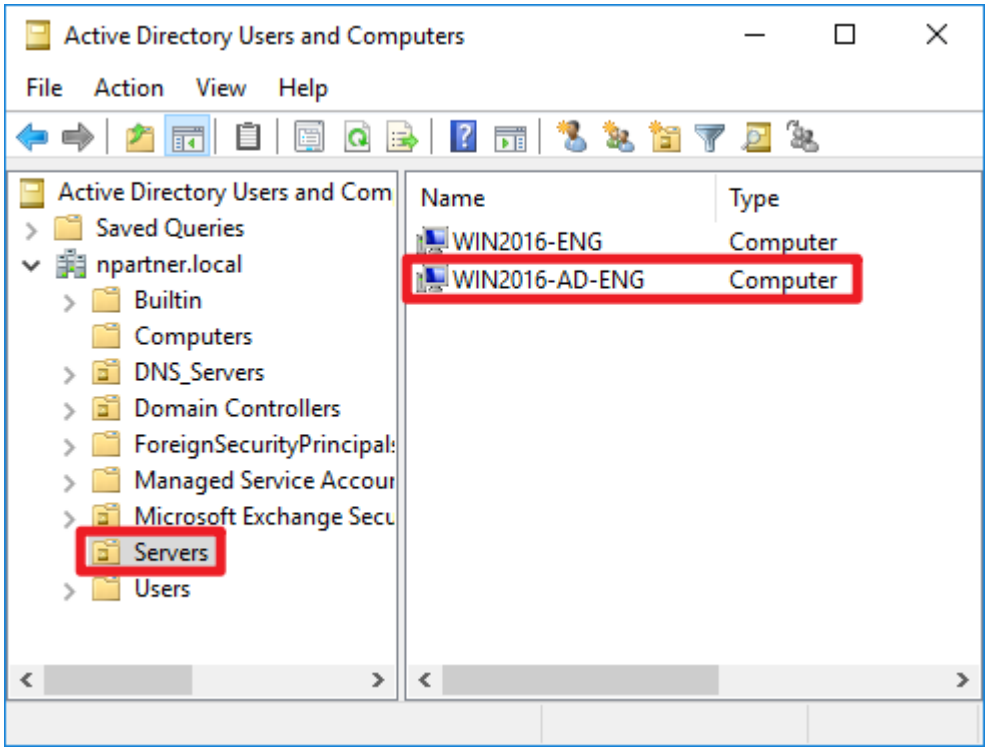
(5) Select your Organizational Unit:

Select your organizational unit (in this example, it is “Servers”) → click “OK.”



(6) Verify the Server Has Been Moved to your New Organizational Unit:

Expand your organizational unit folder (in this example, it is “Servers”) and confirm that the “WIN2016-AD-ENG” server has been moved.

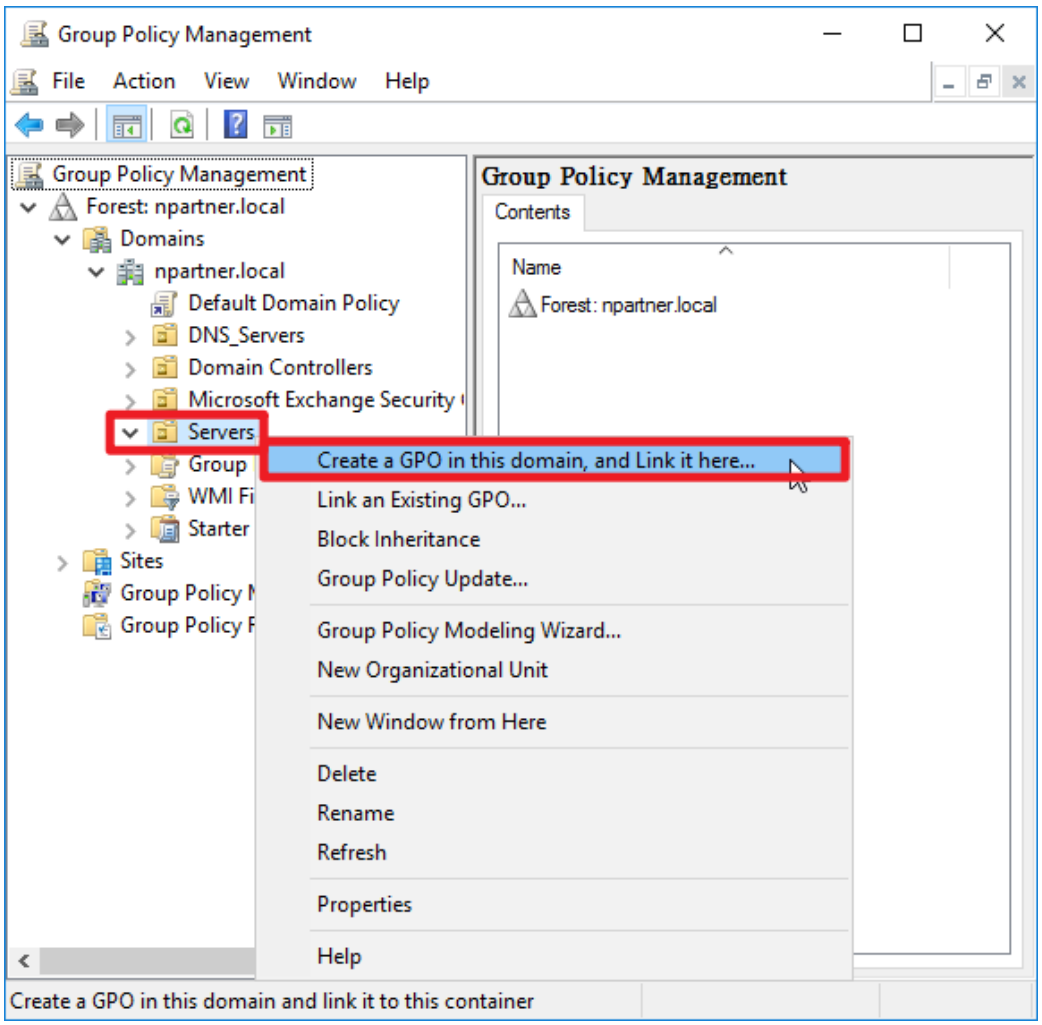


5.3.2 Group Policy Settings

(1) Click “Group Policy Management.”

(2) In the Servers organizational unit (OU), create a new Group Policy Object (GPO):

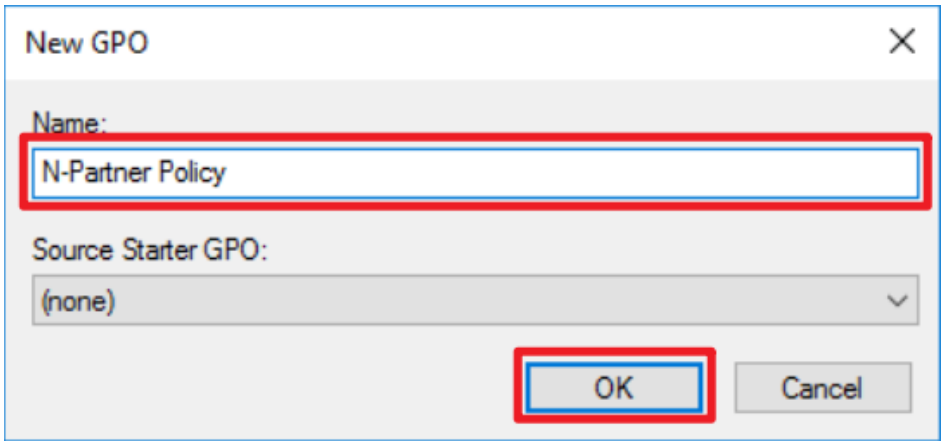
Right-click the “Servers” organizational unit→ select “Create a GPO in this domain, and Link it here...”



(3) Edit your Group Policy Object

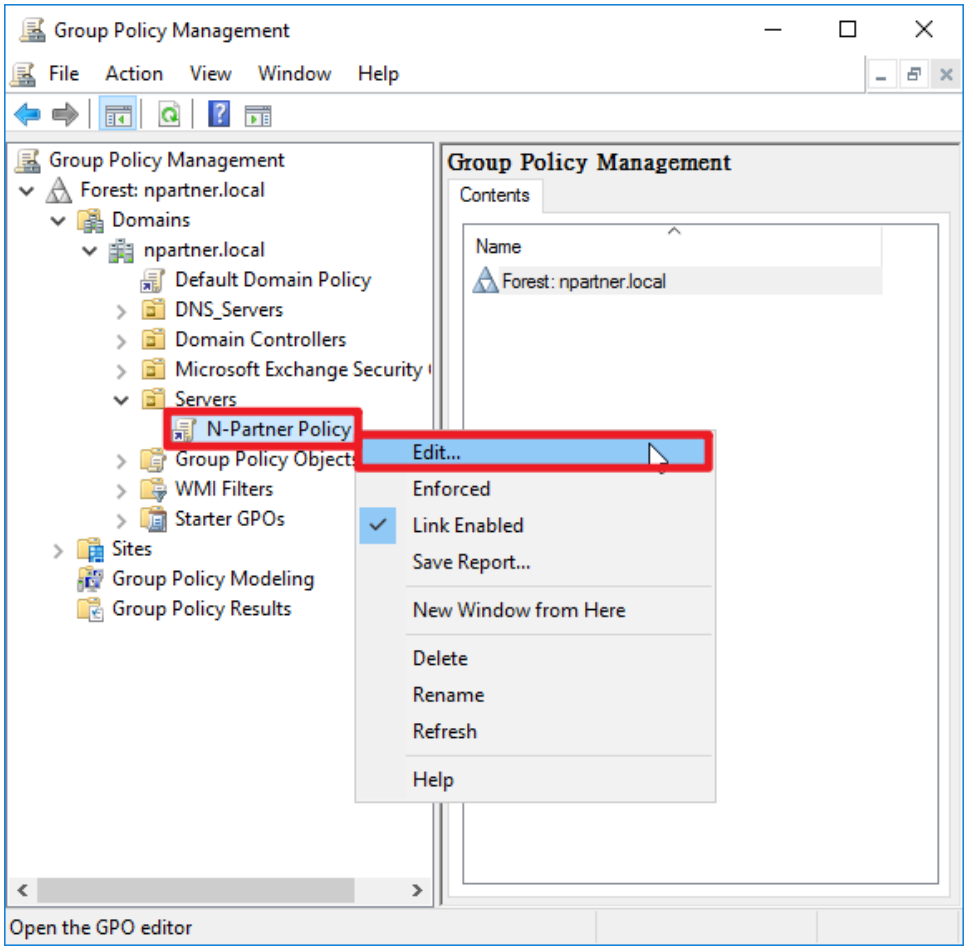
Enter your Group Policy Object name. (in this example, it is “N-Partner Policy”)

Note: Create your GPO name according to the actual environment. Then click “Edit.”



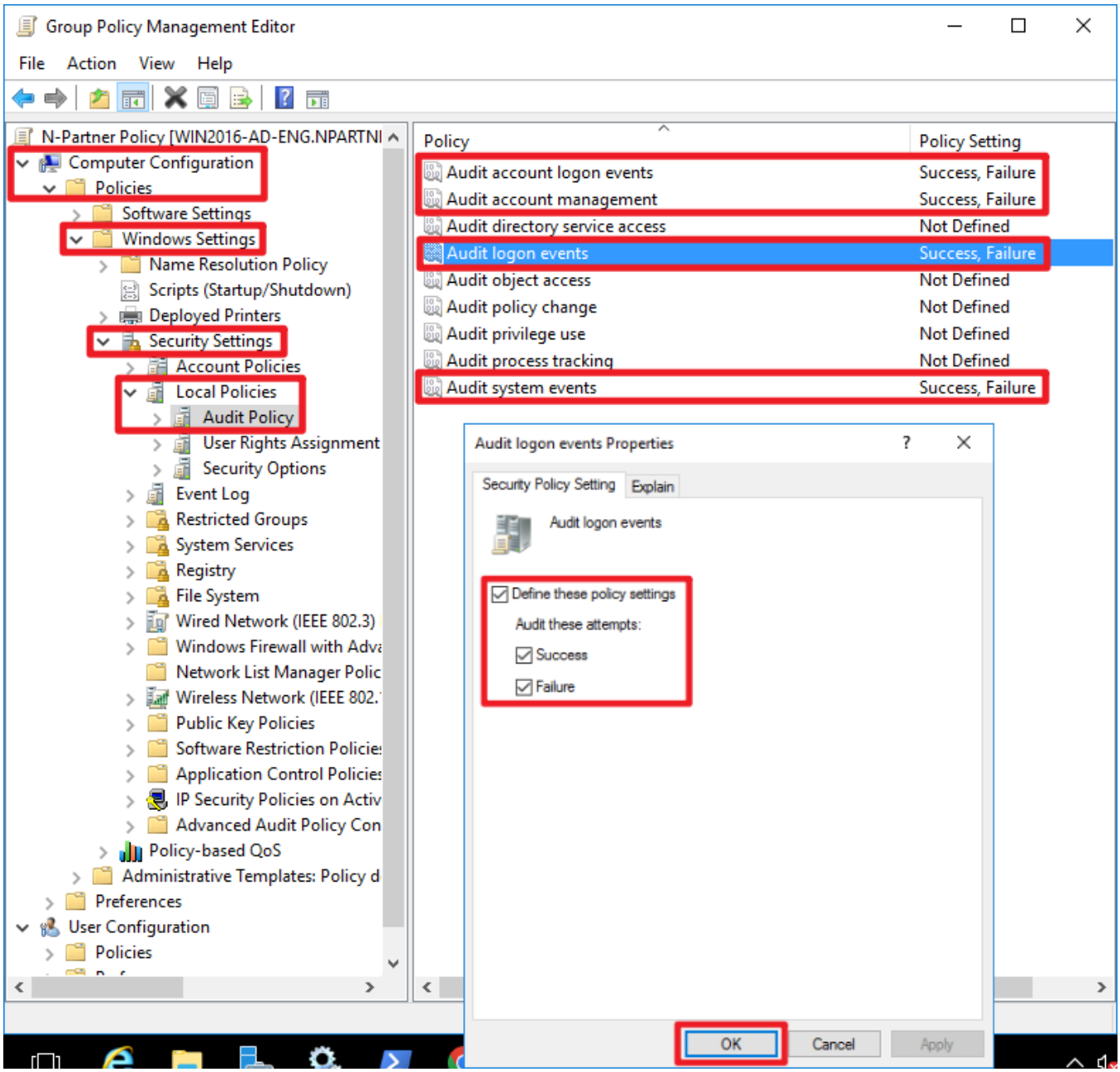
(4) Edit your Group Policy Object

In your group policy object, (in this example, it is “N-Partner Policy”) right-click and select “Edit.”



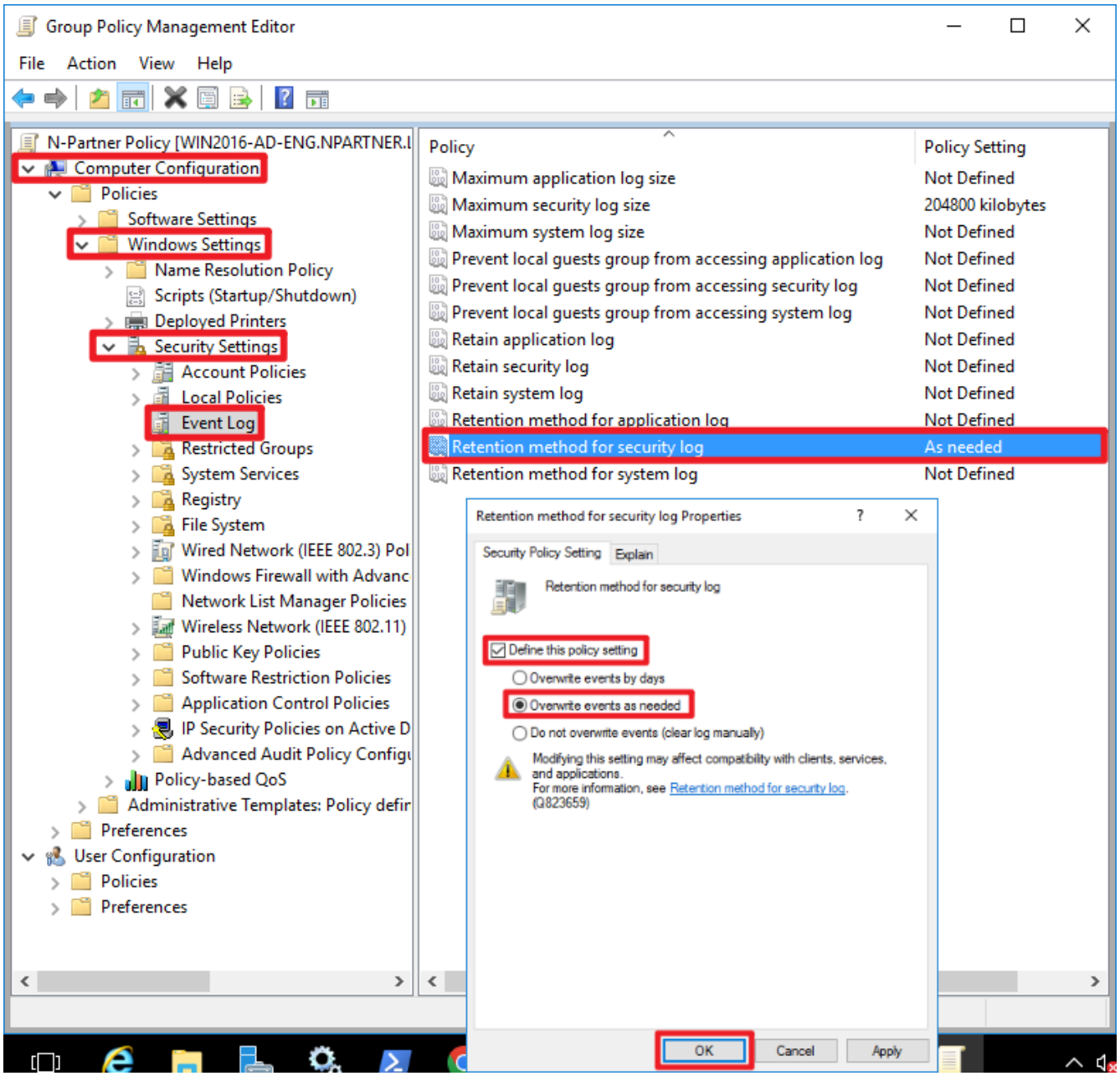
(5) Local Group Policies: Audit Policy

Expand folder “Computer Configuration” → “Policies” → “Windows Settings” → “Security Settings” → “Local Policies” → “Audit Policy.” And click on “Audit account logon events,” “Audit account management,” “Audit logon events,” and “Audit system events” → check “Define these policy settings”: Success, Failure. → click “OK.”



(6) Event Log: Security Log Retention Method

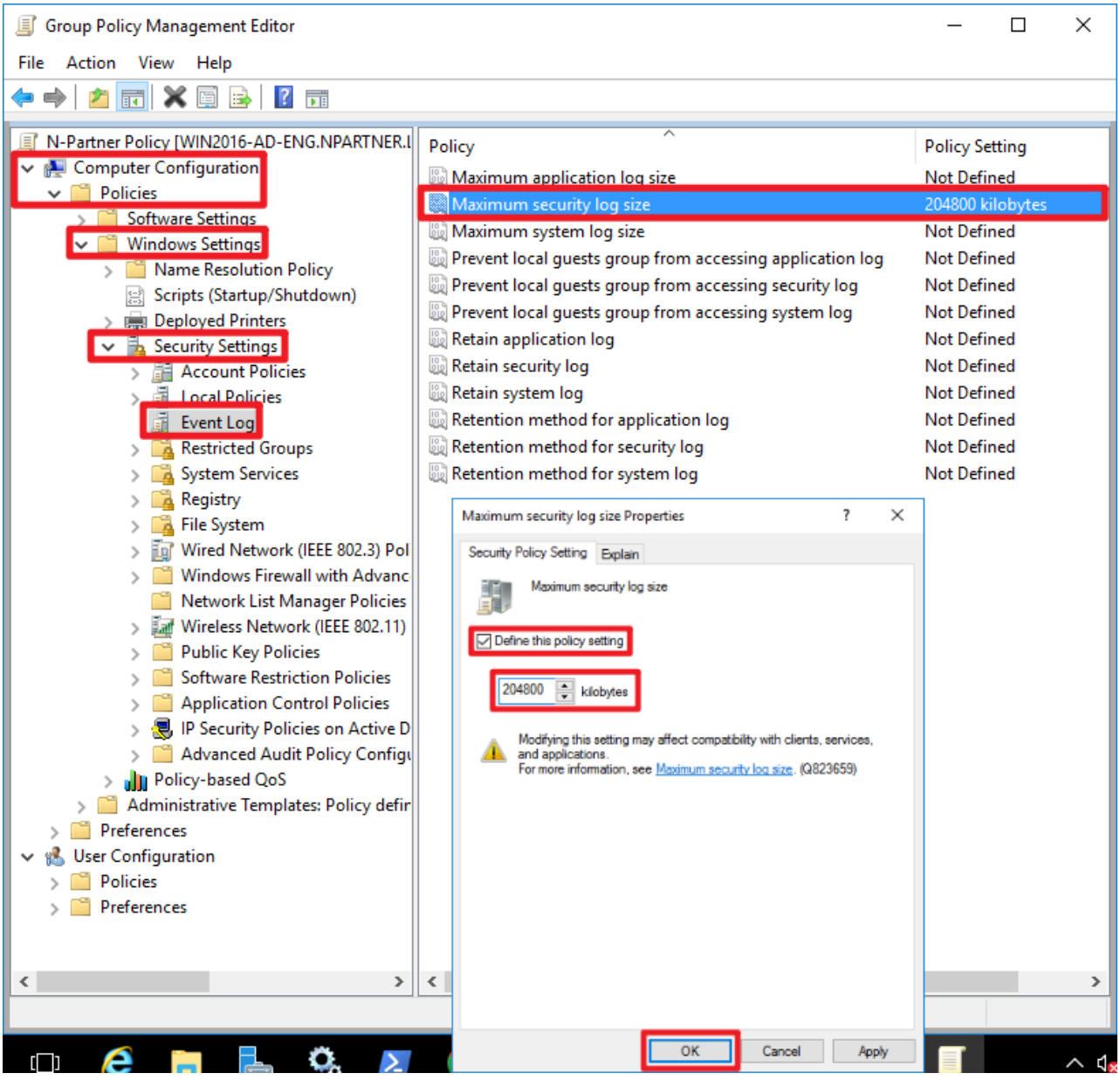
Expand “Computer Configuration” → “Policies” → “Windows Settings” → “Security Settings” → “Event Log” → select “Retention method for security log” → check “Define this policy setting” → select “Overwrite events as needed” → click “OK.”



(7) Event Logs: Maximum Size of Security Log

Expand folder “Computer Configuration” → “Policies” → “Windows Settings” → “Security Settings” → “Event Log” →And click on “Maximum security log size” → Check “Define this policy setting” → enter 204800 KB

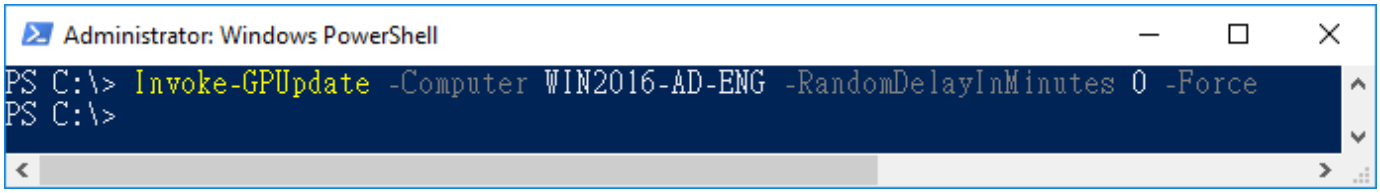
Note: Please adjust the number based on the actual environment. → click “OK.”



(8) Open “Windows PowerShell.”

(9) Enter the command below to refresh group policy.

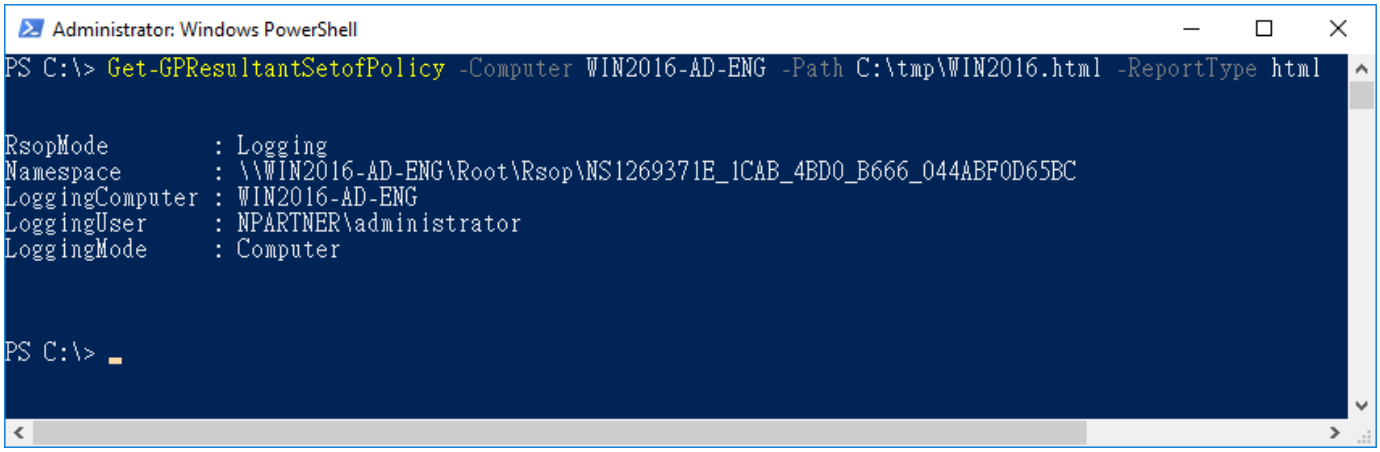
```
PS C:\> Invoke-GPUpdate -Computer Win-AD-2016 -RandomDelayInMinutes 0 -Force
```



Replace the red text section with the name of your Exchange server.

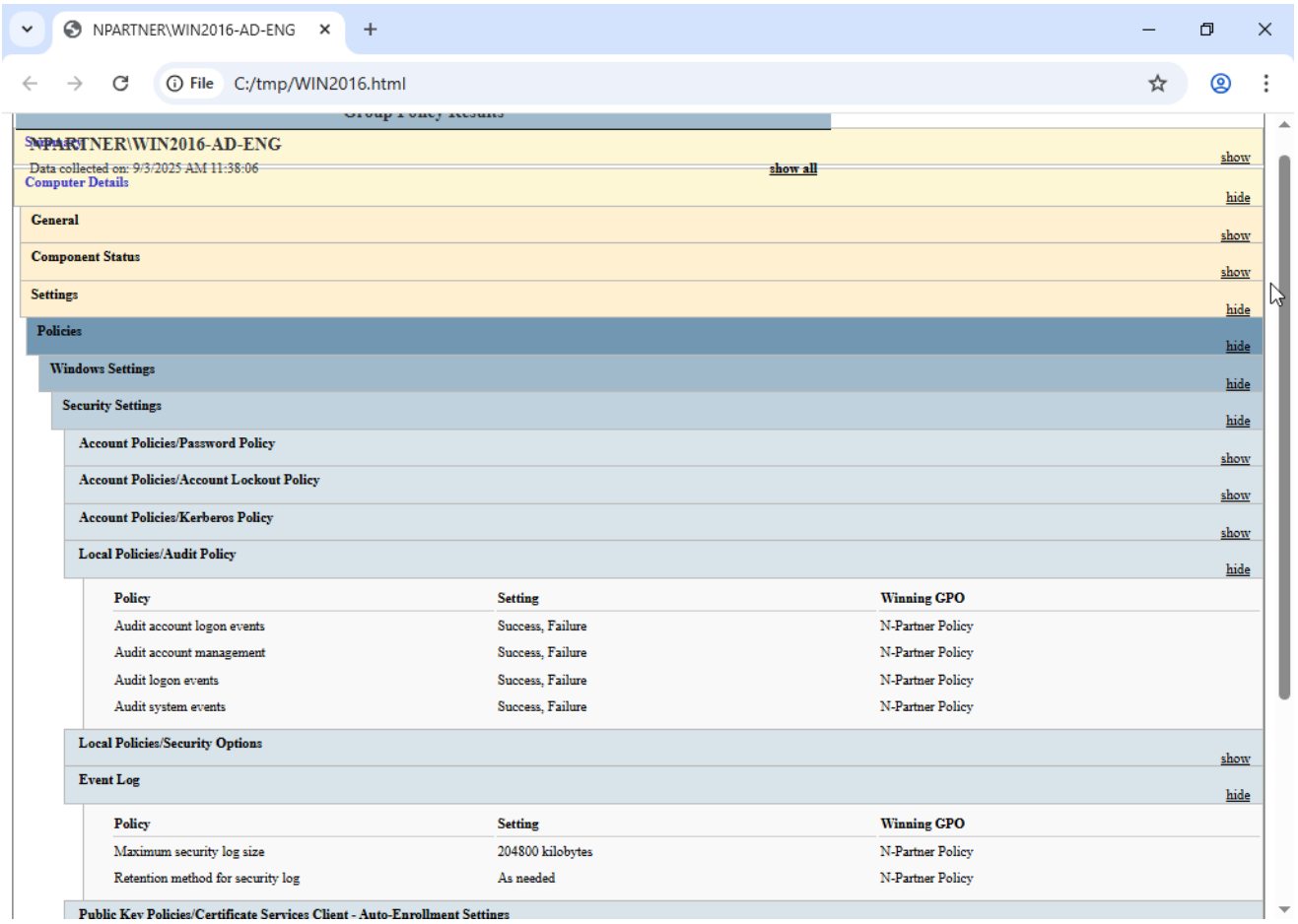
(10) Enter the command below to generate server group policy report.

```
PS C:\> Get-GPResultantSetofPolicy -Computer Win2016-AD-ENG -Path C:\tmp\Win2016.html -
ReportType html
```



For the red text , please enter the Windows file server name and the folder path/file name.

(11) Open the report and verify that your Windows AD server is applying the N-Partner Policy Group Policy.



6. Exchange 2019

Example: Exchange 2019 installed on a Windows 2022 server.

Message tracking logs can be configured through the “Exchange Administrative Center” or the “Exchange Management Shell.”

6.1 Exchange MessageTracking Log

Modify nxlog.conf

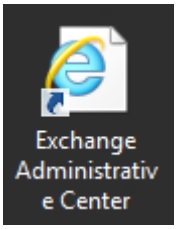
Note: Please refer to 1.3 NXLog Configuration File.

Edit the blue text section to specify the message tracking log folder:

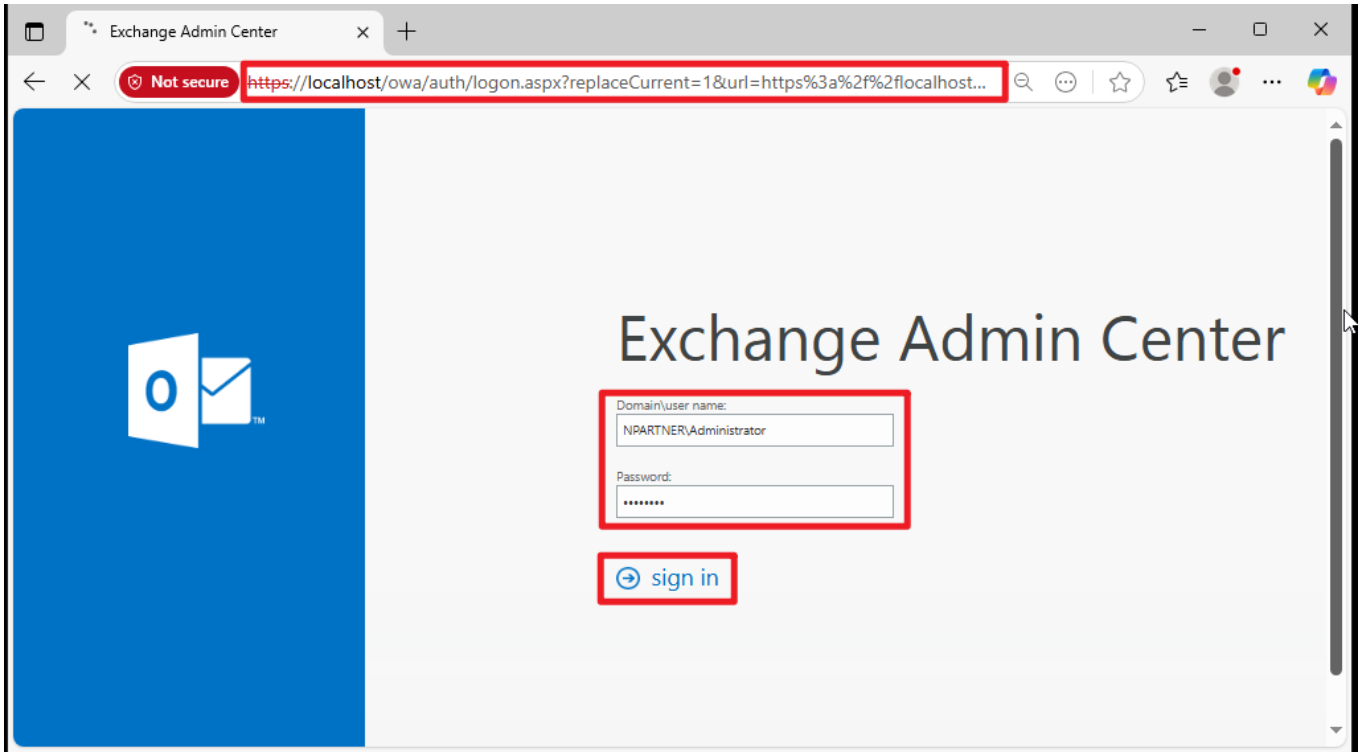
```
define MailLog C:\Program Files\Microsoft\Exchange Server\V15\TransportRoles\Logs\MessageTracking
```

6.1.1 Exchange Administrative Center

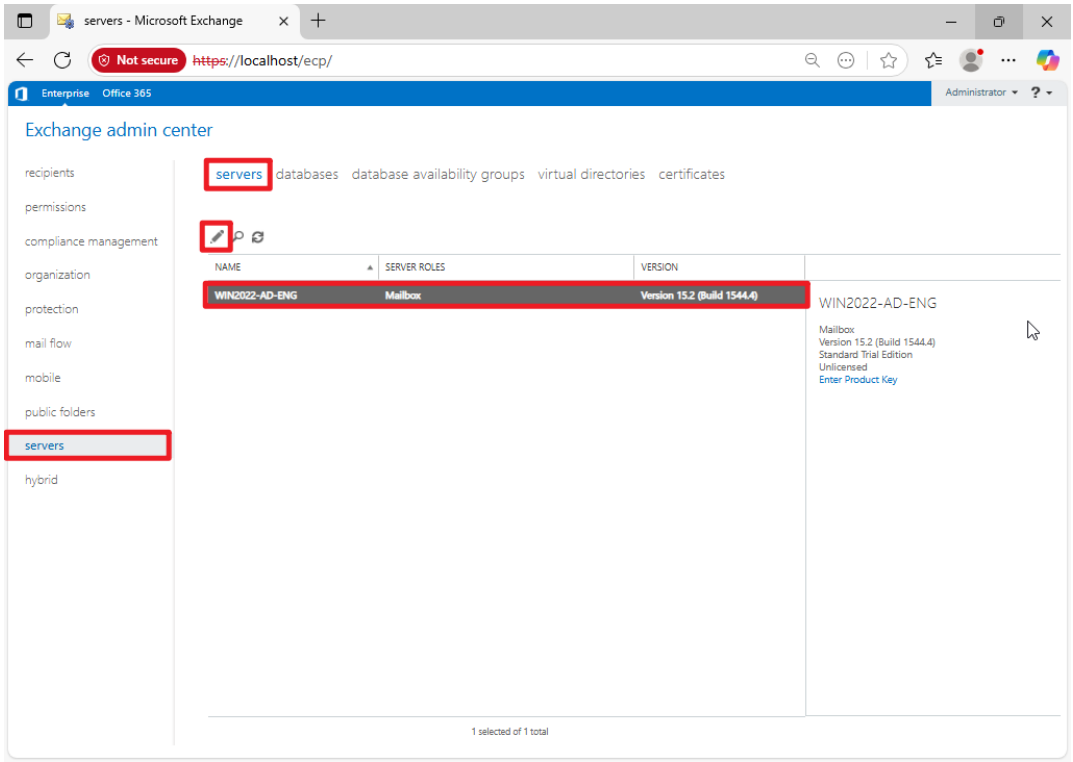
(1) Open “Exchange Administrative Center.”



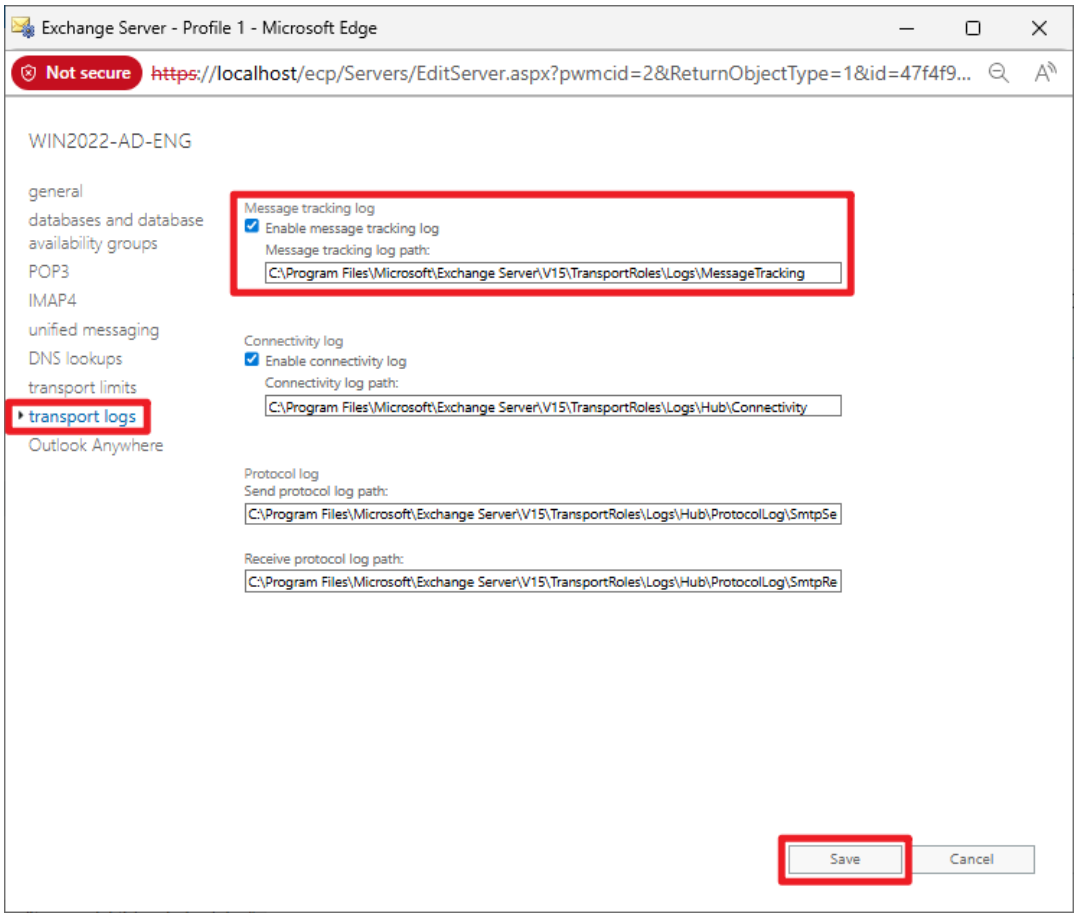
(2) Enter the URL: https://<ExchangeIP>/ecp → enter “Domain\username” and password → click “Sign in.”



(3) Select the “Servers” page → select “Servers” → select “Mailbox Server (WIN2022-AD-ENG)” → click “Edit.”



(4) Select “Transport Logs” → verify “Enable message tracking log” is checked and the log path is set to: [C:\Program Files\Microsoft\Exchange Server\V15\TransportRoles\Logs\MessageTracking → click “Save.”

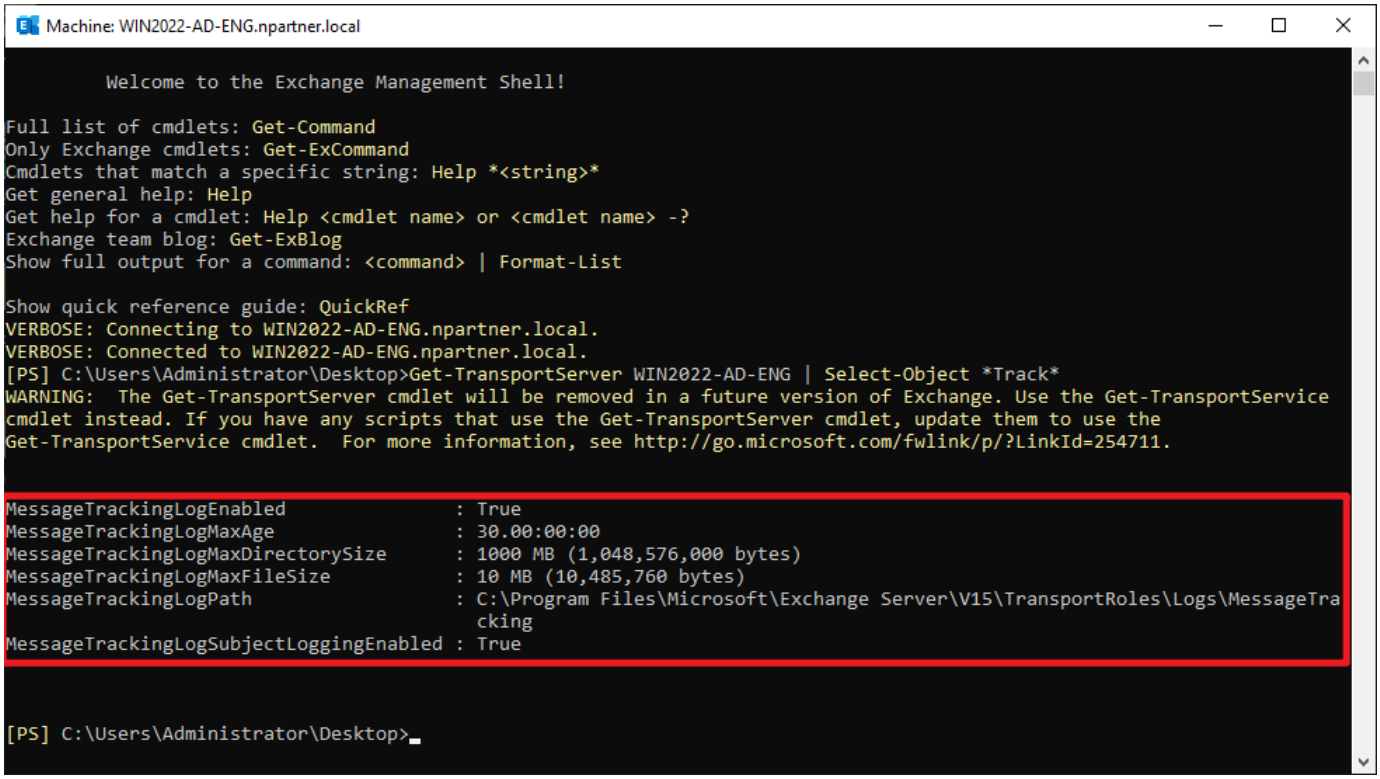


6.1.2 Exchange Management Shell

(1) Open “Exchange Management Shell.”

(2) Verify “Enable message tracking log” is checked and the log path is set to: [C:\Program Files\Microsoft\Exchange Server\V15\TransportRoles\Logs\MessageTracking]
and run the following command in “Exchange Management Shell”:

```
[PS] C:\> Get-TransportServer Win2022-AD-ENG | Select-Object *Track*
```

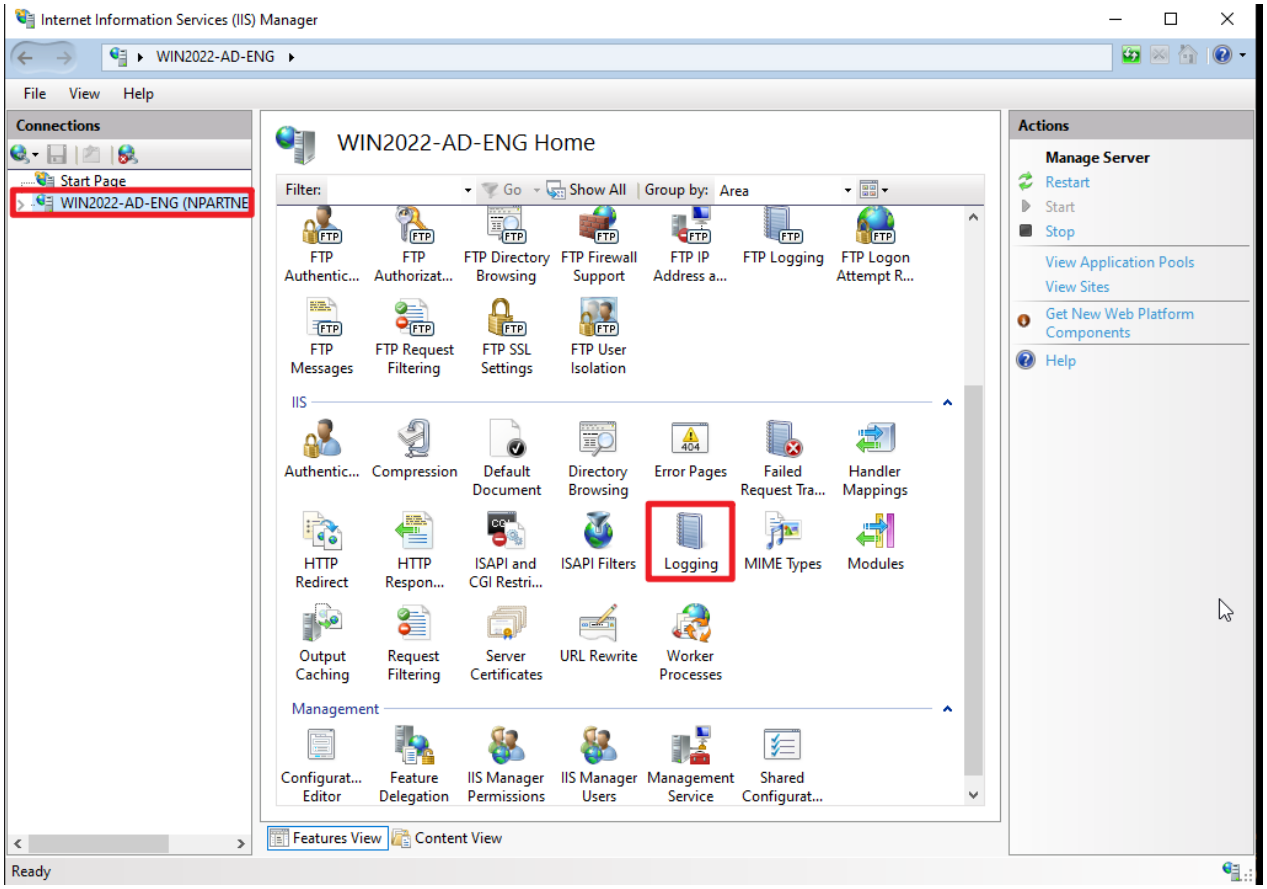


Replace the server name in red text with your Exchange server name.

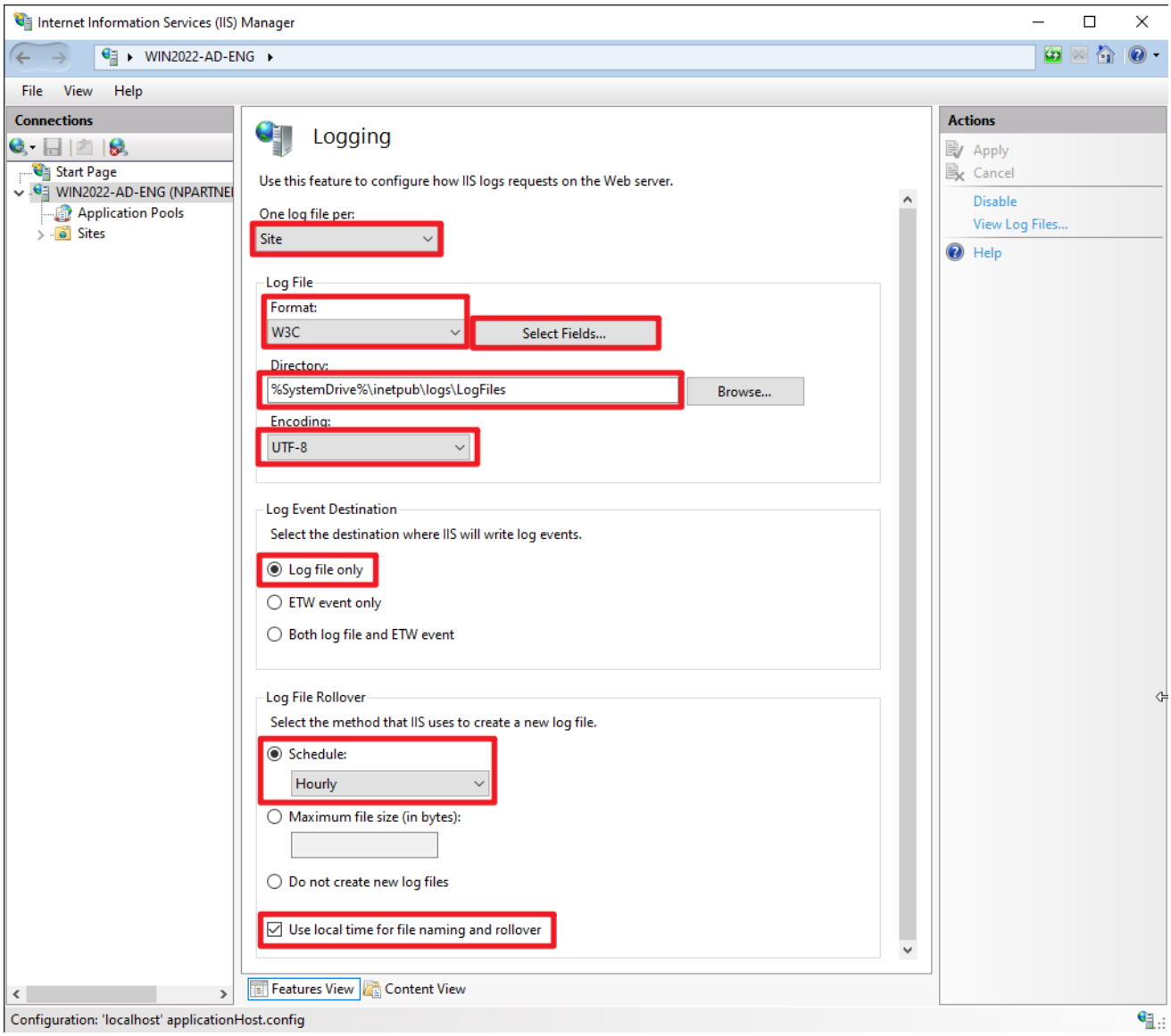
6.2 IIS Log

(1) Open “Internet Information Services (IIS) Manager.”

(2) Select your “IIS Server” (the example here is WIN2016-AD-ENG) → “Logging.”

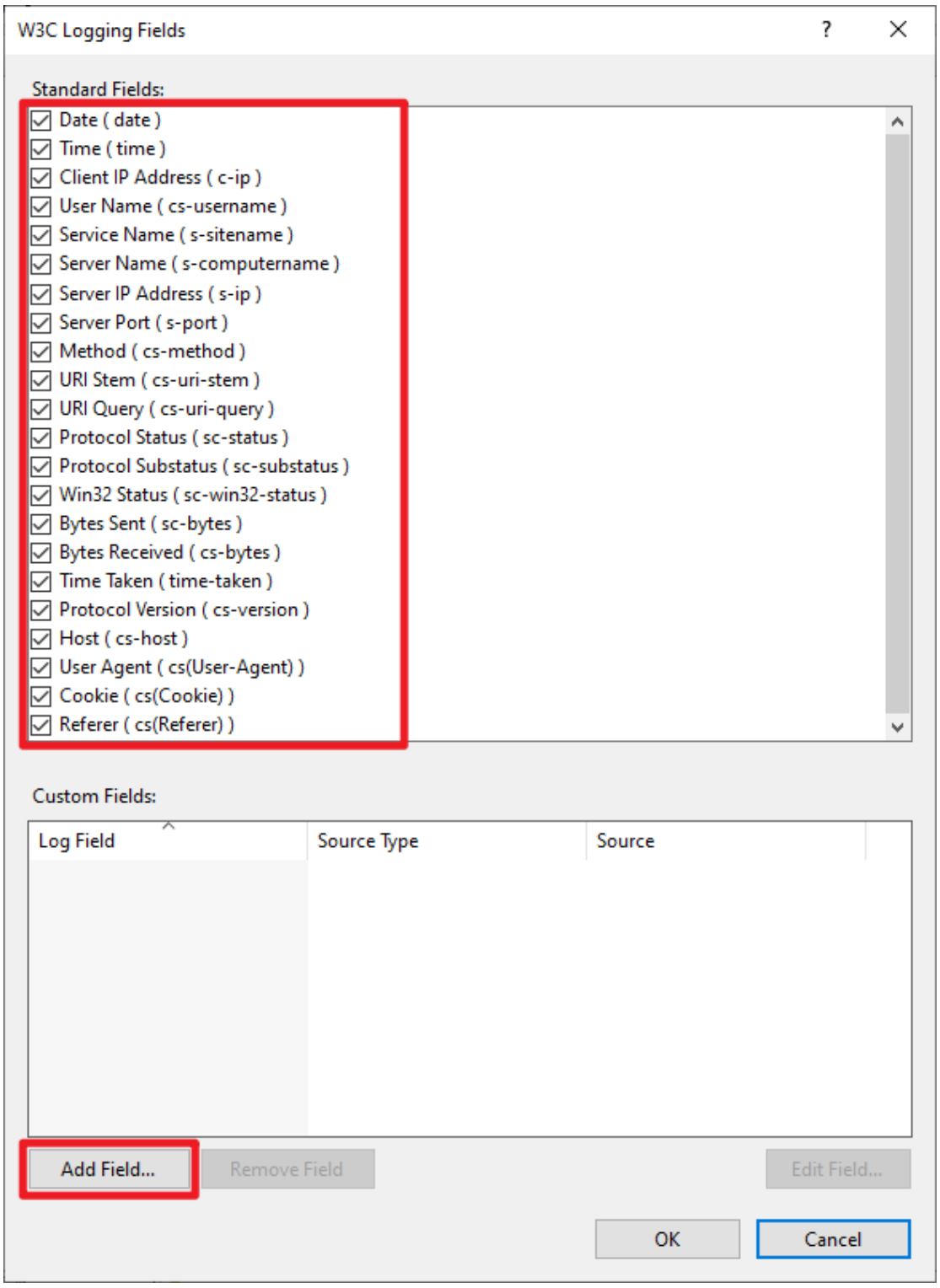


(3) Select “One log file per site” → set “Log file format” to “W3C” → set “Directory” to %SystemDrive%\inetpub\logs\LogFiles → set “Encoding” to “UTF-8” → set “Log event destination” to “Log file only” → set “Schedule” to “Hourly” → check “Use local time for file naming and rollover” → click “Select Fields.”

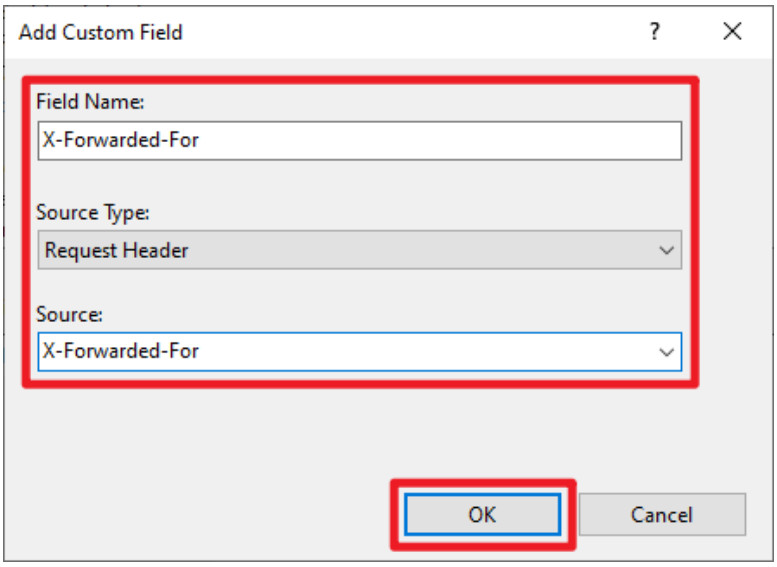


(4) Select the following fields → click “Add Field”:

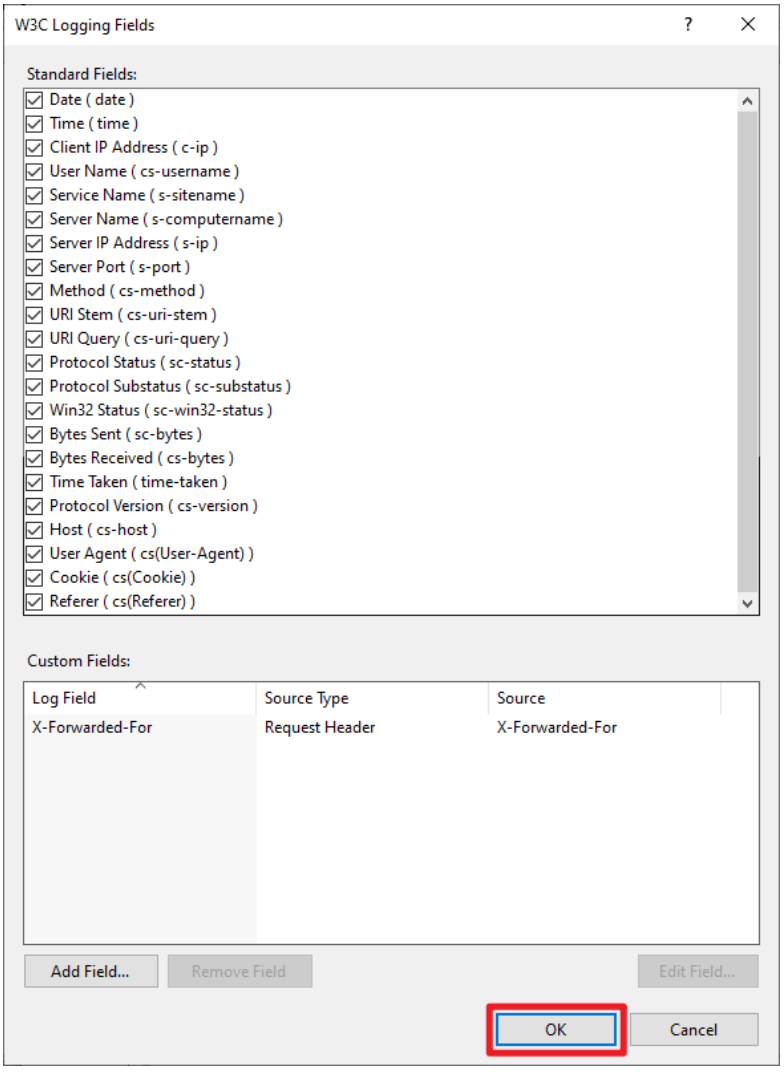
“Date (date), Time (time), Client IP Address (c-ip), User Name (cs-username), Service Name (s-sitename), Server Name (s-computername), Server IP Address (s-ip), Server Port (s-port), Method (cs-method), URI Stem (cs-uri-stem), URI Query (cs-uri-query), Protocol Status (sc-status), Protocol Substatus (sc-substatus), Win32 Status (sc-win32-status), Bytes Sent (sc-bytes), Bytes Received (cs-bytes), Time Taken (time-taken), Protocol Version (cs-version), Host (cs-host), User Agent (cs(User-Agent)), Cookie (cs(Cookie)), Referrer (cs(Referer)).”



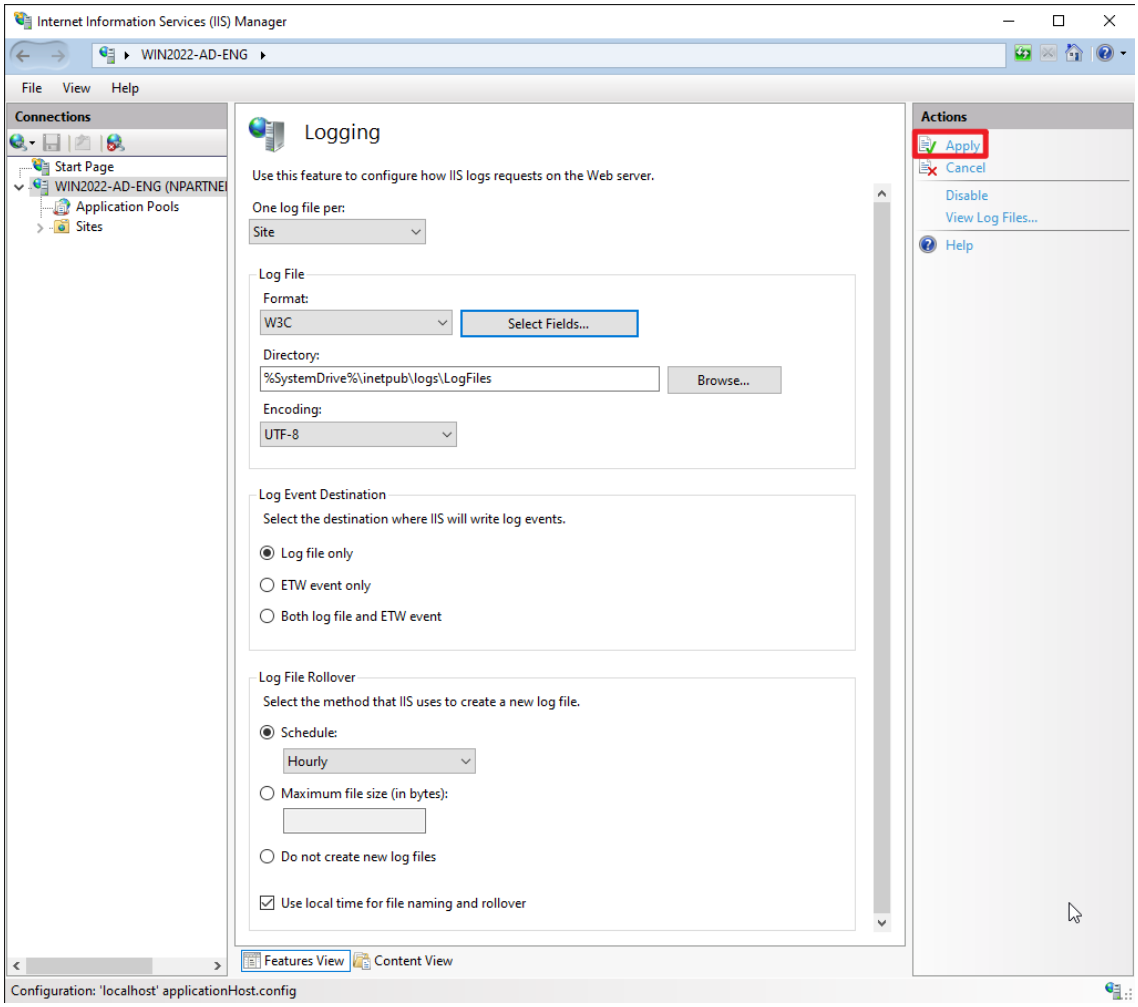
(5) Enter field name: X-Forwarded-For → select “Source type”: “Request Header” → enter source name: X-Forwarded-For → click “OK.”



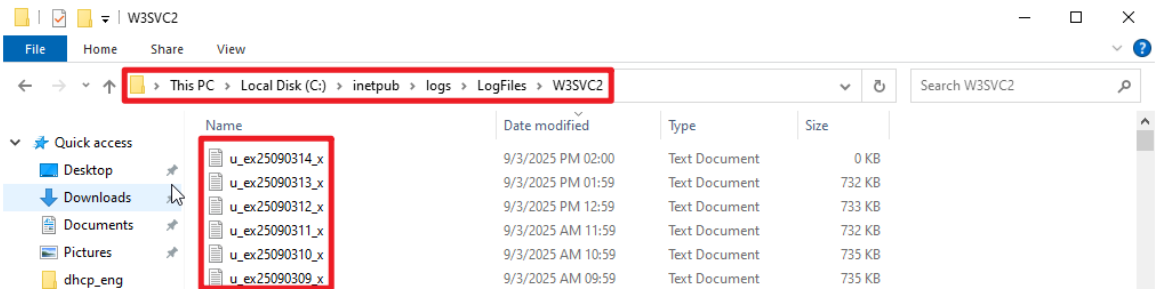
(6) Click “OK.”



(7) Click “Apply.”

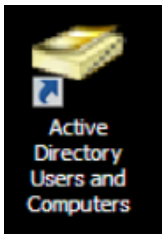


(8) Verify IIS log files are created in the folder: C:\inetpub\logs\LogFiles\W3SVC2



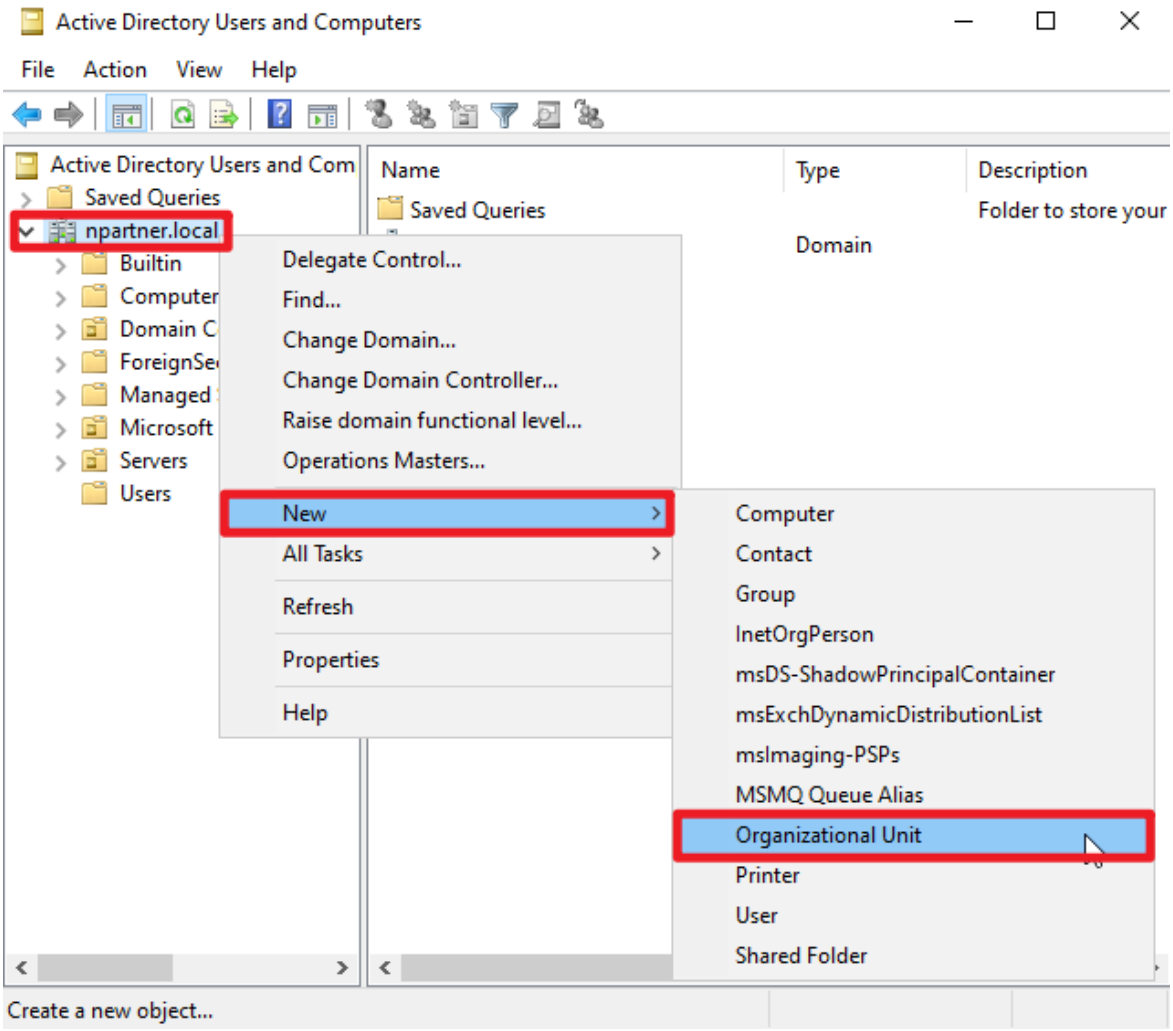
6.3.1 Organizational Unit (OU) Configuration

(1) Click “Active Directory Users and Computers.”



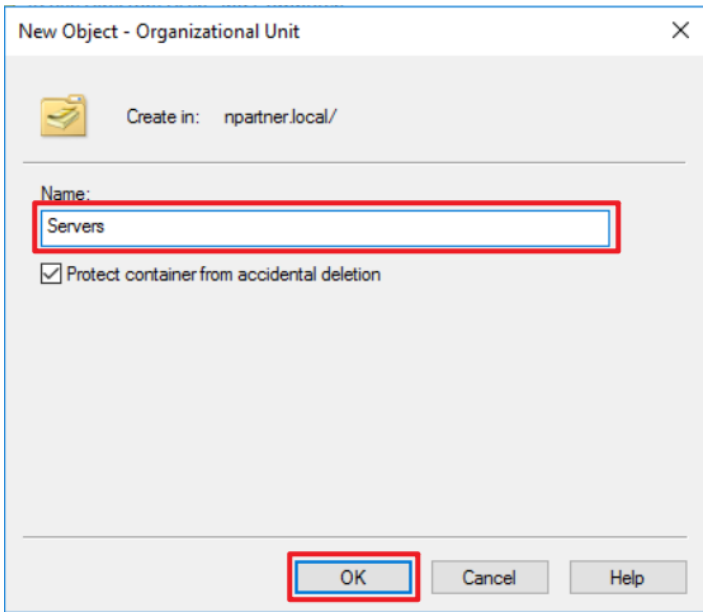
(2) Add an Organizational Unit

Right-click on “Domain Name,” (the example here is npartner.local) →select “New,” and click “Organizational Unit.”



(3) Enter your Organizational Unit name: (in this example, it is “Servers”)

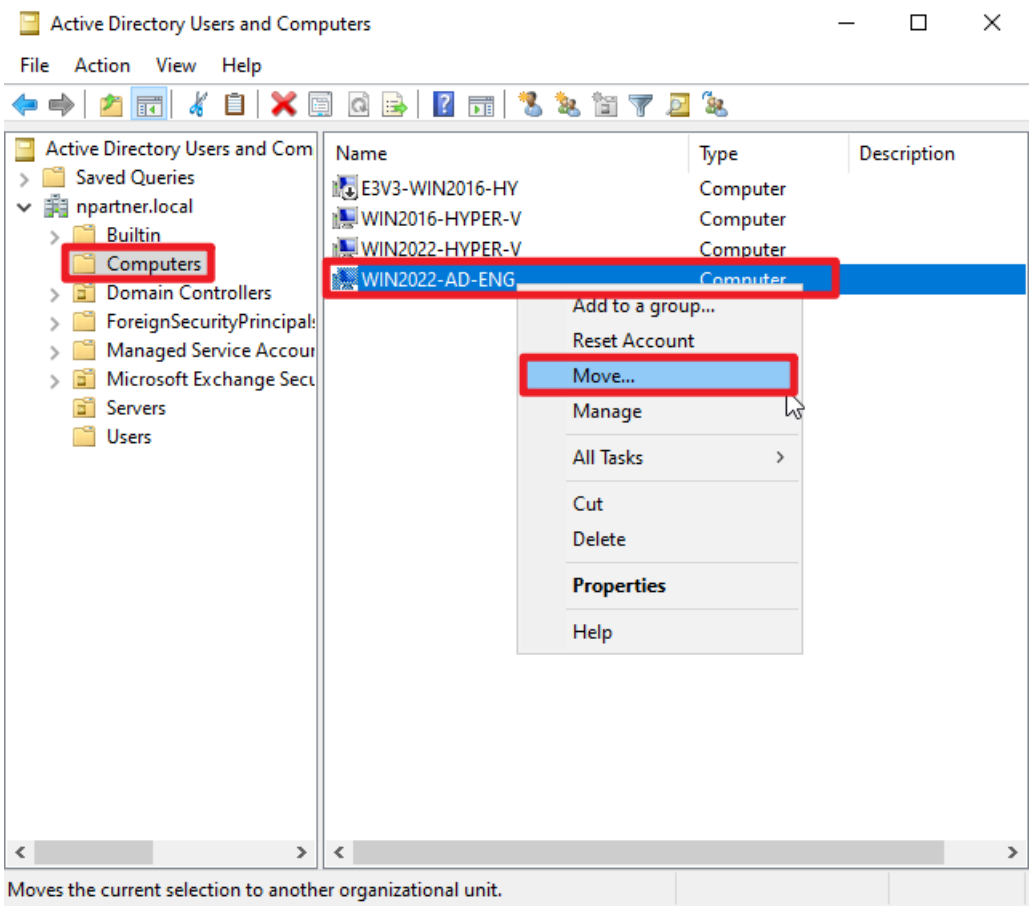
Note: Please create the organizational unit name according to the actual environment. → click “OK.”



(4) Move the Server to your New Organizational Unit:

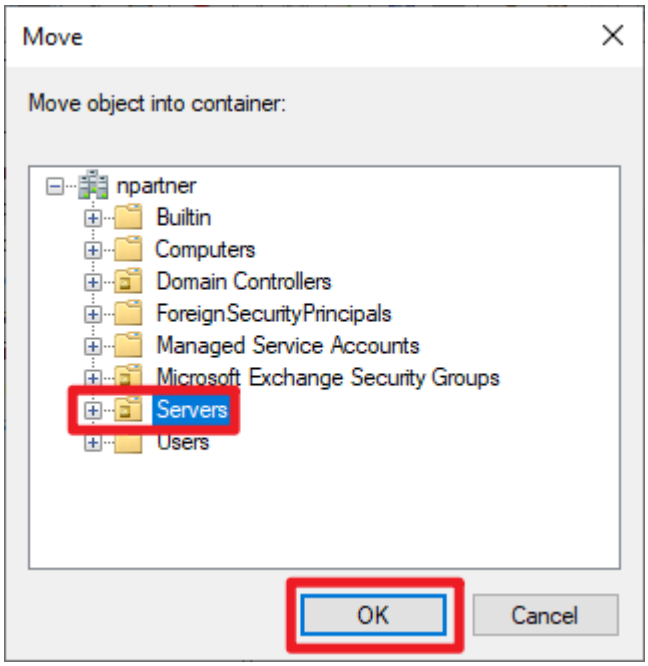
Select your organizational unit in “Domain Controllers” → right-click on the “WIN2022-AD-ENG” server.

Note: Please select the Windows AD server according to the actual environment. → click “Move.”



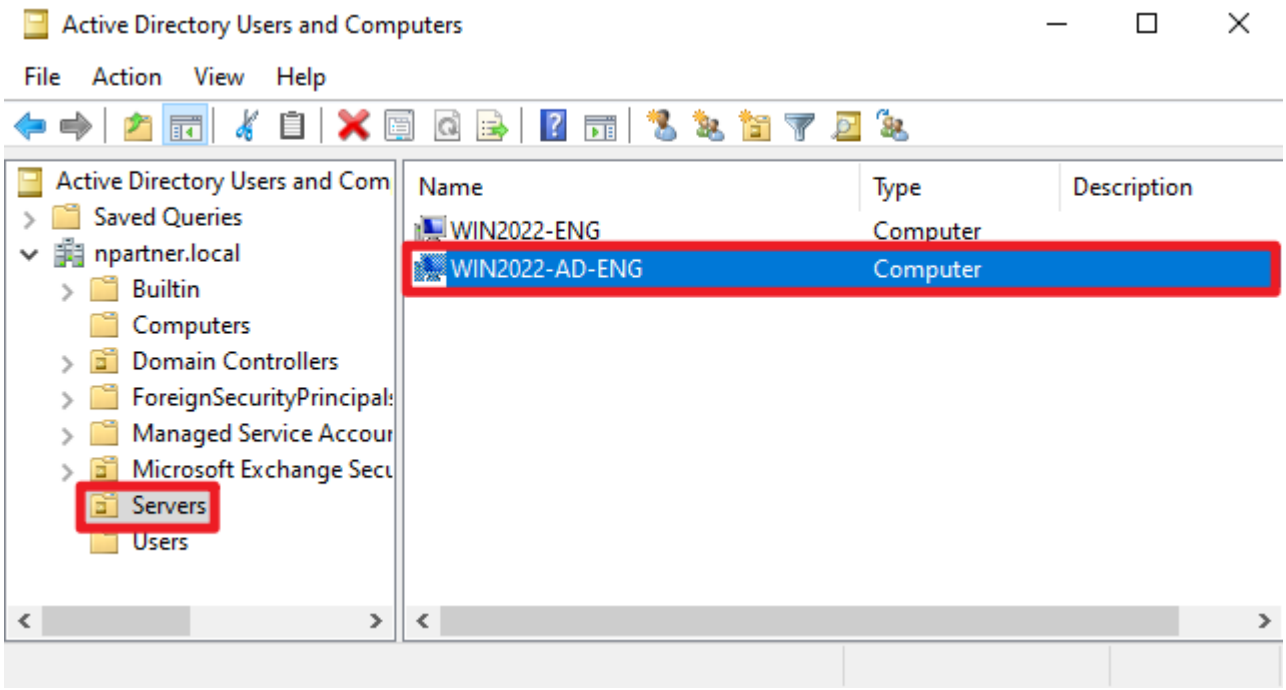
(5) Select your Organizational Unit:

Select your organizational unit (in this example, it is “Servers”) → click “OK.”



(6) Verify the Server Has Been Moved to your New Organizational Unit:

Expand your organizational unit folder (in this example, it is “Servers”) and confirm that the “WIN2022-AD-ENG” server has been moved.

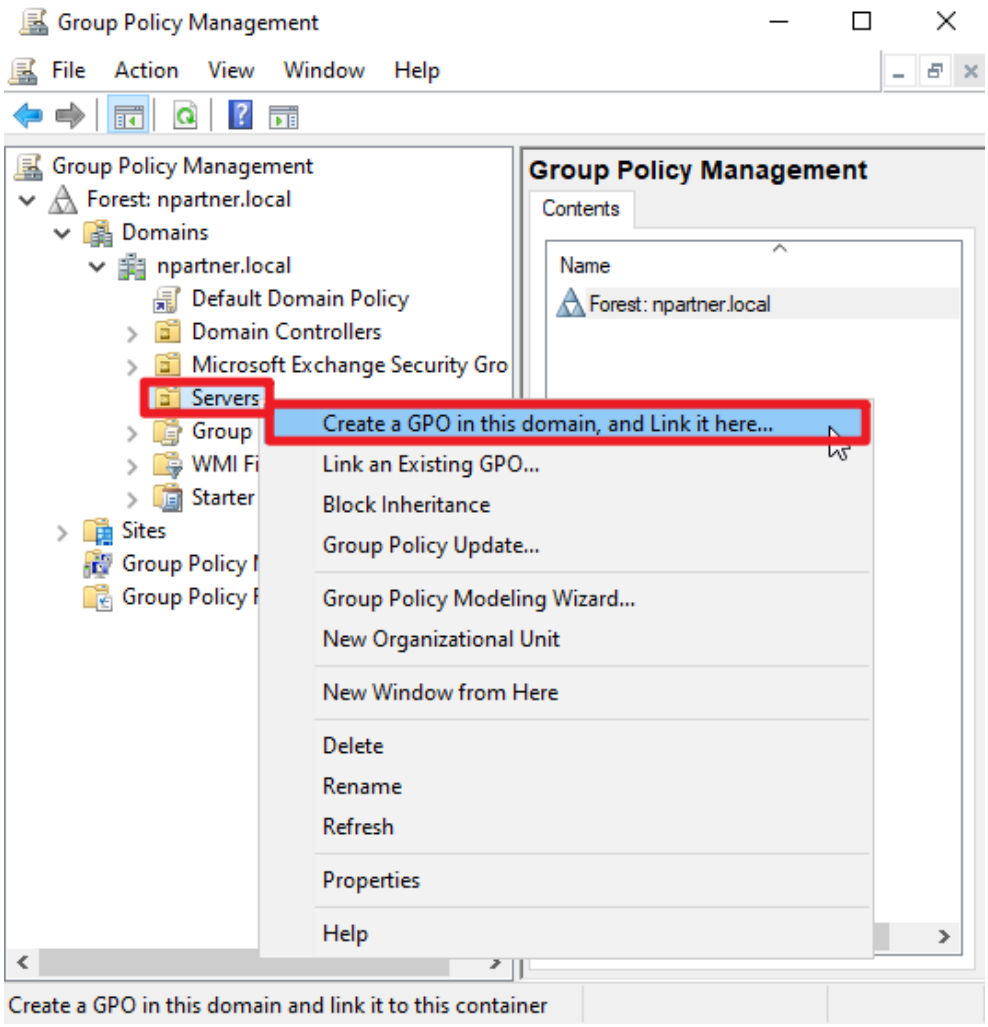


6.3.2 Group Policy Settings

(1) Click “Group Policy Management.”

(2) In the Servers organizational unit (OU), create a new Group Policy Object (GPO):

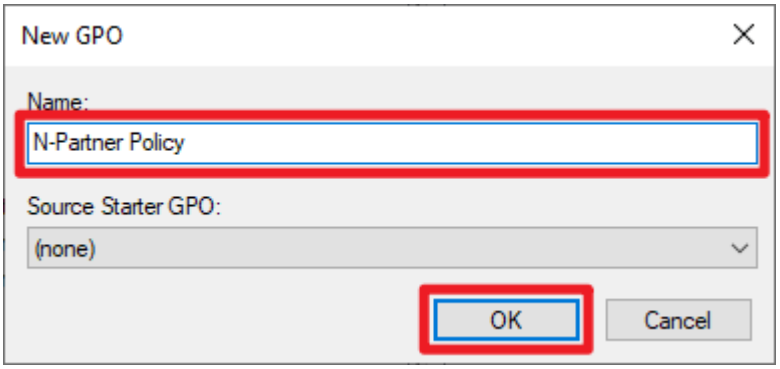
Right-click the “Servers” organizational unit → select “Create a GPO in this domain, and Link it here...”



(3) Edit your Group Policy Object

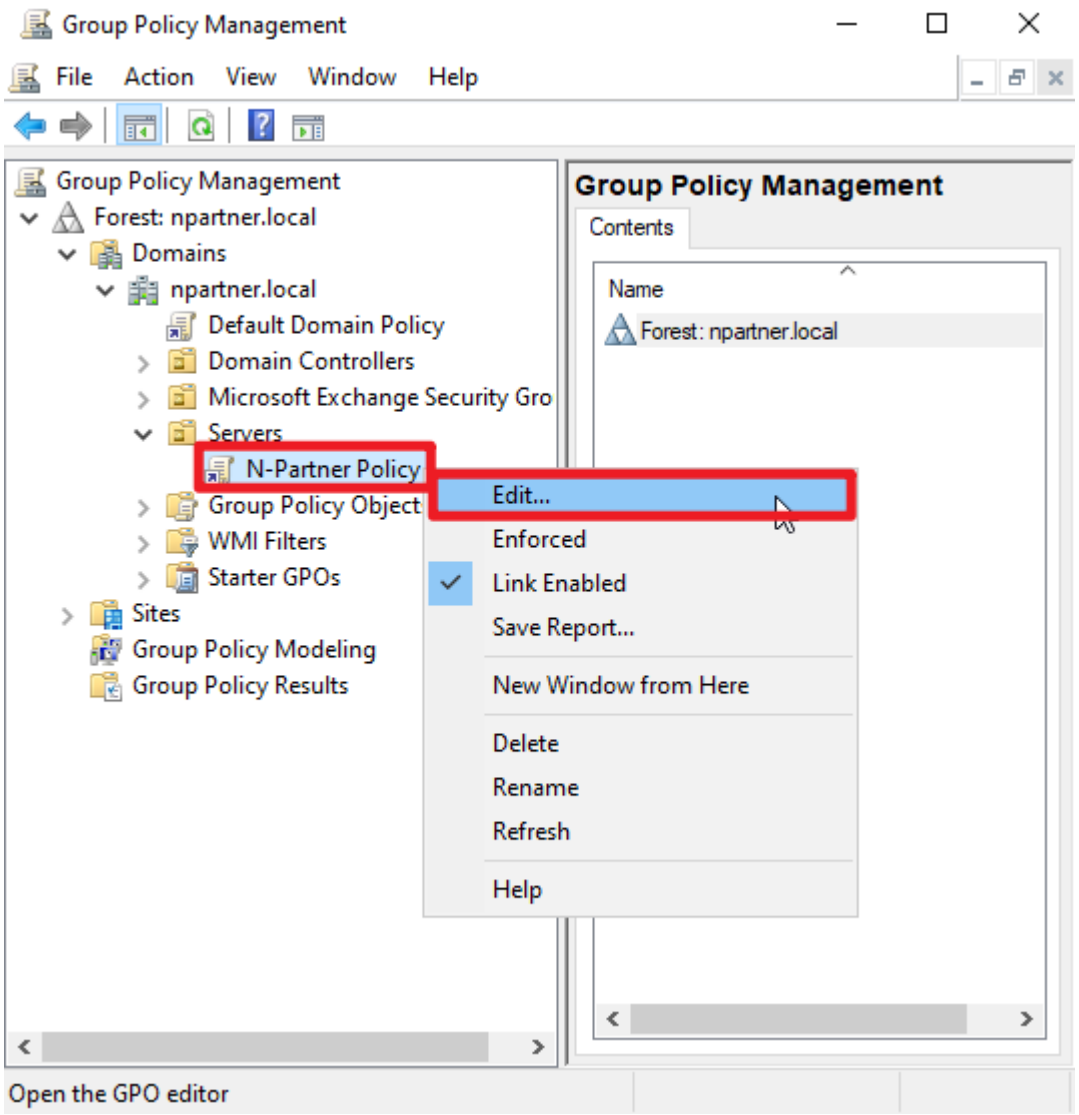
Enter your Group Policy Object name. (in this example, it is "N-Partner Policy")

Note: Create your GPO name according to the actual environment. Then click "Edit."



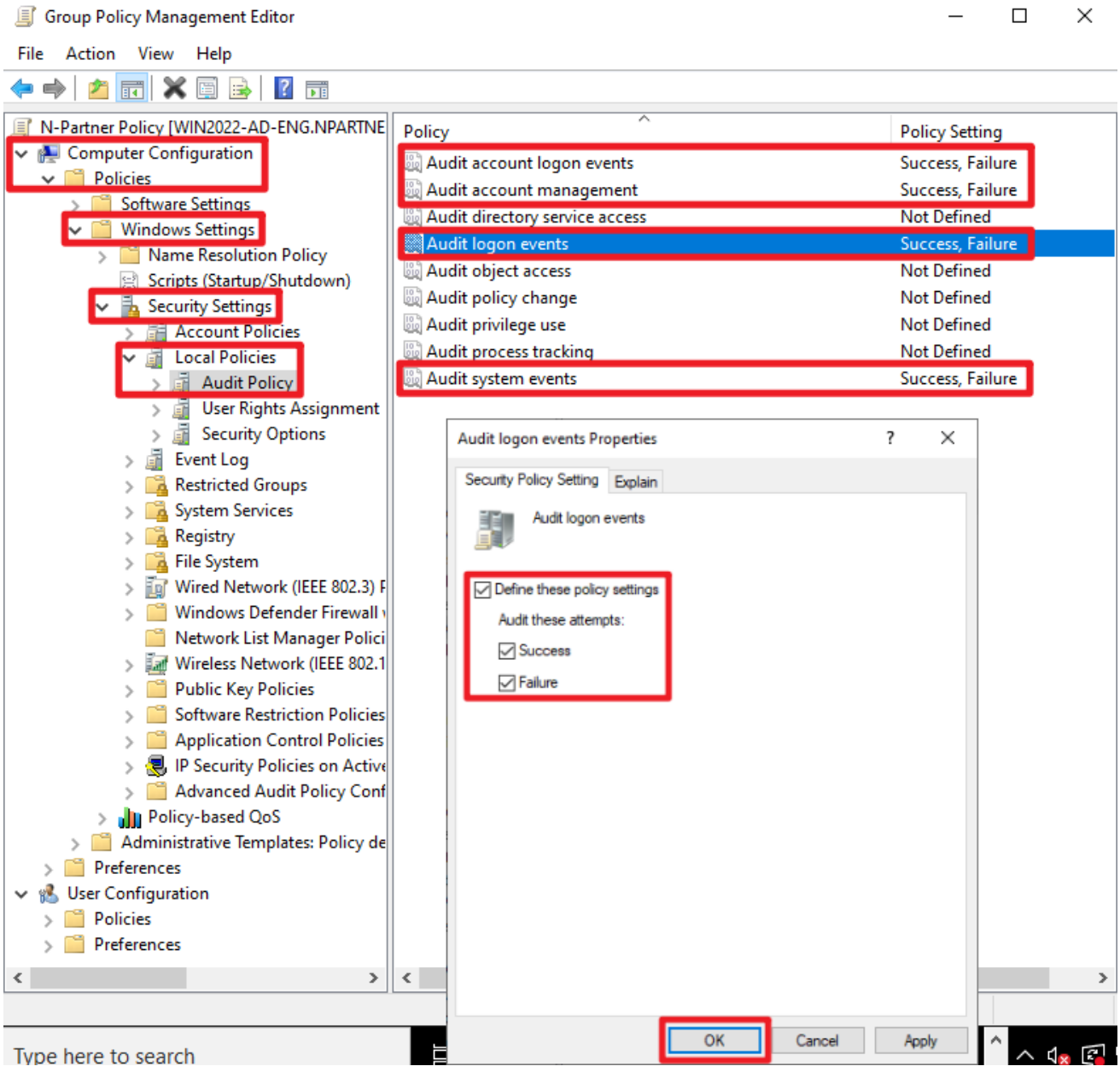
(4) Edit your Group Policy Object

In your group policy object, (in this example, it is "N-Partner Policy")
right-click and select "Edit."



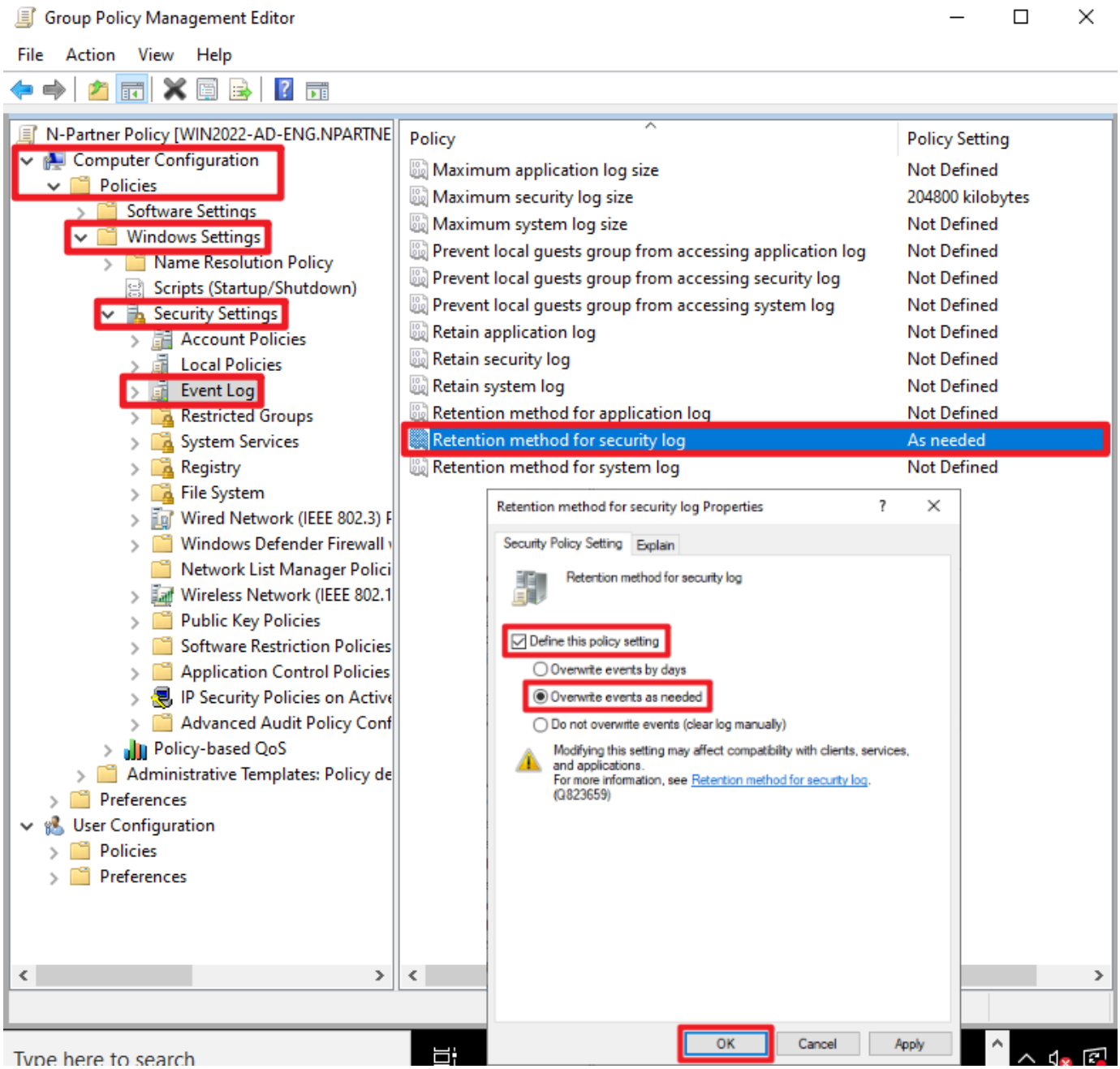
(5) Local Group Policies: Audit Policy

Expand folder “Computer Configuration” → “Policies” → “Windows Settings” → “Security Settings” → “Local Policies” → “Audit Policy.” And click on “Audit account logon events,” “Audit account management,” “Audit logon events,” “Audit object access,” and “Audit system events” → check “Define these policy settings”: Success, Failure. → click “OK.”



(6) Event Log: Security Log Retention Method

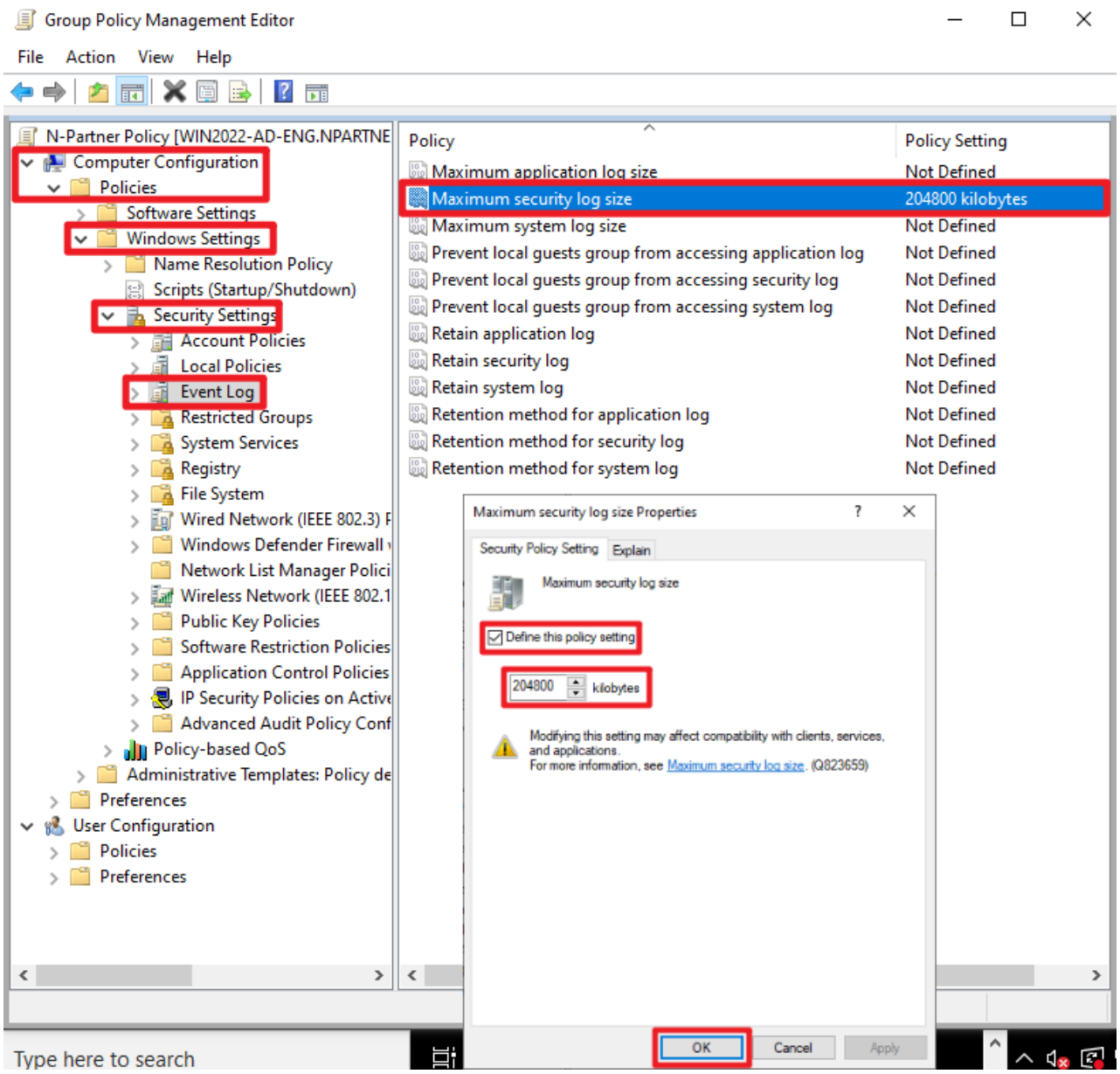
Expand “Computer Configuration” → “Policies” → “Windows Settings” → “Security Settings” → “Event Log” → select “Retention method for security log” → check “Define this policy setting” → select “Overwrite events as needed” → click “OK.”



(7) Event Logs: Maximum Size of Security Log

Expand folder “Computer Configuration” → “Policies” → “Windows Settings” → “Security Settings” → “Event Log” →And click on “Maximum security log size” → Check “Define this policy setting” → enter 204800 KB

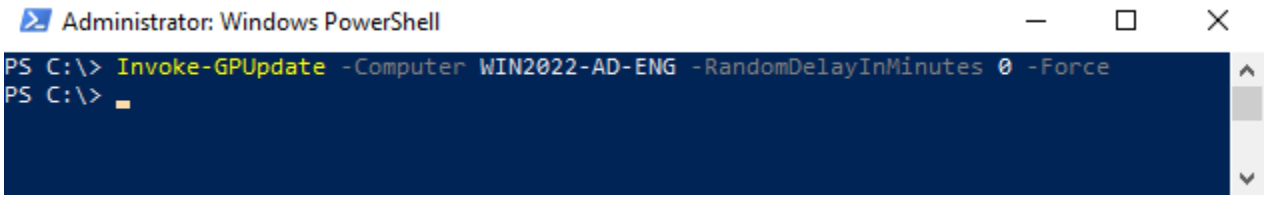
Note: Please adjust the number based on the actual environment. → click “OK.”



(8) Open “Windows PowerShell.”

(9) Enter the command below to refresh group policy.

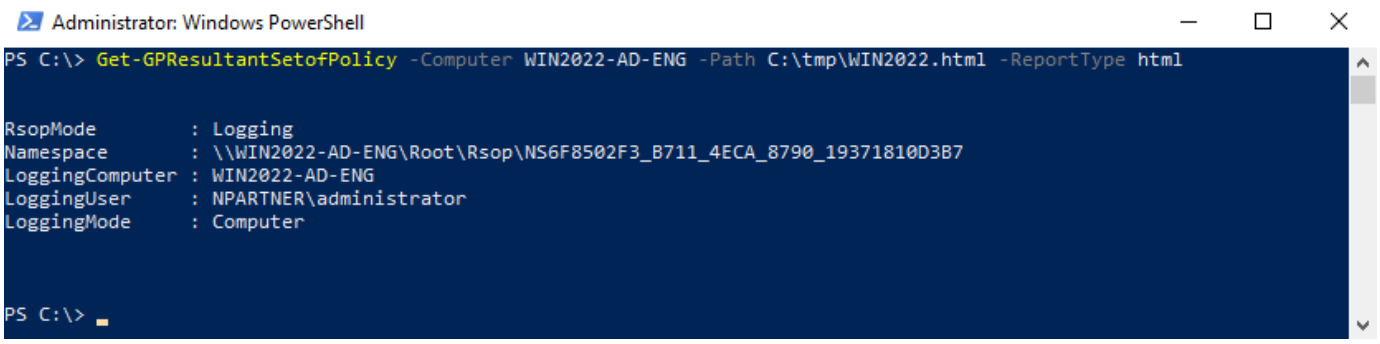
```
PS C:\> Invoke-GPUpdate -Computer Win2022-AD-ENG -RandomDelayInMinutes 0 -Force
```



Enter the Exchange server name in the red text section.

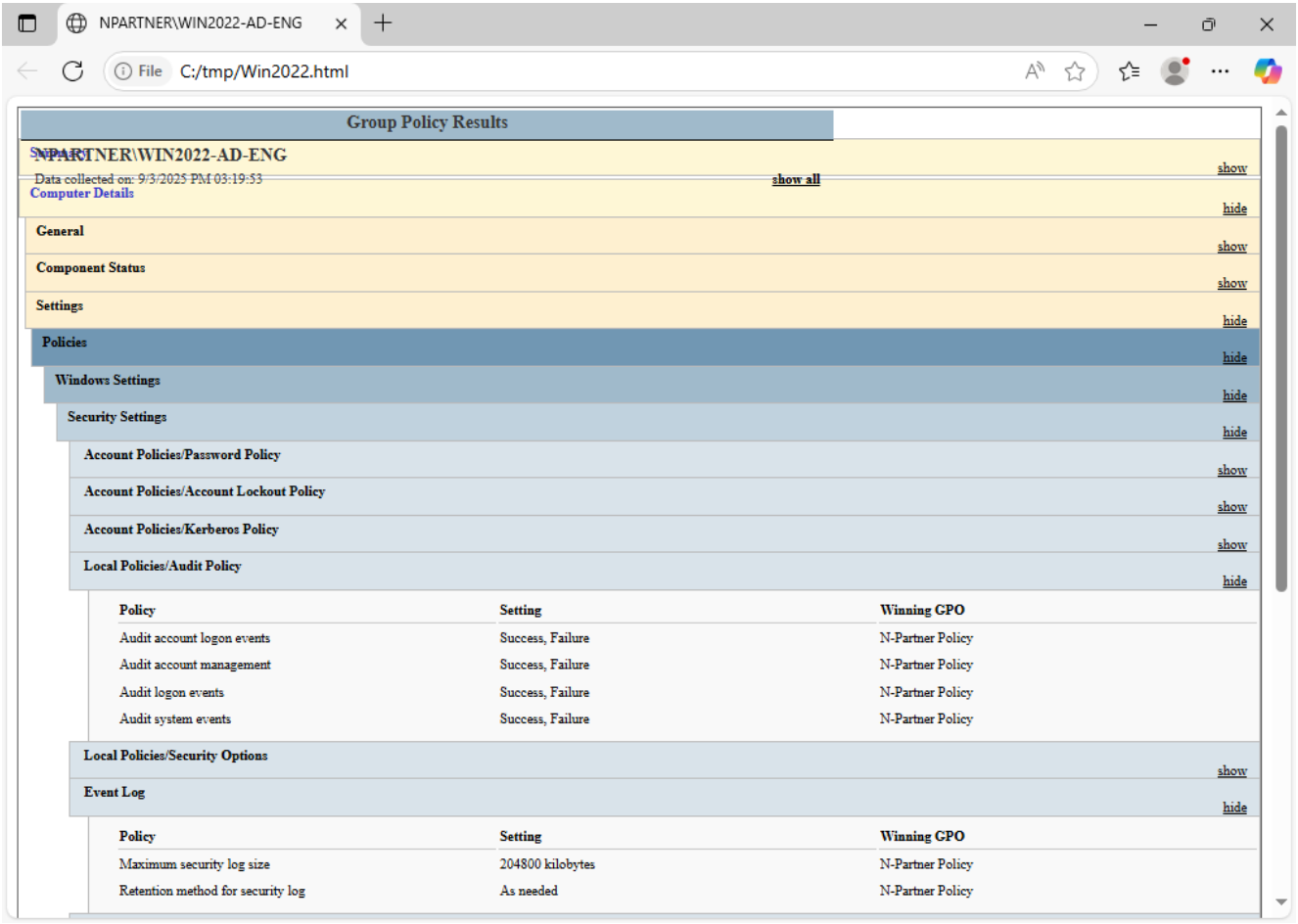
(10) Enter the command below to generate server group policy report.

```
PS C:\> Get-GPResultantSetofPolicy -Computer Win2022-AD-ENG -Path C:\tmp\Win2022.html -ReportType html
```



For the red text , please enter the Windows AD server name and the folder path/file name.

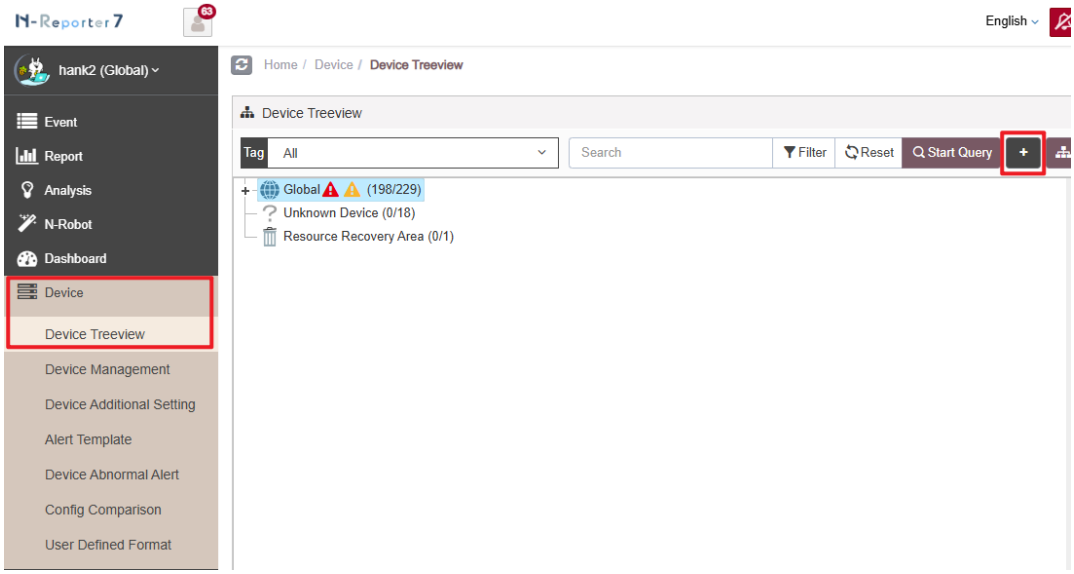
(11) Open the report and verify that your Windows AD server is applying the N-Partner Policy Group Policy.



7. N-Reporter

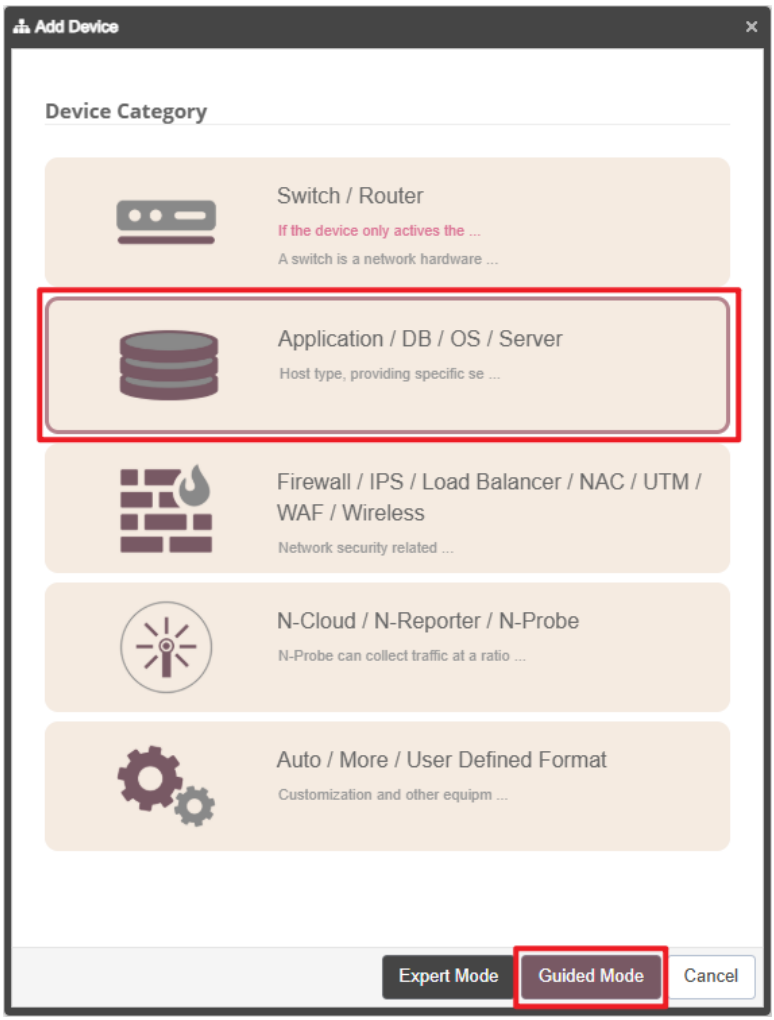
(1) Add an MS Exchange device:

Go to “Device Management” → “Device Treeview” → click “Add.”



(2) Select the device type:

Choose “Application/DB/OS/Server” → click “Guided Mode.”

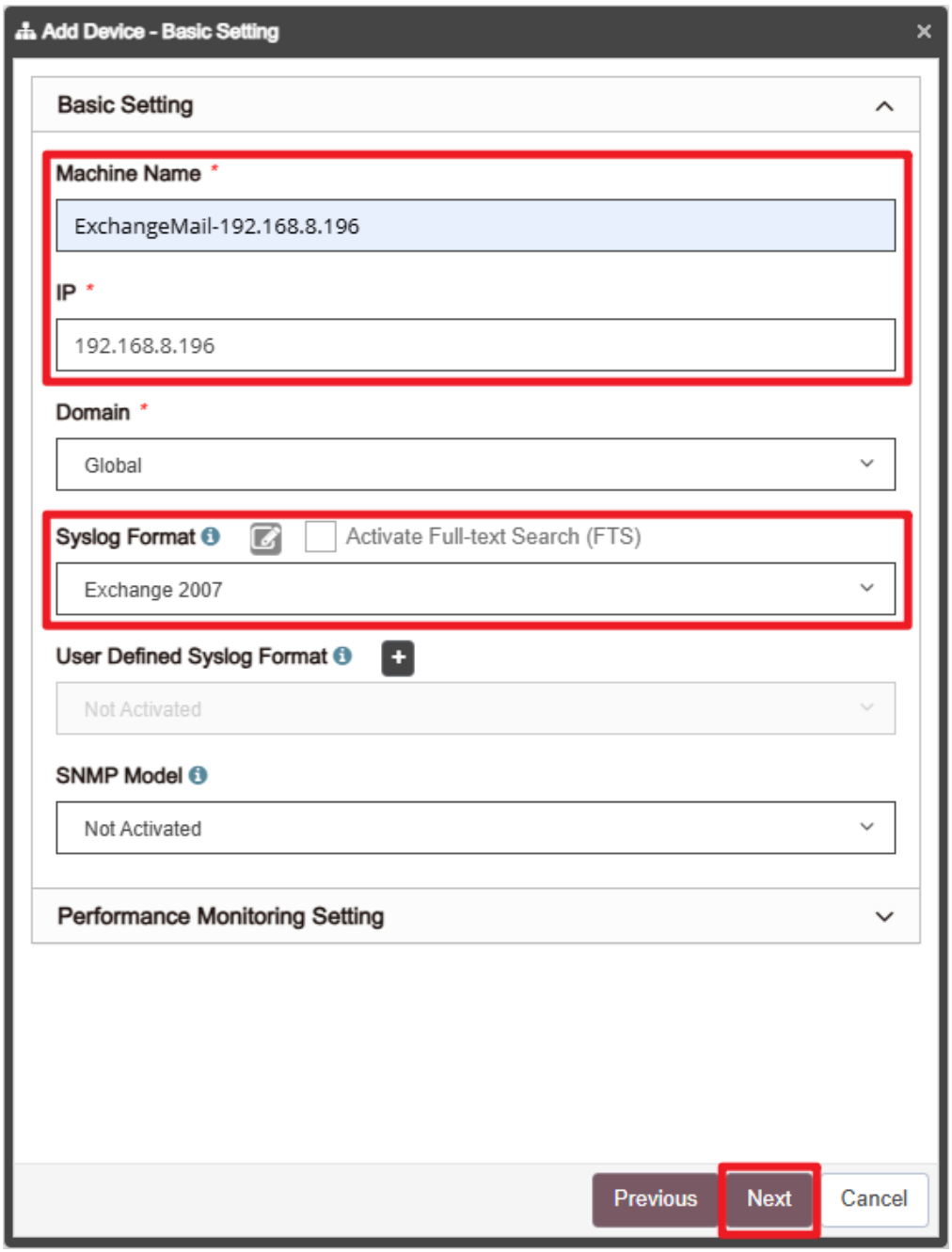


7.1 Exchange Message Tracking Log

7.1.1 Exchange 2007

(1) Basic Device Settings:

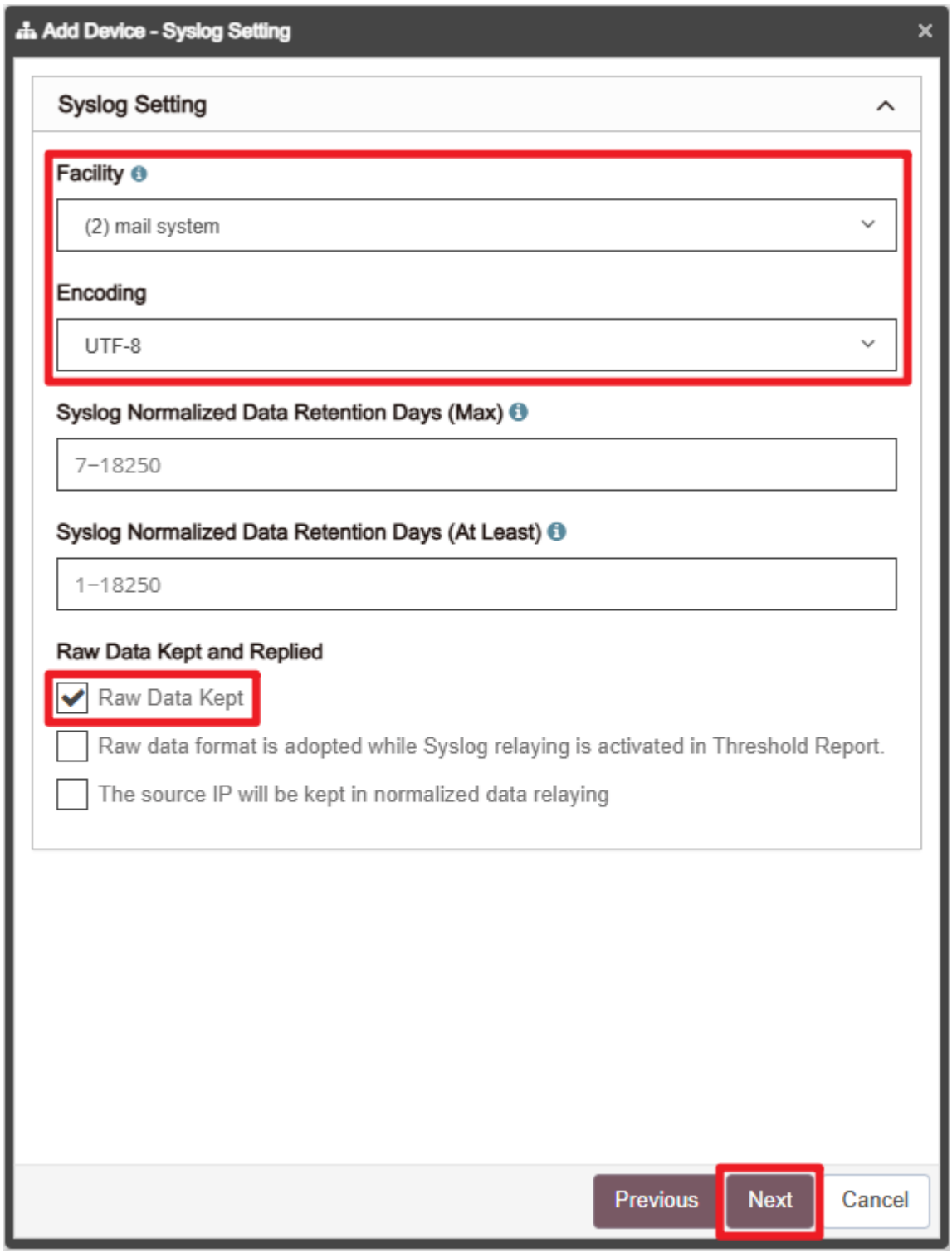
Enter the device name and IP address → For Syslog Data Format, select “Exchange 2007” → click “Next.”



(2) Syslog Settings

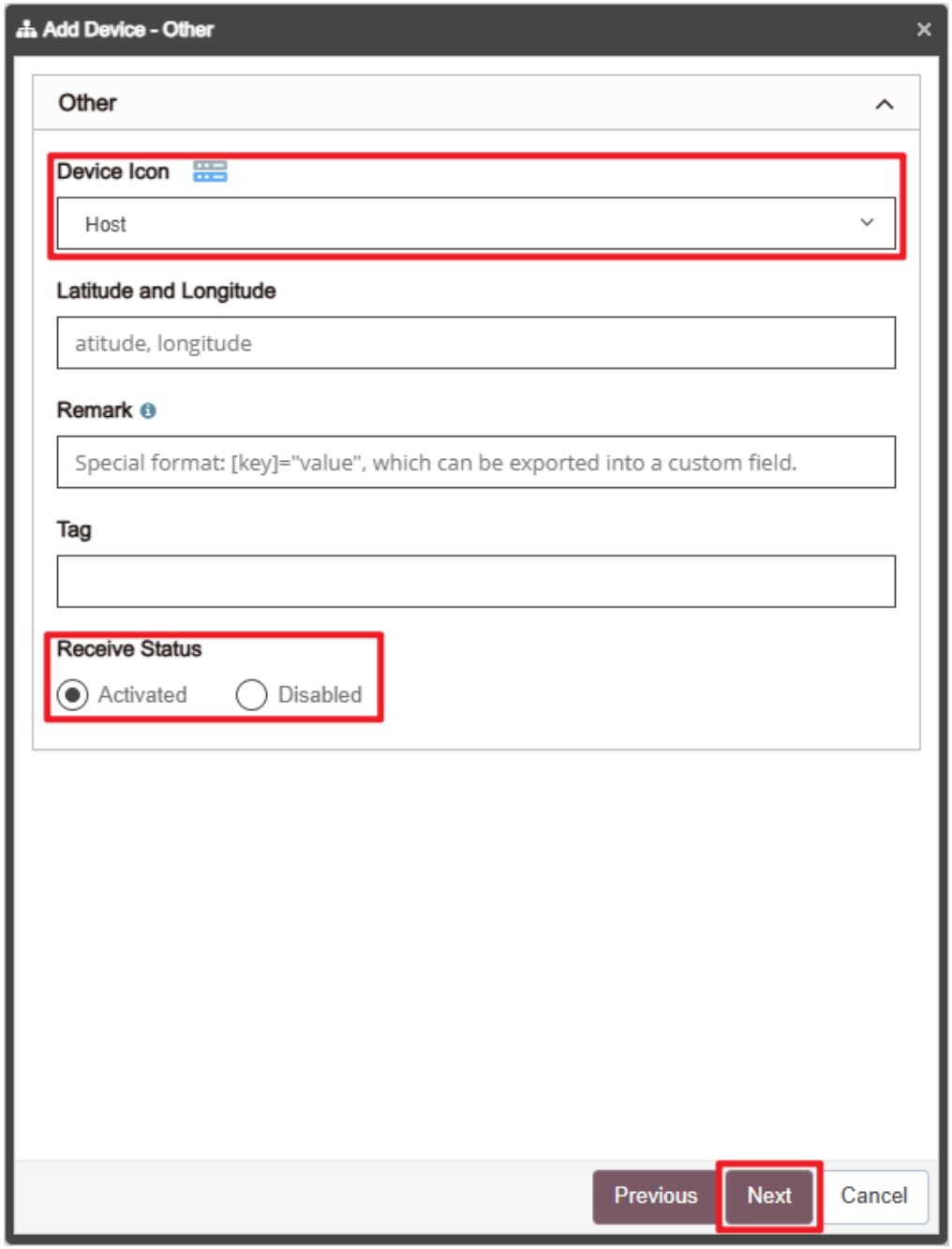
Set “Facility” to “(2) mail system” and “Encoding” to “UTF-8” → click “Next.”

If “Raw Data Kept” function is enabled, the “Event Query” page will display raw data information.

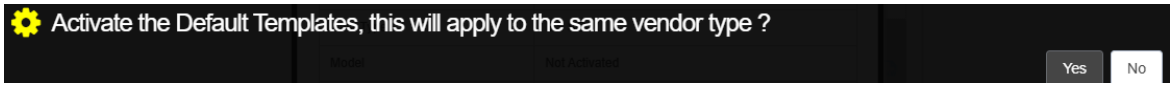


(3) Others

Set “Device Icon” to “Host” → Set “Receiving Status” to “Activated” → click “Next” → Confirm.



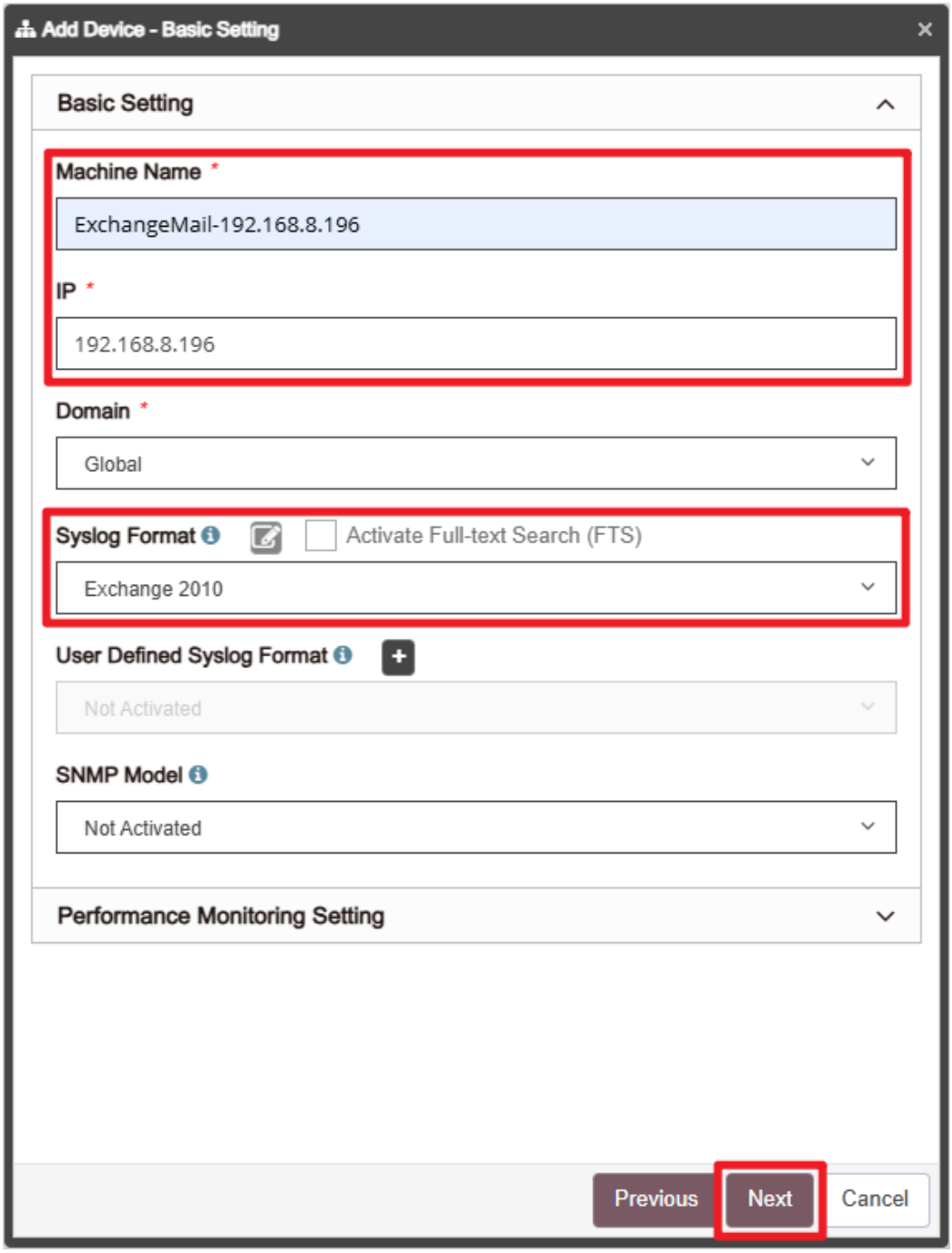
Enable default reports to be applied to devices of the same make and model → click “No.”



7.1.2 Exchange 2010

(1) Device Basic Settings

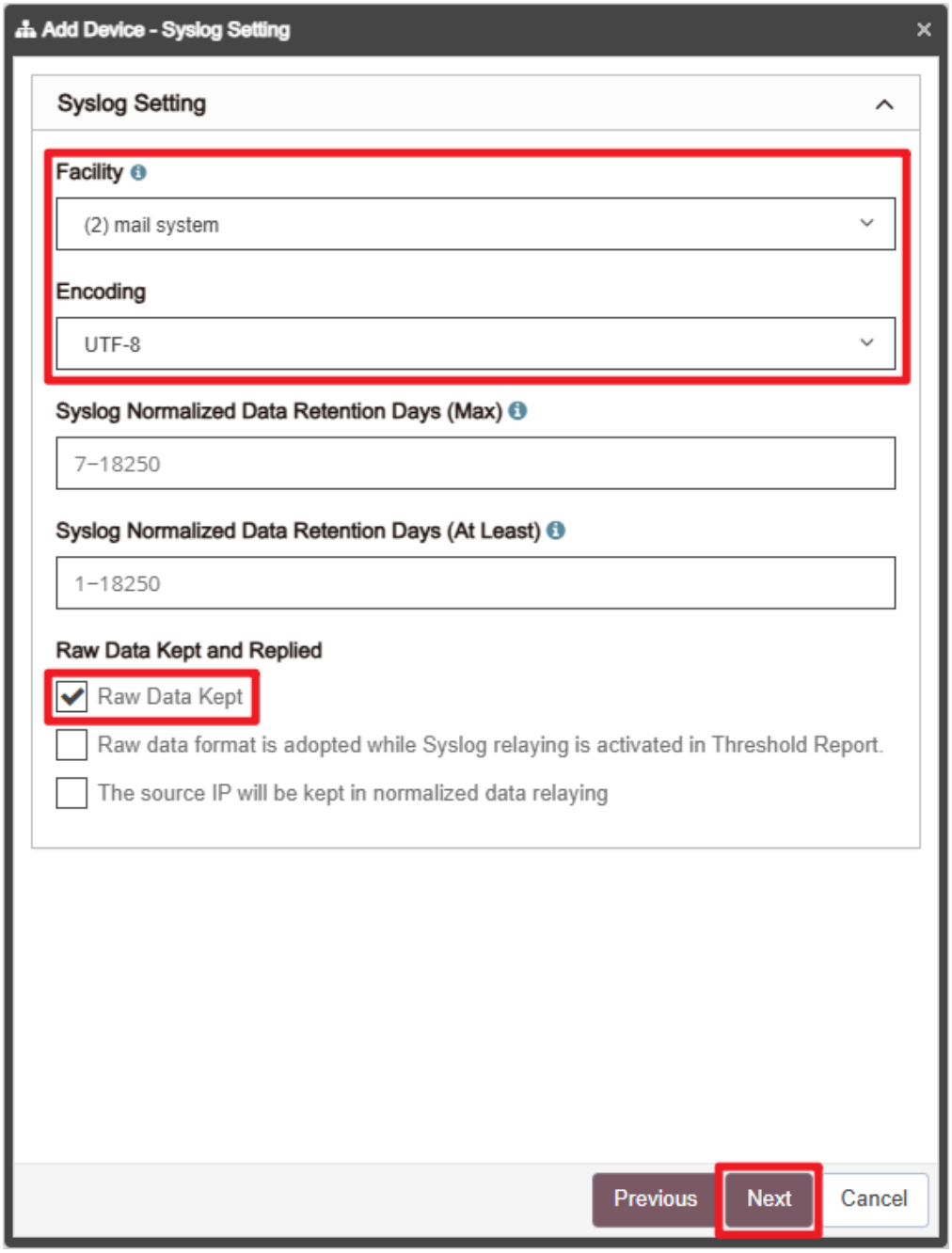
Enter the device name and IP → Select “Exchange 2010” for the Syslog data format → click “Next.”



(2) Syslog Settings

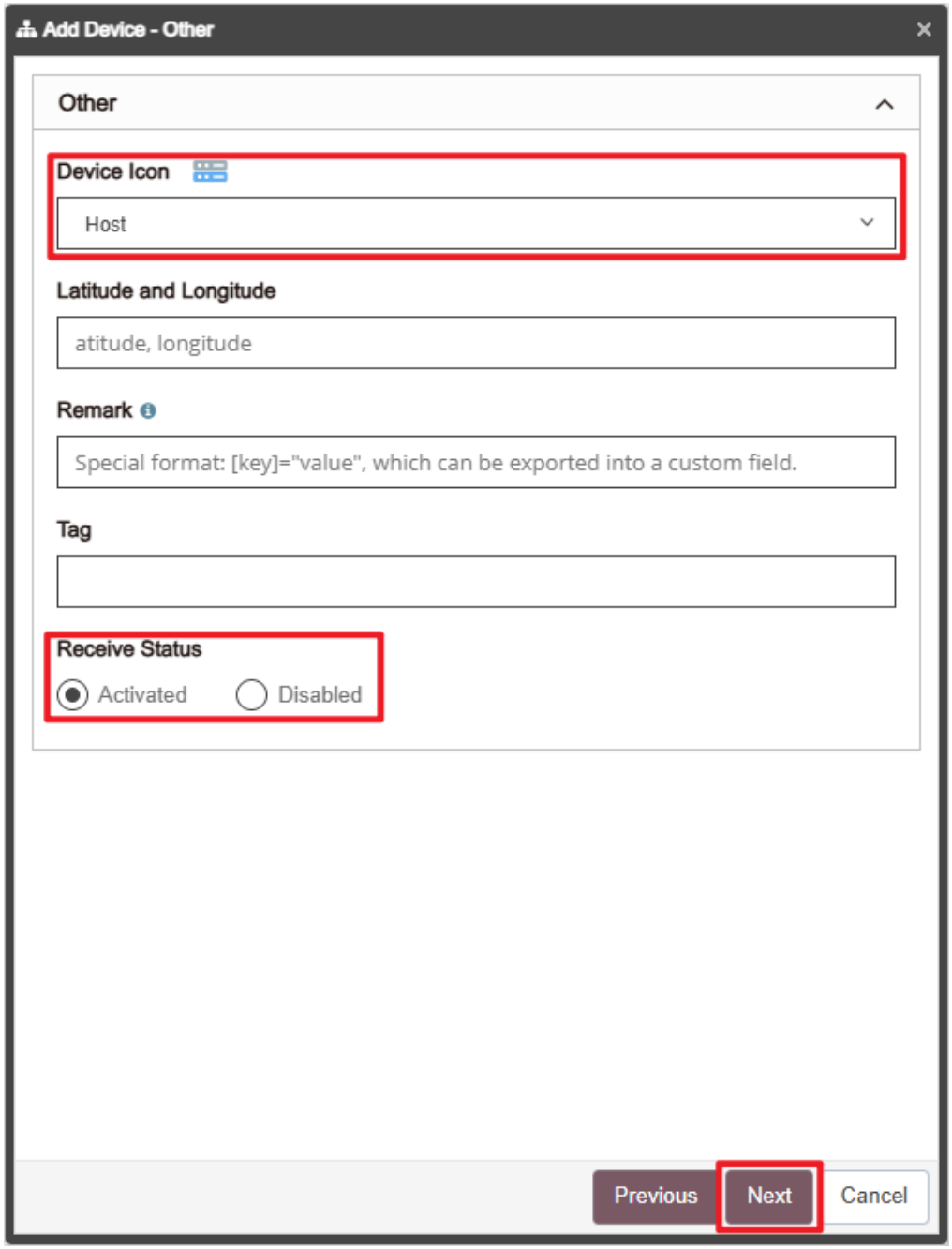
Set “Facility” to “(2) mail system” and “Encoding” to “UTF-8” → click “Next.”

If “Raw Data Kept” is checked, the “Event Query” page will display raw data information.

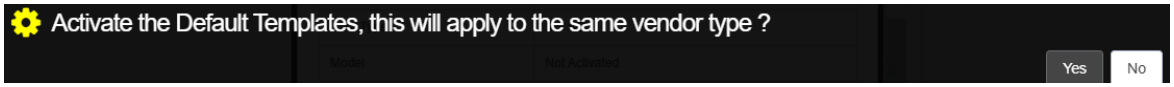


(3) Others

Set “Device Icon” to “Host” → Set “Receiving Status” to “Activated” → click “Next” → Confirm.



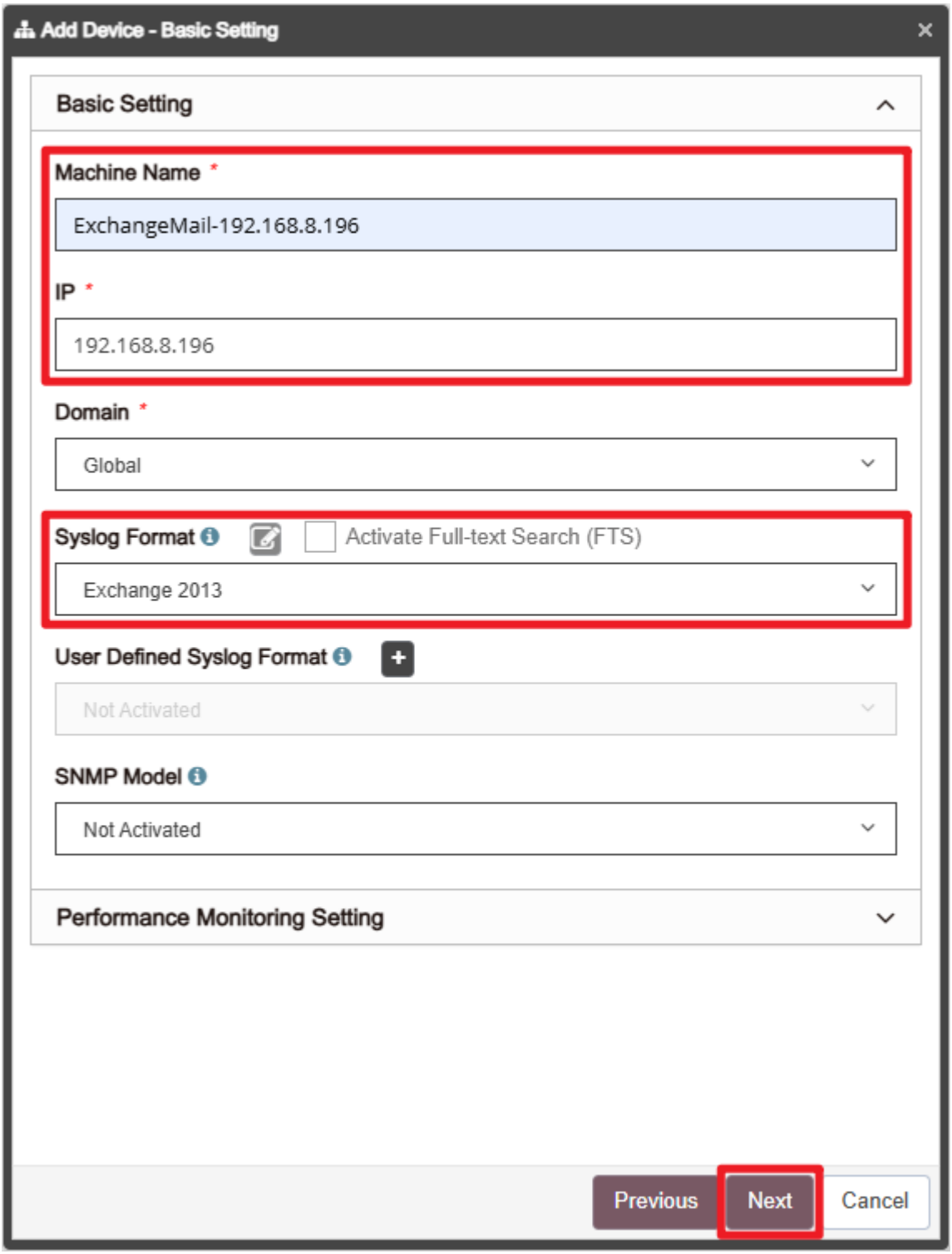
Enable default reports to be applied to devices of the same make and model → click “No.”



7.1.3 For Exchange 2013 or Later

(1) Device Basic Settings

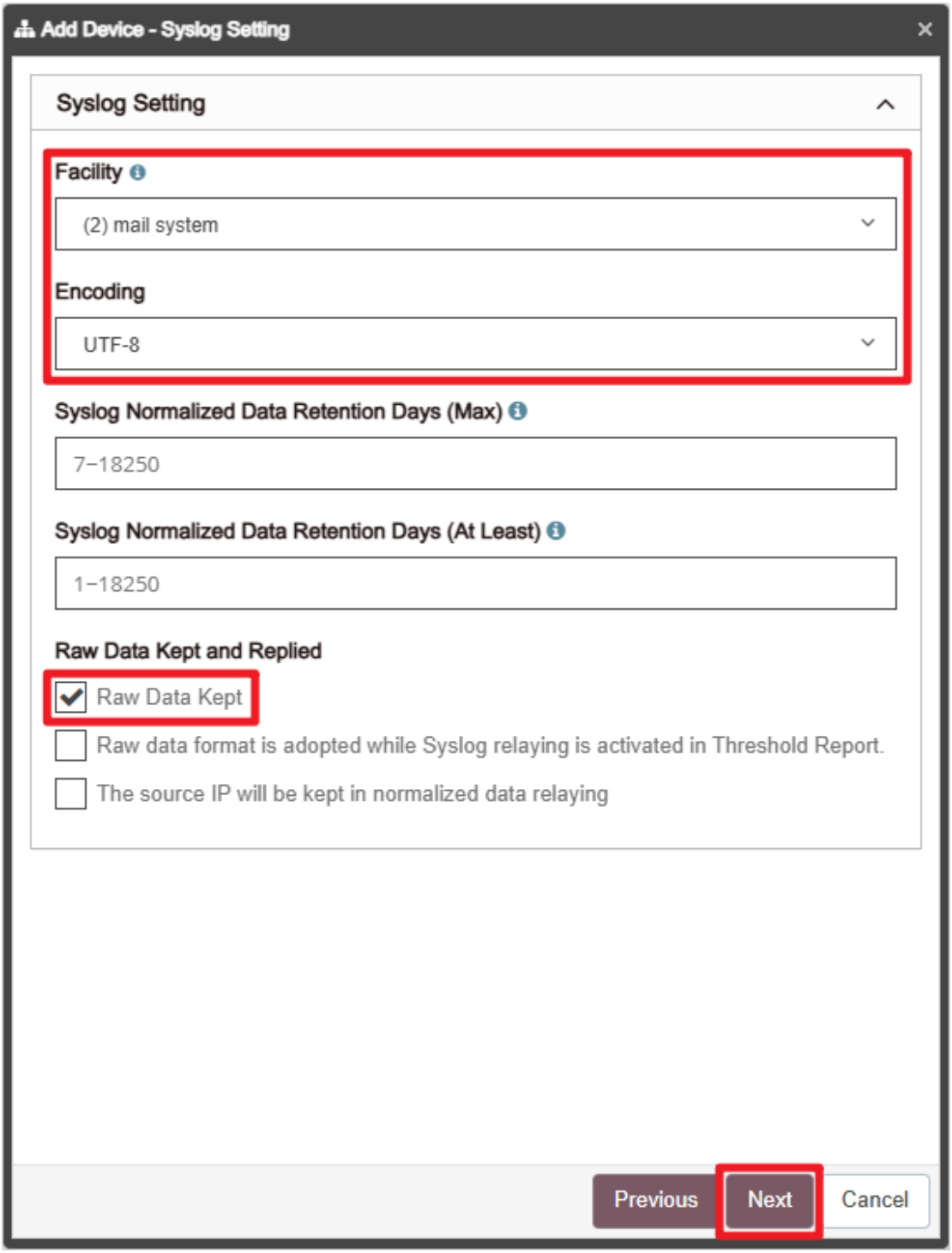
Enter the device name and IP → Select “Exchange 2013” for the Syslog data format → click “Next.”



(2) Syslog Settings

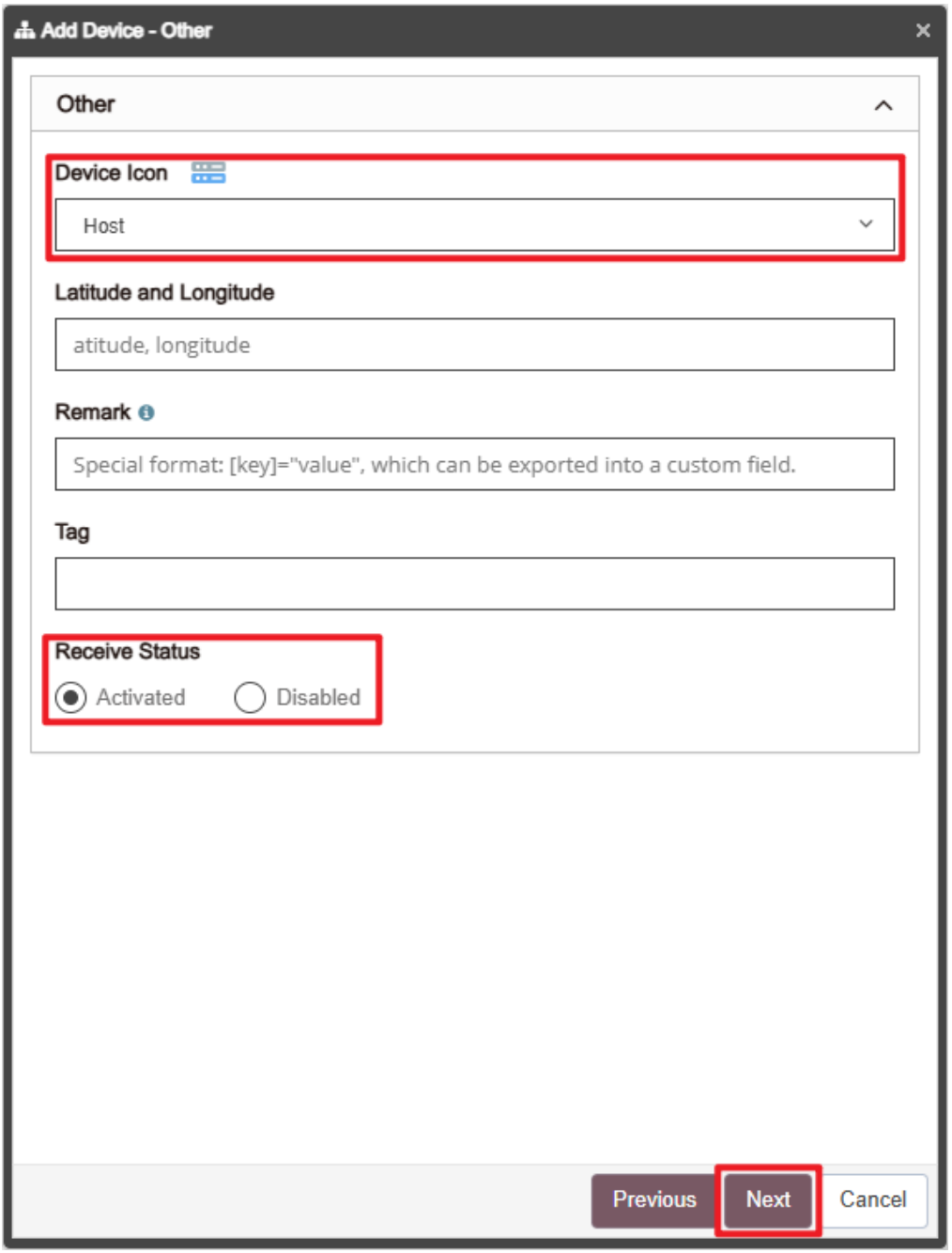
Set “Facility” to “(2) mail system” and “Encoding” to “UTF-8” → click “Next.”

If “Raw Data Kept” is checked, the “Event Query” page will display raw data information.

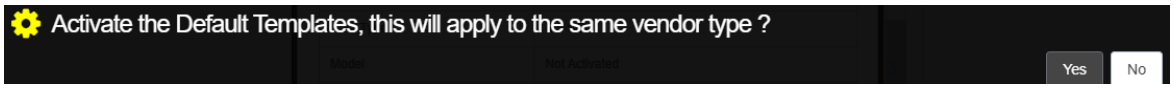


(3) Others

Set “Device Icon” to “Host” → Set “Receiving Status” to “Activated” → click “Next.”



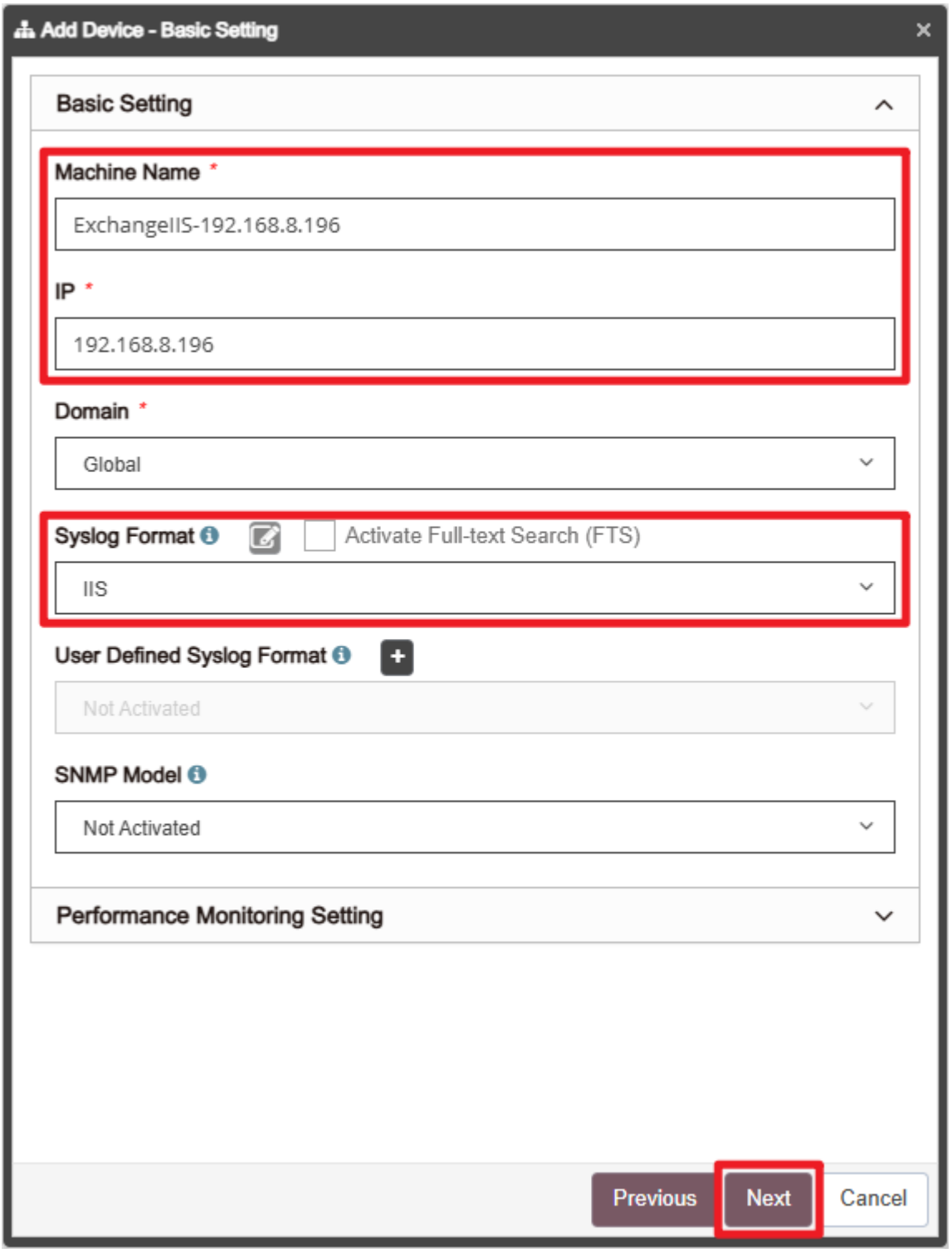
Enable default reports to be applied to devices of the same make and model → click “No.”



7.2 IIS Log

(1) Device Basic Settings

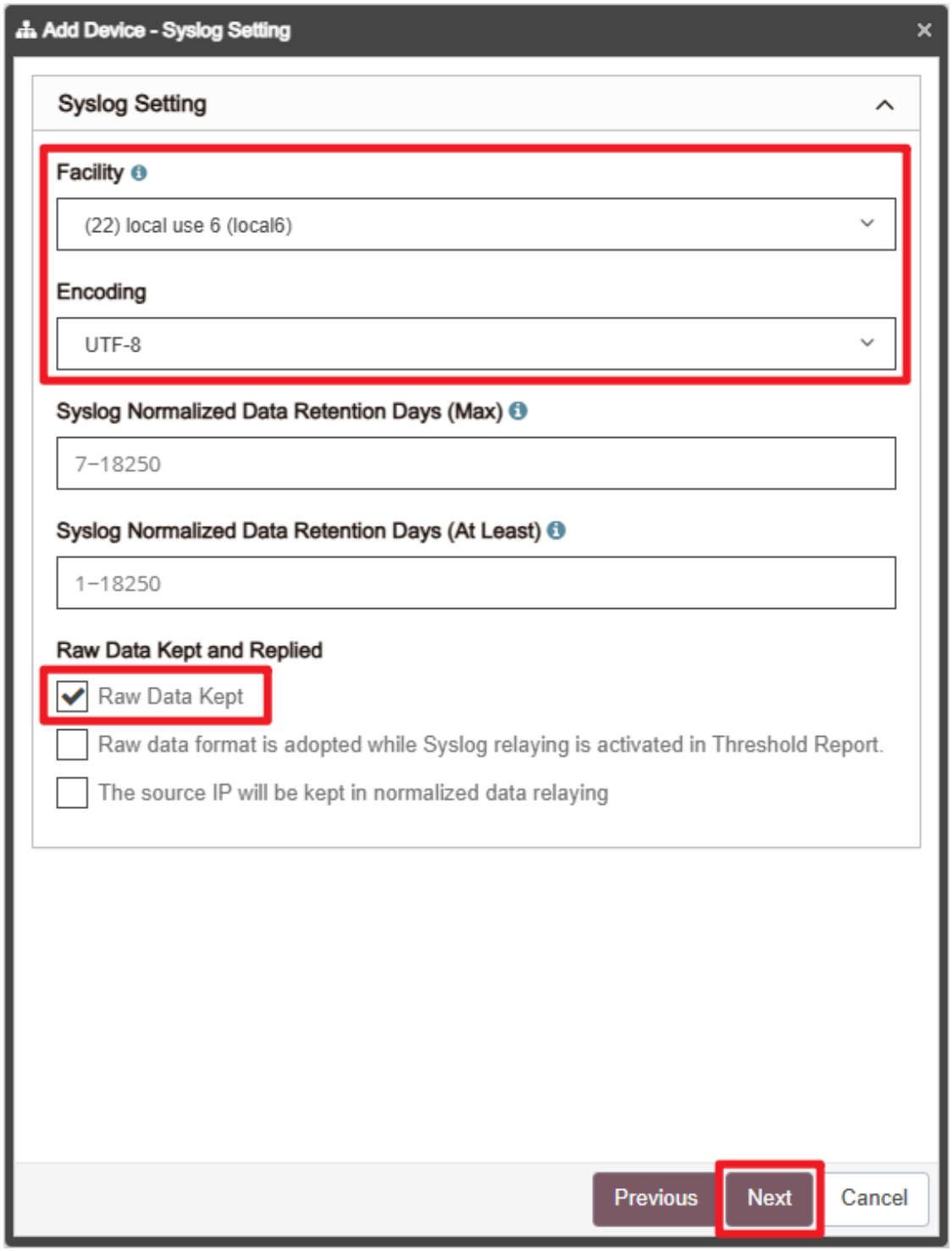
Enter the device name and IP → Select “IIS” for the Syslog data format → click “Next.”



(2) Syslog Settings

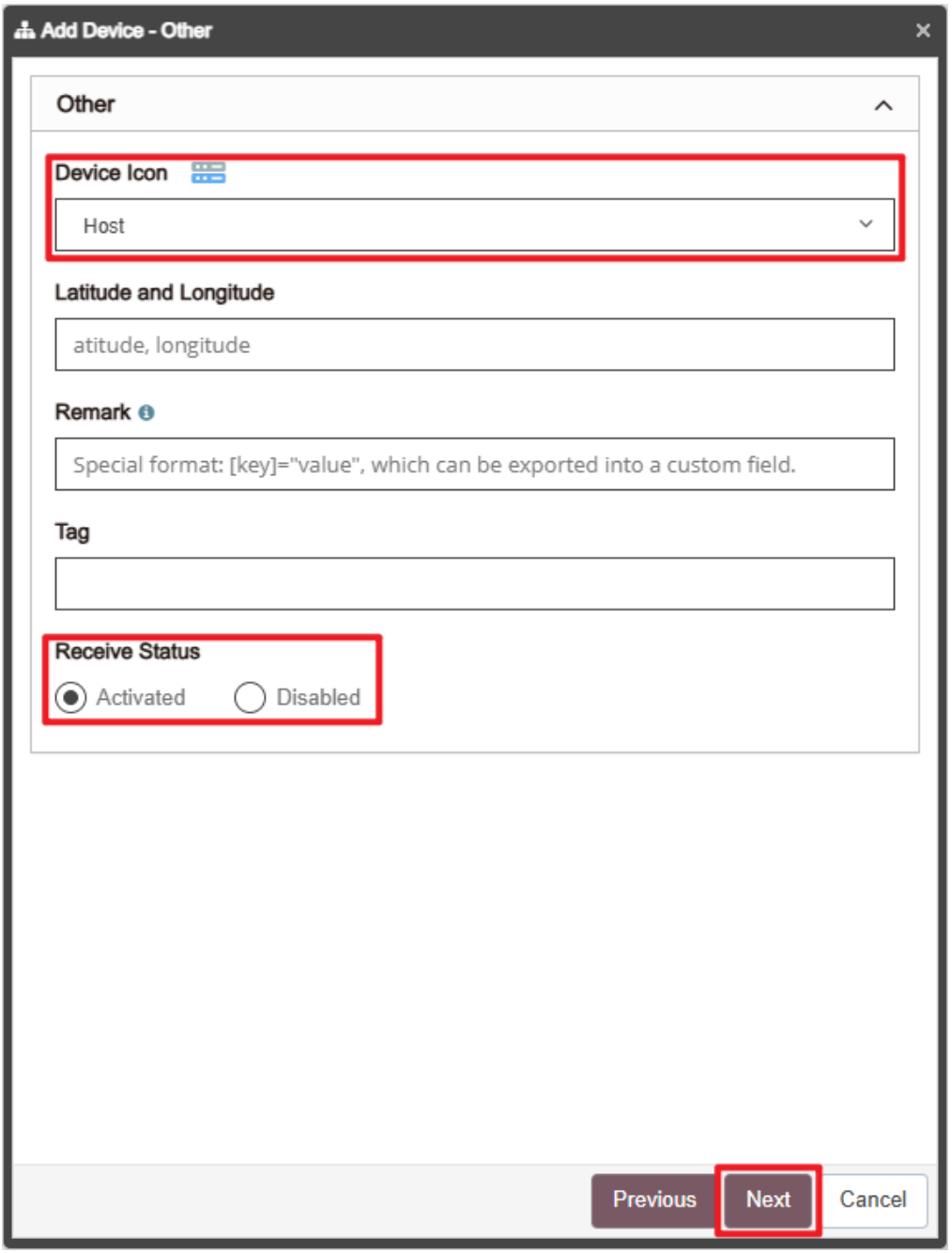
Set “Facility” to “(22) local use 6 (local6)” and “Encoding” to “UTF-8” → click “Next.”

If “Raw Data Kept” is checked, the “Event Query” page will display raw data information.

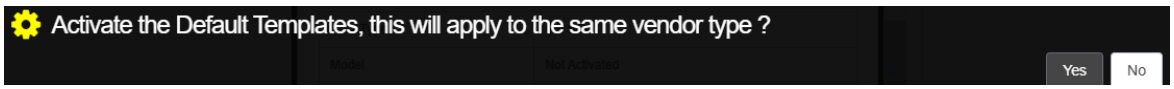


(3) Others

Set “Device Icon” to “Host” → Set “Receiving Status” to “Activated” → click “Next.”



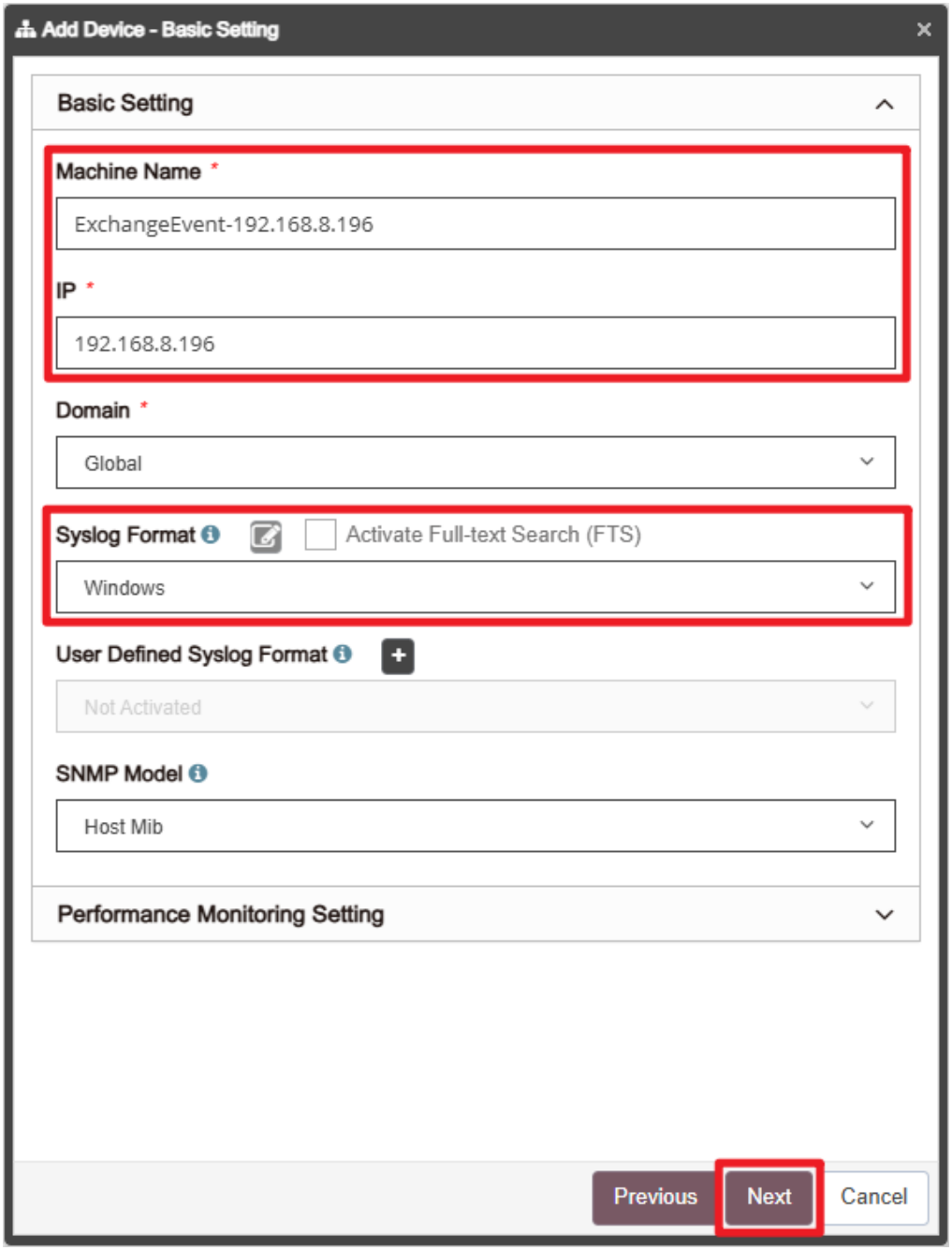
Enable default reports to be applied to devices of the same make and model → click “No.”



7.3 Event Log

(1) Device Basic Settings

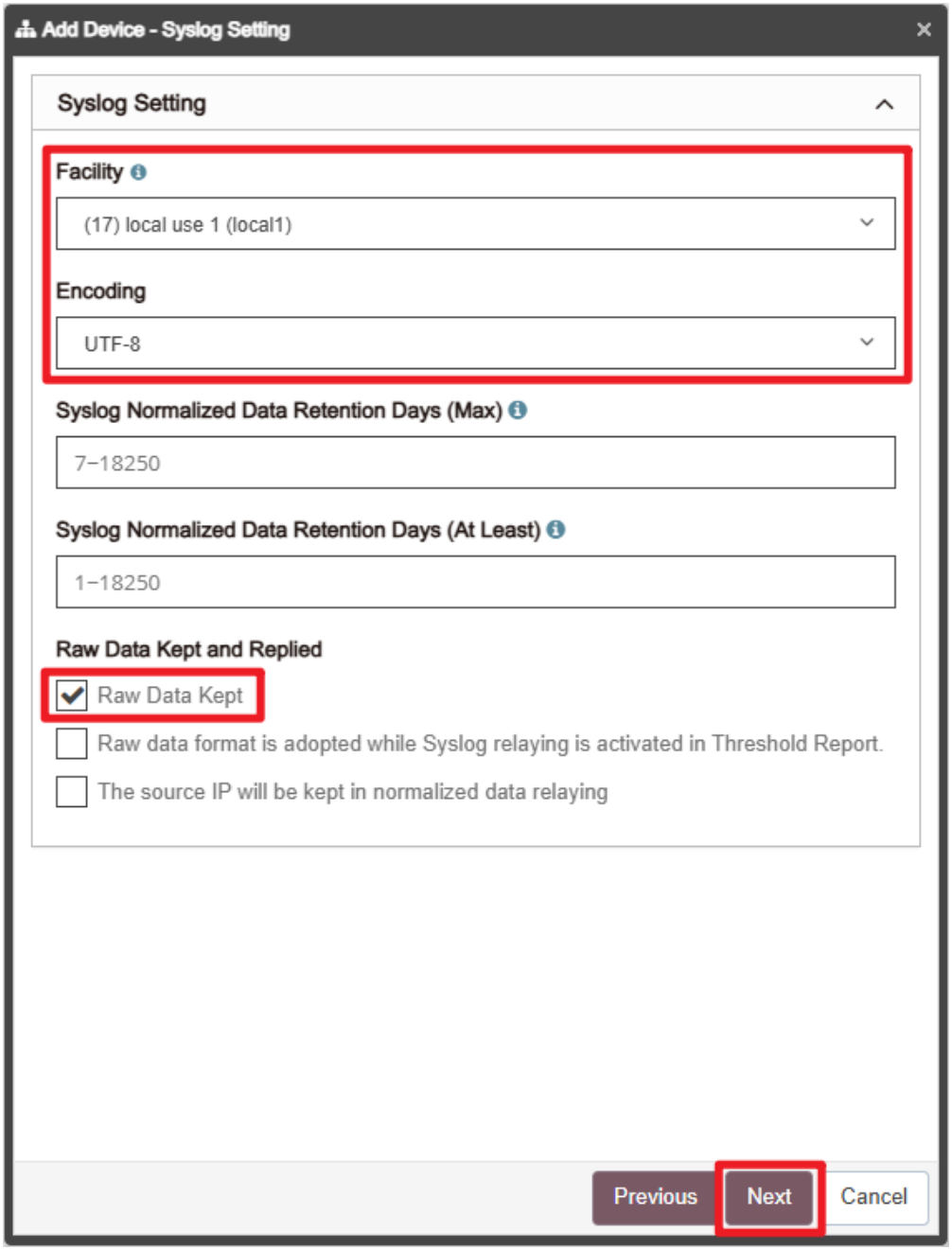
Enter the device name and IP → Select “Windows” for the Syslog data format → click “Next.”



(2) Syslog Settings

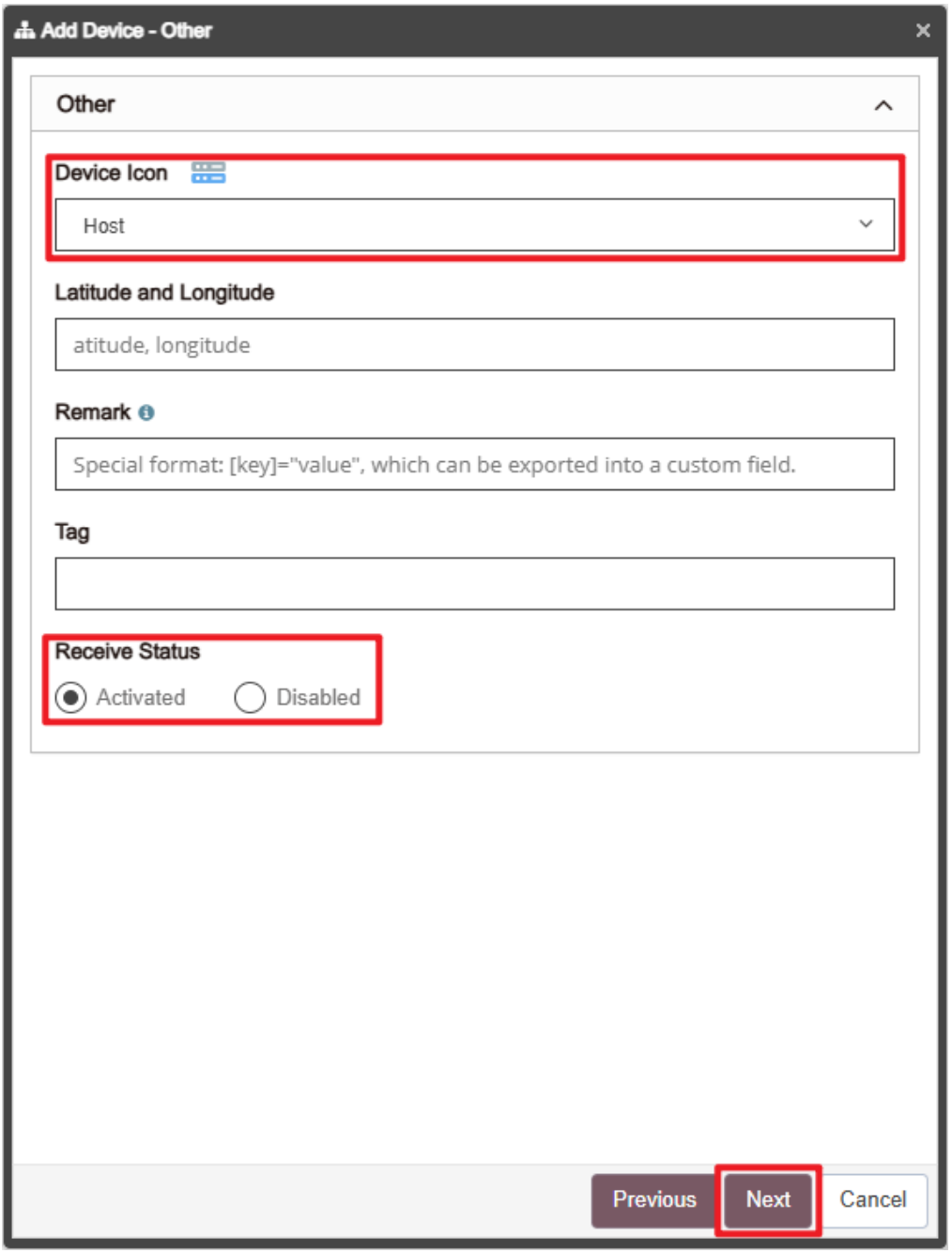
Set “Facility” to “(17) local use 1 (local1)” and “Encoding” to “UTF-8” → click “Next.”

If “Raw Data Kept” is checked, the “Event Query” page will display raw data information.

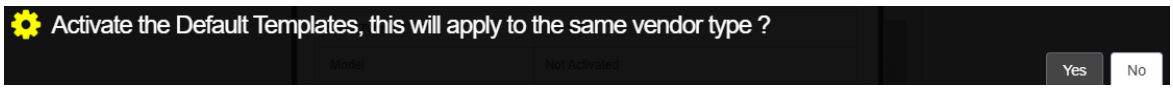


(3) Others

Set “Device Icon” to “Host” → Set “Receiving Status” to “Activated” → click “Next.”



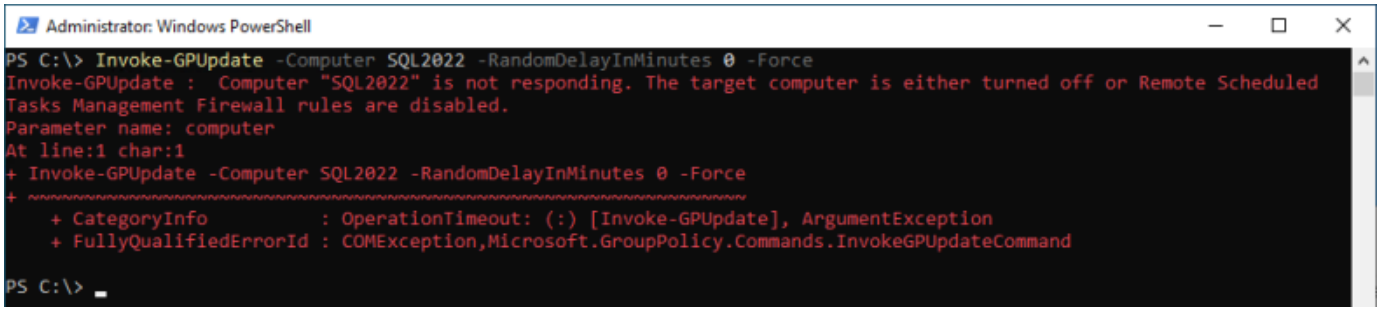
Enable default reports to be applied to devices of the same make and model → click “No.”



8. Troubleshooting

8.1 Invoke-GPUpdate Error

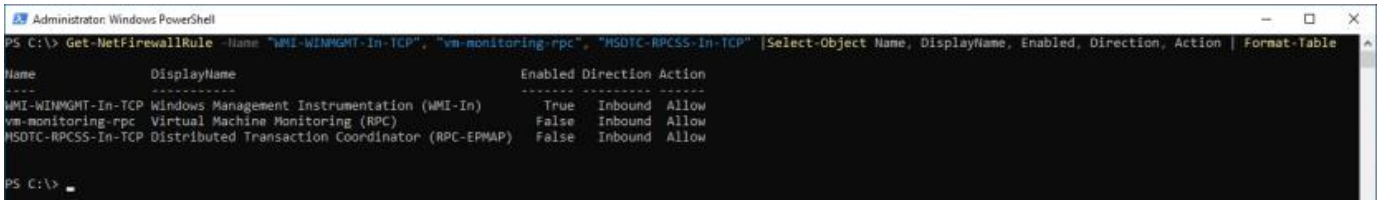
(1) On the server, run Invoke-GPUpdate to update the Windows Server Group Policy. An error message may appear.



(2) On the Windows Server, open “Windows PowerShell.”

(3) Enter the following command to check the Windows Firewall rules for **WMI-WINMGMT-In-TCP, vm-monitoring-rpc, MSDTC-RPCSS-In-TCP:**

```
PS C:\> Get-NetFirewallRule -Name "WMI-WINMGMT-In-TCP", "vm-monitoring-rpc", "MSDTC-RPCSS-In-TCP" | Select-Object Name, DisplayName, Enabled, Direction, Action | Format-Table
```

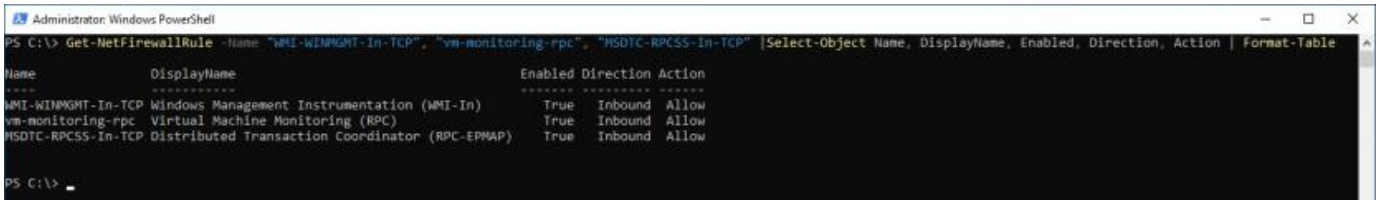


(4) Enter the following command to enable the Windows Firewall rules **WMI-WINMGMT-In-TCP**, **vm-monitoring-rpc**, and **MSDTC-RPCSS-In-TCP**:

```
PS C:\> Set-NetFirewallRule -Name "WMI-WINMGMT-In-TCP", "vm-monitoring-rpc", "MSDTC-RPCSS-In-TCP" -Enabled True
```

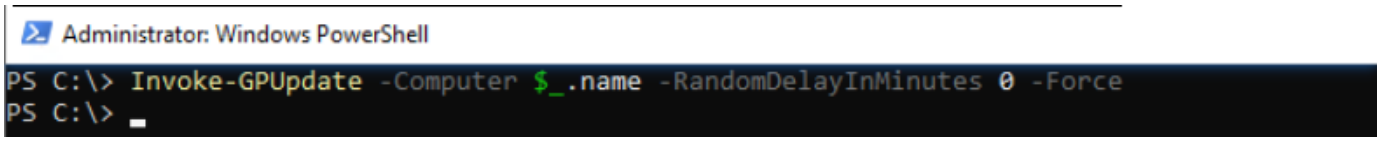
(5) Enter the following command to verify the Windows Firewall rules **WMI-WINMGMT-In-TCP, vm-monitoring-rpc, MSDTC-RPCSS-In-TCP** again:

```
PS C:\> Get-NetFirewallRule -Name "WMI-WINMGMT-In-TCP", "vm-monitoring-rpc", "MSDTC-RPCSS-In-TCP" | Select-Object Name, DisplayName, Enabled, Direction, Action | Format-Table
```



(6) On the server, enter the following command to update the AD Server Group Policy:

```
PS C:\> Invoke-GPUpdate -Computer Win2019 -RandomDelayInMinutes 0 -Force
```



Note: Replace the text shown in red with the AD Server name.

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